Curriculum Book

and Assessment and Evaluation Scheme

based on

Outcome Based Education (OBE)

and

Choice-Based Credit System (CBCS)

in Master of Pharmacy

Pharmaceutical Chemistry (MPC)

2 Year Master Program

Revised as on 01 August 2023 Applicable w.e.f. Academic Session 2023-24





Satna 485001, Madhya Pradesh, India

Faculty of Pharmaceutical Science & Technology Rajiv Gandhi Institute of Pharmacy

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Buch spade

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FORWARDING

I am delighted to observe the updated curriculum of the Rajiv Gandhi institute of Pharmacy, for Master Program, which seamlessly integrates the most recent trends and corporate affairs in the field of Pharmaceutical industry and adheres to the guidelines set forth by PCI and UGC. The revised curriculum also thoughtfully incorporates the directives of NEP-2020.

The alignment of course outcomes (COs), Programme Outcome (POs) and Programme specific outcomes (PSOs) has been intricately executed, aligning perfectly with the requisites of NEP-2020 and NAAC standards. I hold the belief that this revised syllabus will significantly enhance the skills and employability of our students.

With immense satisfaction, I hereby present the revised curriculum for the M. Pharmacy program for implementation in the upcoming session.

Date: 01 Aug 2023

Er. Anant Kumar Soni Pro Chancellor & Chairman

AKS University, Satna



FROM THE DESK OF THE VICE-CHANCELLOR



AKS University is currently undergoing a process store vamp its curriculum into an outcome-based approach, with the aim of enhancing the teaching and learning process. The foundation of quality of quality education lies in the implementation of a curriculum that aligns with both societal and industrial needs, focusing on relevant outcomes. This entails dedicated and inspired

Faculty members, as well as impactful industry internships

Hence, it is of utmost importance to begin this endeavor by crafting an outcome-based curriculum in collaboration with academia and industry experts. This curriculum design should be informed by the latest technological advancements, market demands, the guidelines outlined in the National Education Policy (NEP) of 2020, and sustainable goals.

I'm delighted to learn that the revised curriculum has been meticulously crafted by the Rajiv Gandhi Institute of Pharmacy, in consultation with an array of experts from the industry, research institutes, and academia. This curriculum effectively integrates the principles outlined in the NEP-2020 guidelines, as well as sustainable goals. It also adeptly incorporates the latest advancements in the field of business management.

Furthermore, the curriculum takes into account the specific needs of the Indian Industries, focusing on the creation of effective and efficient managers as well as entrepreneurs. This curriculum will not only imparts knowledge but also encourages student's independent thinking for potential enhancements in the area of Pharmaceutical science.

The curriculum goes beyond theoretical learning and embraces practical applications. To enhance students' skills, the curriculum integrates industrial visits, and On-Job Training experiences, research projects. This well- rounded approach ensures that students receive a comprehensive education, fostering their skill development and preparing them for success in the field of Pharmaceutical Science.

I am confident that the updated curriculum for Rajiv Gandhi Institute of Pharmacy will not only enhance students' managerial skills but also contribute significantly to their employability. During the process of revising the curriculum, I am pleased to observe that the Rajiv Gandhi Institute of Pharmacy has diligently adhered to the guidelines provided by the PCI& UGC. Additionally, they have maintained a total credit requirement of 100 for the M. Pharmacy program.



It's worth noting that curriculum revision is an ongoing and dynamic process, designed to address the continuous evolution of managerial and technological advancements and both local and global concerns. This ensures that the curriculum remains responsive and attuned to the changing landscape of education and industry.

AKS University warmly invites input and suggestions from industry experts and technocrats and Alumni students to enhance the curriculum and make it more student-centric. Your valuable insights will greatly contribute to shaping an education that best serves the needs and aspirations of our students.

PROFESSOR B.A. CHOPADE

01 Aug 2023

Vice-Chancellor



PREFACE

As part of our commitment to ongoing enhancement, the Department of Rajiv Gandhi Institute of Pharmacy consistently reviews and updates its M. Pharmacy program curriculum every three years. Through this process, we ensure that the curriculum remains aligned with the latest managerial developments, as well as local and global industrial and social demands.

During this procedure, the existing curriculum for the M. Pharmacy Program undergoes evaluation by a panel of industry specialists, and academicians. Following meticulous scrutiny, the revised curriculum has been formulated and is set to be implemented starting from August 01, 2023. This implementation is contingent upon the endorsement of the curriculum by the University's Board of Studies and Governing Body.

This curriculum closely adheres to the PCI model syllabus distributed in 2016. It seamlessly integrates the guidelines set forth by the Ministry of Higher Education, Government of India, through NEP- 2020, as well as the principles of Sustainable Development Goals. In order to foster the holistic skill development of students, a range of practical activities, including Industrial Visits, Project planning and execution, Report Writing, Seminars, and Industrial On-Job Training, have been incorporated. Furthermore, in alignment with AICTE's directives, the total credit allocation for the M Pharmacy program is capped at 100 credits.

The Master of Pharmacy program typically follows a credit-based system where each subject is assigned a certain number of credits. These credits reflect the workload and importance of the subject in the curriculum. The credit system is designed to ensure that students receive a balanced education that covers all the necessary areas of pharmaceutical science and practice.

Theory Courses these include lectures and tutorials on subjects like Pharmaceutics, Pharmaceutical Chemistry etc. Each theory course may carry 4 credits. Practical Courses: Laboratory sessions where students apply their theoretical knowledge. Practical courses usually carry fewer credits than theory courses, often around 6 credits. Core Subjects: Subjects that are fundamental to the field may have higher credit values. The importance of these subjects in the pharmaceutical industry cannot be overstated. They provide the foundational knowledge and skills necessary for various roles within the industry, such as:



Research and Development: Understanding the principles of drug action, formulation, and analysis is crucial for developing new medications. Quality Control and Assurance: Knowledge of analytical techniques and standards is essential for ensuring the safety and efficacy of pharmaceutical products.

Regulatory Affairs: Familiarity with pharmaceutical laws and regulations is important for compliance in the industry. Sales and Marketing: A strong grasp of pharmacology and therapeutics helps in effectively promoting pharmaceutical products. The total number of credits required to earn a M. Pharm may vary by institution but is typically around 100 credits.

In terms of career prospects, M. Pharm Post graduates can find opportunities in: Pharmaceutical Companies: In roles such as product development, production, quality control, and marketing. Regulatory Bodies: As drug inspectors or regulatory affairs specialists. Research Institutes: Engaging in cutting-edge research to develop new drugs and therapies. Healthcare Settings: As pharmacists in hospitals, clinics, and community pharmacies.

The subjects studied in the M. Pharm program are directly linked to the practical needs of the pharmaceutical industry, ensuring that graduates are well-prepared for Pharmaceutical industry extractions.

For each course, a thorough mapping of Course Outcomes, Program Outcomes, and Program Specific Outcomes has been undertaken. As the course syllabus is being meticulously developed, various elements such as session outcomes, laboratory instruction, classroom instruction, self-learning activities, assignments, and mini projects are meticulously outlined.

We hold the belief that this dynamic curriculum will undoubtedly enhance independent thinking, skills, and overall employ ability of the students.

PROFESSOR (Dr.) GP Richhariya Dean (I/c) Rajiv Gandhi Institute of Pharmacy Faculty of Pharmaceutical Science & Technology AKS University, Satna 01-August-2023

INTRODUCTION

Rajiv Gandhi Institute of Pharmacy was established in 2006, with the aim of providing quality education in pharmaceutical sciences. The college started with, Bachelor in Pharmacy 2006. The institution became a constituent unit of AKS University Satna, in 2012 and later on other some another courses were add like D. Pharm (2015), M. Pharm (2020), the Ph. D Programme (2021). All courses at the institute are recognized by the Pharmacy Council of India (PCI). The institute has a strong alumni association with over 1100 active members, who are placed globally at various positions in Pharma Marketing, Industrial, Regulatory and Entrepreneurial services.

VISION

To be established as globally recognized academic &research excellence to sustain theneeds of pharmacy profession and the society.

MISSION

M1: To promote & trained as per global requirement of social and pharmaceutical needs in pharmaceutical education and research through prescribed training programmes like B. Pharm., M. Pharm. and PhD with professional pharmaceutical education and effective competency.

M2: Achieve academic excellence in Pharmaceutical science through the innovative teaching learning process.

M3: To establish recognized research center for needs of pharmacy profession and the society.

M4: To Promote Skills through experimental knowledge as per global requirement of social and pharmaceutical industry.

Program Educational Objectives (PEOs)

PEO 1. Knowledge & Learning: To impart sound pharmaceutical knowledge, scientific principles to make them ever-ready for producing quality, safety and effective pharmaceutical formulations.

PEO 2. Expertise: To develop creative thinking, innovative strategies to overcome therapeutic challenges with customized medicines time to time for society.

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PEO 3. Leadership: To produce skilled pharmaceutical professionals, leaders, policy makers and entrepreneurs for building healthy nation.

PEO 4. Employment & Entrepreneur: Enable graduate to succeed in technical or professional careers in various pharmaceutical industry/institute or health care system.

PEO 5. Professional Practice: Enable graduate to practice profession and adapt in a globe of constantly developing trends.

Program outcomes (POs)

- 1. Scientific knowledge: To apply the scientific and technological principles to design, develop effective pharmaceutical dosage forms and drug delivery systems for better therapeutic results.
- **2. Technological applications:** To utilize technical knowledge and identify any factors affecting the quality of pharmaceutical production.
- **3. Modern tool usage:** Learn, select, apply appropriate methods, procedures, resources, and modern pharmacy-related computing tools with an understanding of the limitations.
- **4. Entrepreneurship:** To understand the basics of establishing and management of pharmaceutical enterprise.
- **5. Practical skills:** To gain practical expertise in formulating and evaluating various novel drug release systems for minor ailments to major diseases.
- **6. Applied science:** To employ contemporary scientific knowledge viz., pharmacology, biotechnology for designing disease-centric pharmaceuticals.
- **7. Computational and statistical methodologies:** Applying and utilizing the statistical tools with the aid of computer software to optimize the formulations.
- 8. Pharmaceutical ethics: To respect personal values and apply ethical principles in professional and social contexts. Demonstrate behavior that recognizes cultural, personal variability in values, communication and lifestyles. Use ethical frameworks; apply ethical principles while making decisions and take responsibility for the outcomes associated with the decisions.
- **9.** Environment and sustainability: To understand, protect and cooperate environmental concerns for sustaining biodiversity.
- **10. Life-long learning:** To develop the habit of updating knowledge from time to time to meet industrial demands and social needs for having a fruitful career.

Program Specific outcomes (PSOs)

The Post Graduate shall be able to:

PSO 1. Analytical thinking and problem solving ability: Perform quality evaluation of pharmaceuticals, problems eg those in isolation, separation, synthesis, purification, identification and screening of chemical entities and provide principle-based solutions.

PSO 2. Create and Innovate: Design and synthesize new chemical entities and develop evaluation models using economic and eco-friendly strategies.

PSO 3. Quality management and translational research: Apply principles of quality through use of state of art tools and techniques for designing solutions to healthcare, societal and industrial problems.

Consistence/Mapping of PEOs with Mission of Department

PEO	M1	M2	M3	M4
PEO1	2	3	3	2
PEO2	3	3	2	2
PEO3	3	2	3	3
PEO4	2	2	3	2
PEO5	3	2	2	3

Correlation Indices: 1–Low, 2–Medium, 3–High

GENERAL COURSE STRUCTURE & THEME

1. Definition of Credit:

1 Hr. Lecture (L) per week	1Credit
1 Hr. Tutorial (T) per week	1Credit
2 Hours Practical (P) per week	1Credit

2. Range of Credits:

In the light of the fact that a typical Model Two-year Postgraduate master program in Pharmacy has about 100 credits, the total number of credits proposed for the two year Master of Pharmacy is kept as 100 considering NEP-20 and NAAC guideline.

3. Structure of PG Program in Pharmacy:

The structure of PG Program in Pharmacy shall have essentially the following categories of courses with the breakup of credits as given:

COMPONENTS OF CURRICULUM

(Program curriculum grouping based on course components)

Sr.No	CourseComponent	% of total number of Credits of the Program	Total number of Credits
1	Pharmacy Core Course (PCC)	52	52
2	Research Methodology and Biostatistics (RM)	4	4
3	Journal club (JC)	2	2
4	Discussion/Presentation(Proposal Presentation) (PP)	2	2
5	Research Work (RW)	30	30
6	Discussion/Final Presentation (FP)	3	3
	Co-curricular Activities (CCA) (Attending Conference, Scientific Presentations and Other Scholarly Activities)	7	7
	TOTAL	100%	100

GENERAL COURSE STRUCTURE AND CREDIT DISTRIBUTION Curriculum of Master of Pharmacy

SEMESTER-I		SEMESTER-II	
Course Title	Credit	Course Title	Credit
Modern Pharmaceutical Analytical Techniques	4:0:0=4	Advanced Spectral Analysis	4:0:0=4
Advanced Organic Chemistry -I	4:0:0=4	Advanced Organic Chemistry -II	4:0:0=4
Advanced Medicinal chemistry	4:0:0=4	Computer Aided Drug Design	4:0:0=4
Chemistry of Natural Products	4:0:0=4	Pharmaceutical Process Chemistry	4:0:0=4
Pharmaceutical Chemistry Practical I	6:0:0=6	Pharmaceutical Chemistry Practical II	6:0:0=6
Seminar/Assignment	4:0:0=4	Seminar/Assignment	4:0:0=4
TOTAL CREDIT	26	TOTAL CREDIT	26
SEMESTER-III		SEMESTER-IV	
Course Title	Credit	Course Title	Credit
Research Methodology and Biostatistics*	4:0:0=4	Journal Club	1:0:0=1
Journal club	1:0:0=1	Research Work	16:0:0=16
Discussion / Presentation (Proposal Presentation)	2:0:0=2	Discussion/Final Presentation	3:0:0=3
Research Work	14:0:0=14		
TOTAL CREDIT	21	TOTAL CREDIT	20
Co-curricular Activities (Attending Conference, Scientific Presentations and Other Scholarly Activities)			7
			otalCredit:10

GENERAL COURSE STRUCTURE AND CREDIT DISTRIBUTION

Program/Course credit structure As per the philosophy of Credit Based Semester System, certain quantum of academic work viz. theory classes, tutorial hours, practical classes, etc. are measured in terms of credits. On satisfactory completion of the courses, a candidate earns credits. The amount of credit associated with a course is dependent upon the number of hours of instruction per week in that course. Similarly, the credit associated with any of the other academic, co/extra-curricular activities is dependent upon the quantum of work expected to be put in for each of these activities per week.

A Credit assignment

Theory and Laboratory courses are broadly classified as Theory and Practical. Theory courses consist of lecture (L) and /or tutorial (T) hours, and Practical (P) courses consist of hours spent in the laboratory. Credits (C) for a course is dependent on the number of hours of instruction per week in that course, and is obtained by using a multiplier of one (1) for lecture and tutorial hours, and for practical (laboratory) hours. Thus, for example, a theory course having three lectures and one tutorial per week throughout the semester carries a credit of 4. Similarly, a practical having 12 laboratory hours per week throughout semester carries a credit of 6.

Maximum credit requirements the maximum credit points required for award of a M. Pharm. is 100. These credits are divided into theory courses, Tutorials, Practical, and Project over the duration of forth semesters. The credits are distributed semester-wise as shown in Table. Courses generally progress in sequences, building competencies and their positioning indicates certain academic maturity on the part of the learners. Learners are expected to follow the semester-wise schedule of courses given in the syllabus.

Semester wise credits distribution Table-

Semester	Credit Points		
Ι	26		
II	26		
III	21		
IV	20		
Co-curricular Activities	Minimum=02		
(Attending Conference, Scientific Presentations and	Maximum=07*		
Other Scholarly Activities)			
Total Credit Points	Minimum=95		
	Maximum=100*		
*Credit Points for Co-curricular Activities			

Course code and definition:

r		
L	Lecture	
Т	Tutorial	
Р	Practical	
С	Credit	
PCC	Pharmacy Core Course	
RM	Research Methodology and Biostatistics	
JC	Journal club	
PP	Discussion/Presentation (Proposal Presentation)	
RW	Research Work	
FP	Discussion/Final Presentation	
ССА	Co-curricular Activities (Attending Conference, Scientific Presentations and Other Scholarly Activities)	

COURSE LEVEL CODING SCHEME

Three-digit number (odd numbers are for the odd semester courses and even numbers are for even semester courses) used as suffix with the Course Code for identifying the level of the course.

MPC 101T, MPC 102T --- for first semester

MPC 201T, MPC 202T --- for second semester

MRM 301T---for third semester

CATEGORY-WISE COURSES

Pharmacy Core Course (PCC)

1. Number of Pharmacy Core Course (PCC): 12, Credits: 52

Sr. No	Code No	Subject	Semester	Credits	
1	PCC	Modern Pharmaceutical Analytical Techniques	Ι	4	
2	PCC	Advanced Organic Chemistry -I	Ι	4	
3	PCC	Advanced Medicinal chemistry	Ι	4	
4	PCC	Chemistry of Natural Products	Ι	4	
5	PCC	Pharmaceutical Chemistry Practical I	Ι	6	
6	PCC	Seminar/Assignment	Ι	4	
7	PCC	Advanced Spectral Analysis	П	4	
8	PCC	Advanced Organic Chemistry -II	Π	4	
9	PCC	Computer Aided Drug Design	II	4	
10	PCC	Pharmaceutical Process Chemistry	II	4	
11	PCC	Pharmaceutical Chemistry Practical II	II	6	
12	PCC	Seminar/Assignment	II	4	
Total Credits					

2. Number of Research Methodology and Biostatistics (RM): 01, Credits: 4

Sr. No	Code No	Subject	Semester	Credits
1	RM	Research Methodology and Biostatistics	III	4
	Total Credits			

3. Number of Journal club (JC): 02,Credits: 2

Sr. No	Code No	Subject	Semester	Credits
1	JC	Journal club	III	1
2	JC	Journal club	IV	1
Total Credits			2	

4. Number of Discussion/Presentation (Proposal Presentation) (PP): 01,Credits: 2

Sr. No	Code No	Subject	Semester	Credits
1	PP	Discussion/Presentation (Proposal Presentation)	III	2
	Total Credits			

5. Number of Research Work (RW): 02, Credits: 30

Sr. No	Code No	Subject	Semester	Credits
1	RW	Research Work	Ш	14
2	RW	Research Work	IV	16
	Total Credits			

6. Number of Discussion/Final Presentation (FP): 02,Credits: 30

Sr. No	Code No	Subject	Semester	Credits
1	FP	Discussion/Final Presentation	IV	3
	3			

7. Number of Co-curricular Activities (CCA): 01,Credits: 7

Sr. No	Code No	Subject	Semester	Credits
1	CCA	Co-curricular Activities (Attending Conference, Scientific Presentations and Other Scholarly Activities)	-	7
		Total Credits		7

INDUCTION PROGRAM

Induction program for students to be offered right at the start of the first year. It is mandatory. AKS University has designed an induction program for 1styear student, details are below:

- 1. Physical activity
- 2. Creative Arts
- 3. Universal Human Values
- 4. Literary
- 5. Proficiency Modules
- 6. Lectures by Eminent speakers
- 7. Visits to local Areas
- 8. Familiarization to Dept./Branch & Innovations

MANDATORY VISITS/WORKSHOP/EXPERT LECTURES

- 1. It is mandatory to arrange one industrial visit every semester for the students.
- 2. It is mandatory to organize at least one expert lecture per semester for each branch by expert resource persons from industry.

EVALUATION SCHEME

1. For Theory Courses:

- The weightage of Internal assessment is 25% and;
- End Semester Exam is 75%. The student has to obtain at least 50% marks individually both in internal assessment and end semester Exams to pass.

2. For Practical Courses:

- The weightage of Internal assessment is 33.33% and;
- End Semester Exam is 66.66%. The student has to obtain at least 50% marks individually both in internal assessment and end semester exams to pass.
- 3. For Presentation/Journal Club/Seminar etc.: Evaluation is based on work done, quality of report, performance in viva-voce, presentation etc.

Semester	Lectu re	Practi cal	Semina r/Assig nment		Discussion/Presen tation (Proposal Presentation)	Research Work	Discussion/Final Presentation	Total Hours	No of Hours Per Sem.	Total Credit
Semester-I	16	12	7	-	-	-	-	35	35 x15=525	26
Semester-II	16	12	7	-	-	-	-	35	35 x15=525	26
Semester- III	4	-	-	1	2	28	-	35	35 x15=525	21
Semester- IV	-	-	-	1	-	31	3	35	35 x15=525	20
Co-curricular Activities (Attending Conference, Scientific Presentations and Other Scholarly Activities)									-	7
Total	36	24	14	2	2	59	3	140	2100	100

SEMESTR WISE COURSE STRUCTURE

Course Code	Course	Credit Hours	Credit Points	Hrs./w k	Marks
MPC101T	Modern Pharmaceutical Analytical Techniques	4	4	4	100
MPC102T	Advanced Organic Chemistry -I	4	4	4	100
MPC103T	Advanced Medicinal chemistry	4	4	4	100
MPC104T	Chemistry of Natural Products	4	4	4	100
MPC105P	Pharmaceutical Chemistry Practical I	12	6	12	150
	Seminar/Assignment	7	4	7	100
	Total	35	26	35	650

Table-I: Course of study for M. Pharm. (Pharmaceutical Chemistry) semester I

Table-II: Course of study for M. Pharm. (Pharmaceutical Chemistry) semester II

Course	Course	Credit	Credit	Hrs./w	Marks
Code		Hours	Points	k	
MPC201T	Advanced Spectral Analysis	4	4	4	100
MPC202T	Advanced Organic Chemistry -II	4	4	4	100
MPC203T	Computer Aided Drug Design	4	4	4	100
MPC204T	Pharmaceutical Process Chemistry	4	4	4	100
MPC205P	Pharmaceutical Chemistry Practical II	12	6	12	150
	Seminar/Assignment	7	4	7	100
	Total	35	26	35	650

Table-III: Course of study for M. Pharm. (Pharmaceutical Chemistry) semester III

Course	Course	Credit	Credit
Code		Hours	Points
MRM 301T	Research Methodology and Biostatistics*	4	4
MPC302	Journal club	1	1
MPC303	Discussion / Presentation (Proposal Presentation)	2	2
MPC304	Research Work	28	14
	Total	35	21

* Non University Exam

Table-IV: Course of study for M. Pharm. (Pharmaceutical Chemistry) semester IV

Course Code	Course	Credit Hours	Credit Points
MPC401	Journal Club	1	1
MPC402	Research Work	31	16
MPC403 Discussion/Final Presentation		3	3
	Total	35	20



AKS University

Faculty of Pharmaceutical Science & Technology Rajiv Gandhi Institute of Pharmacy Curriculum of M. Pharmacy (Pharmaceutical Chemistry-MPC) Program (Revised as on 01 August 2023) Semester-I

Course Code: Course Title:	MPC 101T Modern Pharmaceutical Analytical Techniques
Pre-requisite:	Student should have basic knowledge of Spectroscopy, Ultraviolet and Visible radiation, Infra red rays, Chromatography.
	 Up on completion of the course student shall be able to understand To understand the interaction of matter with electromagnetic radiations and its applications in drug analysis To understand the chromatographic separation and analysis ofdrugs. To Perform quantitative & qualitative analysis of drugs using various analytical instruments.

• To analysis of various drugs in single and combination dosage forms.

Course Out comes:

CO-MPC 101-1: To understand the basic principle, instrumentation & application of UV-Visible

spectroscopy, IR spectroscopy, Spectroflourimetry, Flame emission spectroscopy & Atomic absorption spectroscopy.

CO-MPC 101-2: To acquired the knowledge of principle, instrumentation & application of NMR spectroscopy.

CO-MPC 101-3: To understanding the Mass Spectroscopy.

CO-MPC 101-4: To familiarize with basic concept of chromatography & various different types of Chromatography.

CO-MPC 101-5: To comprehend the basic concepts of Electrophoresis & X ray Crystallography.

CO-MPC 101-6: To understand the basic principle, instrumentation & application of Potentiometry & Thermal Techniques.

Scheme of Studies

			Total Number of contact hours/Week						
Course	Title of the	Program	Class room Instruction (A)	Practical	SW	SL	Total	Credit	
code	course	Name	Lecture	(P)			Hours (H)		
MPC 101T	Modern Pharmaceutical Analytical Techniques	M. Pharmacy	4	-	1	1	6	4	
	Theory								

Legend: CI: Classroom Instruction (Includes different instructional strategies i.e. Lecture (L) and Tutorial (T) and others)

LI: Laboratory Instruction (Includes Practical performances in laboratory workshop, field or other locations using different instructional strategies)

SW: Sessional Work (includes assignment, seminar, mini project etc.)

SL: Self Learning, Credits

Note: SW & SL has to be planned and performed under the continuous guidance and feedback of teacher to ensure outcome of Learning

Theory Assessment

Course Code	Course	Internal Assessment (A)					Semester ams (B)	Total Marks
		Continuous	Sessional Exams		Total	Marks	Duration	(A + B)
		Mode	Marks	Duration				
	Modern	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100
MPC 101T	Pharmaceutical							
	Analytical							
	Techniques							

Guidelines for the allotment of marks for attendance

Percentage of Attendance	Theory	Practical
95 - 100	8	10
90-94	6	7.5
85 - 89	4	5
80-84	2	2.5
Less than 80	0	0

Course-Curriculum Detailing:

This course syllabus illustrates the expected learning achievements, both at the course and session levels, which students are anticipated to accomplish through various modes of instruction including Classroom Instruction (CI), Laboratory Instruction (LI), Sessional Work (SW), and Self Learning (SL). As the course progresses, students should showcase their mastery of Session Outcomes (SOs), culminating in the overall achievement of Course Outcomes (COs) upon the course's conclusion.

Unit I

CO-MPC 101-1: To understand the basic principle, instrumentation & application of UV-Visible spectroscopy, IR spectroscopy, Spectroflourimetry, Flame emission spectroscopy & Atomic absorption spectroscopy.

Item	Approx Hrs
Lecture	10
Practical (P)	0
SW	1
SL	1
Total	12

Session Outcomes (SOs)	Laboratory Instruction (LI)	Class room Instruction (CI)	Self Learning (SL)
Theory		1.1: Introduction, Theory, Laws,	1.1: Electronic
	NA	Instrumentation associated with UV-Visible	transitions,
SO1.1: UV-Visible		spectroscopy	chromophores,
spectroscopy		1.2: Choice of solvents and solvent effect	auxochromes
SO1.2: IR spectroscopy		and Applications of UV-Visible spectroscopy, Difference/ Derivative	in UV Visible spectroscopy
SO1.3: Spectroflourimetry		spectroscopy	
SO1.4: Flame emission		1.3: Theory, Modes of Molecular vibrations,	
spectroscopy		Sample handling, Instrumentation of	
specification		Dispersive and Fourier - Transform IR	
SO1.5: Atomic absorption		Spectrometer	
spectroscopy		1.4: Factors affecting vibrational frequencies	
		and Applications of IR spectroscopy, Data	
		Interpretation	
		1.5: Theory of Fluorescence, Factors	
		affecting Fluorescence, Quenchers	
		1.6: Instrumentation and Applications of	
		fluorescence spectrophotometer	
		1.7: Principle, Instrumentation of Flame	
		emission spectroscopy	
		1.8: Interferences and Applications of Flame	
		emission spectroscopy	
		1.9: Principle, Instrumentation of Atomic	
		absorption Spectroscopy	
		1.10: Interferences and Applications of	
		Atomic absorption Spectroscopy	

Suggested Assignments:

1. Explain Beer and Lambert's law.

Unit II

CO-MPC 101-2: To acquired the knowledge of principle, instrumentation & application of NMR spectroscopy.

Item	Approx Hrs
Lecture	10
Practical (P)	0
SW	1
SL	1
Total	12

Session Outcomes (SOs)	Laboratory Instruction (LI)	Class room Instruction (CI)	Self Learning (SL)		
Theory	NA	2.1: Quantum numbers and their role in			
SO2.1: Principle of NMR		NMR 2.2: Principle & Instrumentation of NMR	of NMR & Principles of FT- NMR & 13C		
SO2.2: Instrumentation of IR		2.3: Solvent requirement in NMR & Relaxation process	NMR & ISC NMR		
SO2.3: FT-NMR & 13C NMR		2.4: NMR signals in various compounds2.5: Chemical shift2.6: Factors influencing chemical shift			
SO2.4 : Applications of NMR		2.7: Spin-Spin Coupling & Coupling constant			
		2.8: Nuclear magnetic double resonance2.9: Brief outline of principles of FT- NMR and 13C NMR			
		2.10: Applications of NMR spectroscopy			

Suggested Assignments:

1. Write note on factors affecting vibrations.

Unit III CO-MPC 101-3: To understanding the Mass Spectroscopy.

Item	Approx Hrs
Lecture	10
Practical (P)	0
SW	1
SL	2
Total	13

Session Outcomes (SOs)	Laboratory Instruction (LI)	Class roomInstruction (CI)	Self Learning (SL)
 Theory SO3.1: Principle & Theory of Mass Spectroscopy SO3.2: Instrumentation of Mass Spectroscopy SO3.3: Mass fragmentation and its rules SO3.4: Meta stable ions 	NA	 3.1: Principle & Theory of Mass Spectroscopy 3.2: Instrumentation of Mass Spectroscopy 3.3: Different types of ionization like electron impact & Chemical 3.4: Field, FAB and MALDI 3.5: APCI, ESI 3.6: APPI Analyzers of Quadrupole and Time of Flight 3.7: Mass fragmentation and its rules 3.8: Meta stable ions 3.9: Isotopic peaks 3.10: Applications of Mass spectroscopy 	3.1: Theory of Mass Spectroscopy3.2: Applications of Mass spectroscopy

Suggested Assignments: 1. Explain FAB.

Unit IV

CO-MPC 101-4: To familiarize with basic concept of Gas chromatography & Highperformance liquid chromatography (HPLC).

Item	Approx Hrs
Lecture	10
Practical (P)	0
SW	1
SL	2
Total	13

Session Outcor (SOs)	mes	Laboratory Instruction (LI)	Class roomInstruction(CI)	Self Learning (SL)
Theory		NA	4.1: Introduction, theory of GC	4.1: Introduction to GC
			4.2: Instrumentation,	
SO4.1: Gas			derivatization, temperature	4.2: Introduction toHPLC
chromatography.			4.3: Programming of GC	
			4.4: Advantages, disadvantages	
SO4.2:	High		of GC	
performance	liquid		4.5: Applications of GC	
chromatography	•		4.6: Introduction to HPLC	
(HPLC).			4.7: Theory of HPLC	
			4.8: Instrumentation of HPLC	
			4.9: Advantages and applications	
			of HPLC	
			4.10: Introduction to	
			Chromatography	

Suggested Assignments:

1. Explain GC.

Unit V

CO-MPC 101-5: To comprehend the basic concepts of Ion exchange chromatography, Gel chromatography & Affinity chromatography.

Item	Approx Hrs
Lecture	10
Practical (P)	0
SW	1
SL	2
Total	13

SO5.1: Ion exchange chromatographyexchange chromatographyprocess5.2: Mechanism of ion exchange process, factors affecting ion exchange of Ion exchange5.2:Factors a ion exchange	nism of achange
chromatography SO5.3: Affinity chromatography S.3: Methodology and applications of Ion exchange chromatography S.4: Introduction, theory of Gel chromatography S.5: Instrumentation and applications of Gel chromatography S.6: Introduction, theory of Affinity chromatography S.7: Instrumentation and applications of Affinity chromatography S.7: Instrumentation and applications of Affinity chromatography S.8: Production of X-rays S.9: X-rays powder techniques S.10: Applications of X-ray	U

Suggested Assignments:

1. Explain ion exchange chromatography.

Unit VI CO-MPC 101-6: To understand the basic principle, instrumentation & application of Potentiometry & Thermal Techniques.

Item	Approx Hrs
Lecture	10
Practical (P)	0
SW	2
SL	2
Total	17

TheoryNA6.1: Potentiometry: Principle, working. 6.2: Ion selective Electrodes and Application of potentiometry6.1: Potentiometry: Principle, workin g, uses & importance in current circumstancesSO6.2: Hyper DSC, experimental parameters6.4: Instrumentation (Heat flux and power-compensation and designs), Modulated DSC.6.5: Hyper DSC, experimental parameters (sample preparation, experimental conditions, calibration, heating and cooling rates.6.6: Resolution, source of errors) and their influence, advantage and disadvantages, pharmaceutical applications.6.7: Differential Thermal Analysis (DTA): Principle, instrumentation, factors affecting results6.8: Pharmaceutical applications, derivative differential thermal analysis (DDTA).6.9: TGA: Principle, instrumentation, factors affecting results	Session Outcomes (SOs)	Laboratory Instruction (LI)	Class roomInstruction (CI)	Self Learning (SL)
factors affecting results, 6.10: Advantage and disadvantages,	SO6.1: Potentiometry SO6.2: Hyper DSC, experimental parameters	. ,	 6.2: Ion selective Electrodes and Application of potentiometry 6.3: Thermal Techniques: Principle, thermal transitions. 6.4: Instrumentation (Heat flux and power-compensation and designs), Modulated DSC. 6.5: Hyper DSC, experimental parameters (sample preparation, experimental conditions, calibration, heating and cooling rates. 6.6: Resolution, source of errors) and their influence, advantage and disadvantages, pharmaceutical applications. 6.7: Differential Thermal Analysis (DTA): Principle, instrumentation and advantage and disadvantages. 6.8: Pharmaceutical applications, derivative differential thermal analysis (DDTA). 6.9: TGA: Principle, instrumentation, factors affecting results, 	Potentiometry: Principle, workin g, uses & importance in current circumstances 6.2: TGA: Principle, instrumentation, factors affecting results

Suggested Assignments:

- 1. Explain potentiometry: Principle & working.
- 2. Explain Differential Thermal Analysis.

Brief of Hours suggested for the Course Outcome

Course Outcomes	Class Lecture (CL)	Laboratory Instructions (LI)	Sessional Work (SW)	Self Learning (SL)	Total Hour (CL+SW+ SL+LI)
CO-MPC 101-1: To understand the basic principle, instrumentation & application of UV Visible spectroscopy & Fluorimetry.	10	0	1	1	12
CO-MPC 101-2: To acquired the knowledge of principle, instrumentation & application of NMR spectroscopy.	10	0	1	1	12
CO-MPC 101-3: To understanding the Mass Spectroscopy.	10	0	1	2	13
CO-MPC 101-4: To familiarize with basic concept of chromatography & various different types of Chromatography.	10	0	1	2	13
CO-MPC 101-5: To comprehend the basic concepts of Ion exchange chromatography, Gel chromatography & Affinity chromatography.	10	0	1	2	13
CO-MPC 101-6: To understand the basic principle, instrumentation & application of Potentiometry & Thermal Techniques.	10	0	2	2	14
Total Hours	60	0	7	10	77

Suggestion for End Semester Assessment

C O I	Unit Titles	Μ	larks Dist	ribution	Total
Course Outcome		Α	С	Ε	Marks
CO-MPC 101T-1:	To understand the basic principle, instrumentation & application of UV Visible spectroscopy & Fluorimetry.	08	06	01	15
СО-МРС 101Т-2:	To acquired the knowledge of principle, instrumentation & application of NMR spectroscopy.	12	07	01	20
СО-МРС 101Т-3:	To understanding the Mass Spectroscopy.	08	06	02	16
CO-MPC 101T-4:	To familiarize with basic concept of Gas chromatography & High performance liquid chromatography (HPLC).	10	02	03	15
CO-MPC 101T-5:	To comprehend the basic concepts of Ionexchange chromatography, Gel Chromatography & Affinity chromatography.	10	07	03	20
CO-MPC 101T-6:	To understand the basic principle, instrumentation & application of Potentiometry & Thermal Techniques.	10	02	02	14
	Total	58	30	12	100

Legend: A: Analyze, C: create, E: Evaluate

The end of semester assessment for Modern Pharmaceutical Analytical Techniques will be held with written examination of 75 marks.

Note. Detailed Assessment rubric need to be prepared by the course wise teachers for above tasks. Teachers can also design different tasks as per requirement, for end semester assessment.

Suggested Instructional/Implementation Strategies:

- 2. Improved Lecture
- 3. Tutorial
- 4. Case Method
- 5. Group Discussion
- 6. Role Play
- 7. Demonstration
- 8. ICT Based Teaching Learning(Video Demonstration/Tutorials CBT, Blog, Face book, Twitter, Whatsapp, Mobile, Online sources)
- 9. Brainstorming

Suggested Learning Resources:

S. No.	Title	Author	Publisher	Edition & Year
1	Spectrometric Identification of Organic compounds	Robert M Silverstein	John Wiley & Sons	Sixth edition, 2004
2	Principles of Instrumental Analysis Doglas A Skoog	F. James Holler, Timothy A. Nieman	Cengate india private limlted	7 th edition, 2020
3	Instrumental methods of analysis	Willards	CBS publishers	7 th edition, 2023
4	Practical Pharmaceutical Chemistry	Beckett and Stenlake, Vol II,	CBS Publishers	4 th edition, New Delhi, 2023
5	Organic Spectroscopy	William Kemp	ELBS	3 rd edition, 2022
6	Quantitative Analysis of Drugs in Pharmaceutical formulation	P D Sethi	CBS Publishers	4 th Edition, New Delhi, 2022
7	Pharmaceutical Analysis- Modern methods Part B	J W Munson, Volume- 11	CRC Press	2 nd edition 2012

Curriculum Development Team:

- 1. Prof. S.P. Gupta, Director, AKS University, Rajiv Gandhi Institute of Pharmacy
- 2. Ms. Neha Goel, Associate professor, AKS University, Rajiv Gandhi Institute of Pharmacy
- 3. Mr. Ashutosh Jain, Assistant professor, AKS University, Rajiv Gandhi Institute of Pharmacy

Course Outcome & Program Outcome Mapping

Course Outcome	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
	Scientific Knowledge	Technological Application	Modern tool usage	Entrepreneur ship	Practical Skill	Applied Science	Computational and Statistical methodologies	Pharmaceutical Ethics	Environment and sustainability	Life-long learning	Analytical thinking and problem solving ability	Create and Innovate	Quality management and translational research
CO-MPC 101T-1: UV Visible spectroscopy	3	2	3	1	3	2	1	3	2	3	1	2	3
CO-MPC 101T-2: NMR spectroscopy	2	2	3	2	1	3	2	2	1	3	1	1	1
CO-MPC 101T-3: Mass Spectroscopy	1	2	1	3	3	2	3	3	2	2	1	1	3
CO-MPC 101T-4: Gas chromatography & High performance liquid chromatography (HPLC).	2	1	3	2	2	3	2	2	2	3	2	2	1
CO-MPC 101T-5: Chromatography	3	2	2	1	3	2	3	3	1	2	1	2	1
CO-MPC 101T-6: Potentiometry & Thermal Techniques	3	2	3	1	3	2	1	3	2	3	2	1	2

Legend: 1- Low, 2-Medium, 3-High

Course Curriculum Mapping

POs & PSOs No.	COs No. & Title	SOs No.	Class Room	Laboratory	Self
			Instructions	Instructions	learning
POs:1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10	CO-MPC 101T-1:	SO1.1	1.1,1.2,1.3,1.4,1.5,1.6,		SL-1.1
	To understand the basic principle,	SO1.2	1.7,1.8,1.9,1.10		SL-1.2
PSOs:1,2,3	instrumentation & application of	SO1.3			
	UV Visible spectroscopy &	SO1.4			
	Fluorimetry	SO1.5			
POs:1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10	CO-MPC 101T-2:	SO2.1	2.1,2.2,2.3,2.4,2.5,2.6,		SL-2.1
	To acquired the knowledge of	SO2.2	2.7,2.8,2.9,2.10		
PSOs:1,2,3	principle, instrumentation &	SO2.3			
	application of NMR spectroscopy.	SO2.4			
POs:1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10	СО-МРС 101Т- 3:	SO3.1	3.1,3.2,3.3,3.4,3.5,3.6,		SL3.1
	To understanding the Mass	SO3.2	3.7,3.8,3.9,3.10		SL3.2
PSOs:1,2,3	Spectroscopy.	SO3.3			
		SO3.4			
POs:1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10	CO-MPC 101T-4:	SO4.1	4.1,4.2,4.3,4.4,4.5,4.6,		SL-4.1
	To familiarize with basic concept of	SO4.2	4.7,4.8		SL-4.2
PSOs:1,2,3	Gas chromatography & High				
	performance liquid chromatography				
	(HPLC).				
POs:1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10	CO-MPC 101T-5:	SO5.1	5.1,5.2,5.3,5.4,5.5,5.6,		SL-5.1
	To understand the Synthon	SO5.2	5.7		SL-5.2
PSOs:1,2,3	approach and retrosynthesis	SO5.3			
	applications.	0011			
POs:1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10	CO-MPC 101T-6:	SO6.1	6.1,6.2,6.3,6.4,6.5,6.6,		SL-6.1
DCO 102	To understand the basic principle,	SO6.2	6.7,6.8,6.9,6.10		SL-6.2
PSOs:1,2,3	instrumentation & application of	SO6.3			
	Potentiometry & Thermal				
	Techniques.				



AKS University

Faculty of Pharmaceutical Science & Technology Rajiv Gandhi Institute of Pharmacy Curriculum of M. Pharmacy (Pharmaceutical Chemistry-MPC) Program (Revised as on 01 August 2023) Semester-I

Course Code: Course Title:	MPC 102T Advanced Organic Chemistry - I
Pre-requisite:	Student should have basic knowledge of elementary organic and physical chemistry. The mechanisms of organic reactions, structure of organic molecules, and theories of reactivity.
Rationale/Objectives:	 Upon completion of course, the student shall be to understand The principles and applications of reterosynthesis. The mechanism & applications of various named reactions. The concept of disconnection to develop synthetic routes for small. Target molecule.

- The various catalysts used in organic reactions.
- The chemistry of heterocyclic compounds.

Course Out comes:

CO-MPC 102T-1: To understand the basic aspects of organic chemistry and addition reactions. **CO-MPC 102T-2:** To understand the Study of mechanism and synthetic applications of following named reactions.

CO-MPC 102T-3: To understand the Synthetic Reagents & Applications and Protecting groups. **CO-MPC 102T-4:** To understand the Heterocyclic Chemistry.

CO-MPC 102T-5: To understand the Synthon approach and retrosynthesis applications.

Scheme of Studies

			Total Number of contact hours/Week					
Course code	Title of the course	Program Name	Class room Instruction (A) Practical		CIN	GI	Total Hours	Credit
			Lecture	(P)	SW	SL	(H)	
MPC 102T	Advanced Organic Chemistry - I	M. Pharmacy	4	-	1	1	6	4

Legend: CI: Classroom Instruction (Includes different instructional strategies i.e. Lecture (L) and Tutorial (T) and others)

and others)

LI: Laboratory Instruction (Includes Practical performances in laboratory workshop, field or other locations using different instructional strategies)

SW: Sessional Work (includes assignment, seminar, mini project etc.)

SL: Self Learning, Credits

Note: SW & SL has to be planned and performed under the continuous guidance and feedback of teacher to ensure outcome of Learning

Theory Assessment

Course Code	Course	Internal Assessment (A)			End Semester Exams (B)		Total Marks	
		Continuous Sessional Exams T Mode		Total	Marks	Duration	(A+B)	
			Marks	Duration				
MPC 102T	ADVANCED ORGANIC CHEMISTRY - I	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100

Guidelines for the allotment of marks for attendance

Percentage of Attendance	Theory	Practical
95 - 100	8	10
90 - 94	6	7.5
85 - 89	4	5
80 - 84	2	2.5
Less than 80	0	0

Course-Curriculum Detailing:

This course syllabus illustrates the expected learning achievements, both at the course and session levels, which students are anticipated to accomplish through various modes of instruction including Classroom Instruction (CI), Laboratory Instruction (LI), Sessional Work (SW), and Self Learning (SL). As the course progresses, students should showcase their mastery of Session Outcomes (SOs), culminating in the overall achievement of Course Outcomes (COs) upon the course's conclusion.

Unit I

CO-MPC 102T-1: To understand the basic aspects of organic chemistry and addition reactions.

Item	Approx Hrs
Lecture	12
Practical (P)	0
SW	2
SL	1
Total	15

Session Outcomes (SOs)	Laboratory Instruction (LI)	Class room Instruction (CI)	Self Learning (SL)
Theory SO1.1: Basic aspects of organic chemistry SO1.2: Addition reactions	NA	 1.1: Detail about Organic intermediates carbocations and Their method of formation, stability and synthetic applications 1.2: Detail about Organic intermediates carbanions and Their method of formation, stability and synthetic applications 1.3: Detail about Organic intermediates free radicals and Their method of formation, stability and synthetic applications 1.4: Detail about Organic intermediates carbenes Their method of formation, stability and synthetic applications 1.5: Detail about Organic intermediates carbenes Their method of formation, stability and synthetic applications 1.5: Detail about Organic intermediates nitrenes Their method of formation, stability and synthetic applications 1.6: Types of reaction mechanisms and methods of determining them 1.7: Detailed knowledge regarding the reactions, mechanisms and their relative reactivity and orientations 1.8: Explain Nucleophilic uni- and bimolecular reactions SN1 Addition reactions 1.9: Explain Elimination reactions (E1 Hoffman rules) 1.11: Explain Elimination reactions 1.2: Explain Rearrangement reaction 	

Suggested Assignments:

- 1. Explain Elimination reactions (E1 & E2; Hoffman & Saytzeff's rule).
- 2. Write the detail about Organic intermediates: Carbocations, carbanions.

Unit II

CO-MPC 102T-2: To understand the Study of mechanism and synthetic applications of following named Reactions.

Item	Approx Hrs
Lecture	12
Practical (P)	0
SW	2
SL	1
Total	15

Session Outcomes (SOs)	Laboratory Instruction (LI)	Class room Instruction (CI)	Self Learning (SL)
Theory SO2.1: Study of mechanism and synthetic applications of various named reactions	NA	 2.1: Study of mechanism and synthetic applications of Ugi reaction 2.2: Brook rearrangement 2.3: Study of mechanism and synthetic applications of Ullmann coupling reactions 2.4: Study of mechanism and synthetic applications of Dieckmann Reaction 2.5: Doebner-Miller Reaction 2.6: Sandmeyer Reaction 2.7: Mitsunobu reaction 2.8: Mannich reaction 2.9: Vilsmeyer-Haack Reaction 2.10: Sharpless asymmetric epoxidation, Baeyer-Villiger Oxidation 2.11: Shapiro & Suzuki reaction 2.12: Ozonolysis and Michael addition reaction 	2.1: Study of mechanism and synthetic applications of various named reactions

Suggested Assignments:

- 1. Explain Reaction Doebner-Miller Reaction, Sandmeyer.
- 2. Explain Ugi reaction, Brook rearrangement.

Unit III CO-MPC 102T-3: To understand the Synthetic Reagents & Applications and Protecting groups.

Item	Approx Hrs
Lecture	12
Practical (P)	0
SW	2
SL	1
Total	15

Session Outcomes (SOs) Laboratory Instruction (LI)		Class room Instruction (CI)	Self Learning (SL)		
Theory	NA	3.1: Synthetic Reagents & Applications of	3.1: Synthetic		
		Aluminiumisopropoxide N-	Reagents &		
SO3.1: Synthetic		bromosuccinamide	Applications		
Reagents &		3.2: Synthetic Reagents & Applications of			
Applications		diazomethane, Dicyclohexylcarbodimide			
		3.3: Synthetic Reagents & Applications of			
SO3.2: Protecting		Wilkinson reagent, Witting reagent			
groups		3.4: Synthetic Reagents & Applications of			
		Osmium tetroxide, titanium chloride			
		3.5: Synthetic Reagents & Applications of			
		diazopropane, diethyl Azodicarboxylate			
		3.6: Synthetic Reagents & Applications of			
		Triphenylphosphine, Benzotriazol-1-yloxy)			
		tris			
		(dimethylamino) phosphonium hexafluoro-			
		phosphate (BOP)			
		3.7: Role of protection in organic synthesis			
		3.8: Protection for the hydroxyl group,			
		including 1,2-and1,3-diols			
		3.9: Protection for the ethers, esters,			
		carbonates, cyclic acetals & ketals			
		3.10: Protection for the Carbonyl Group:			
		Acetals and Ketals			
		3.11: Protection for the Carboxyl Group:			
		amides and hydrazides, Esters			
		3.12: Protection for the Amino Group and			
		Amino acids: carbamates and amides			

Suggested Assignments:

- 1. Explain Synthetic Reagents & Applications Aluminiumisopropoxide, N-bromosuccinamide.
- 2. Write the Protection for the Carbonyl Group: Acetals and Ketals.

Unit IV

CO-MPC 102T-4: To understand the Heterocyclic Chemistry.

Item	Approx Hrs
Lecture	12
Practical (P)	0
SW	1
SL	2
Total	15

Session Outcomes (SOs)	Laboratory Instruction (LI)	Class room Instruction (CI)	Self Learning (SL)
Theory	NA	4.1: Organic Name reactions with their	4.1: Heterocyclic
		respective mechanism and application	Chemistry.
SO4.1: Heterocyclic		involved in synthesis of drugs containing	4.2: Synthesis of
Chemistry		five	few representative
		4.2: Six membered and fused hetrocyclics	drugs containing
		such as Debus-Radziszewski imidazole	these heterocyclic
		synthesis	nucleus.
		4.3: Bernthsen Acridine Synthesis	
		4.4: Smiles rearrangement and Traube	
		purine synthesis	
		4.5: Synthesis of few representative drugs	
		containing these hetrocyclic nucleus such	
		as Ketoconazole, Metronidazole,	
		Miconazole, celecoxib	
		4.6: antipyrin, Metamizole sodium,	
		Terconazole, Alprazolam	
		4.7: Triamterene, Sulfamerazine,	
		Trimethoprim, Hydroxychloroquine	
		4.8: Quinine, Chloroquine	
		4.9:Quinacrine, Amsacrine	
		4.10:Prochlorpherazine, Promazine	
		4.11: Chlorpromazine, Theophylline	
		4.12: Mercaptopurine and Thioguanine	

Suggested Assignments:

1. Write Synthesis of Alprazolam, Triamterene, Sulfamerazine.

Unit V

CO-MPC 102T-5: To understand the synthon approach and retrosynthesis applications.

Item	Approx Hrs
Lecture	12
Practical (P)	0
SW	1
SL	2
Total	18

Session Outcomes (SOs)	Laboratory Instruction (LI)	Class room Instruction (CI)	Self Learning (SL)
Theory	NA	5.1: Basic principles, terminologies and	5.1: Basic
		advantages of retrosynthesis	principles,
SO5.1: Synthon		5.2: guidelines for dissection of	terminologies and
approach and		molecules	advantages of
retrosynthesis		5.3: Functional group interconvertion	Retrosynthesis
applications.		and addition (FGI and FGA)	5.2: C-X
		5.4: C-X disconnections	disconnections; C-C
		5.5: C-C disconnections	disconnections –
		5.6: alcohols and carbonyl compounds	alcohols and
		5.7: 1,2-, 1,3 -difunctionalized	carbonyl
		Compounds	compounds
		5.8: 1,4-, 1,5 difunctionalized	
		Compounds	
		5.9: 1,6-difunctionalized Compounds	
		5.10: Strategies for synthesis of three	
		membered ring	
		5.11: Strategies for synthesis of four,	
		five membered ring	
		5.12: Strategies for synthesis of six-	
		membered ring	

Suggested Assignments:

1. Explain strategies for synthesis of three, four, five and six-membered ring.

Brief of Hours suggested for the Course Outcome

Course Out comes	Class Lecture (Cl)	(LI)	Sessional Work (SW)	Self Learning (Sl)	Total Hour (Cl+SW+ Sl+LI)
CO-MPC 102T-1: To understand the Basic Aspects of Organic Chemistry and Addition reactions.	12	0	2	1	15
CO-MPC 102T-2: To understand the Study of mechanism and synthetic applications of following named Reactions.	12	0	2	1	15
CO-MPC 102T-3: To understand the Synthetic Reagents & Applications and Protecting groups.	12	0	2	1	15
CO-MPC 102T-4: To understand the Heterocyclic Chemistry.	12	0	1	2	15
CO-MPC 102T-5: To understand the Synthon approach and retrosynthesis applications.	12	0	1	2	15
Total Hours	60	0	8	7	75

Course Outcome		Μ	Total		
Course Outcome	Unit Titles	Α	C	Е	Marks
CO-MPC 102T-1:	To understand the Basic Aspects of Organic Chemistry and Addition reactions.	08	07	07	22
CO-MPC 102T-2:	To understand the Study of mechanism and synthetic applications of following named Reactions.	08	06	02	16
CO-MPC 102T-3:	To understand the Synthetic Reagents & Applications and Protecting groups.	12	07	01	20
CO-MPC 102T-4:	To understand the Heterocyclic Chemistry.	11	06	03	20
CO-MPC 102T-5:	To understand the Synthon approach and retrosynthesis applications.	08	07	02	22
	Total	47	33	20	100

Suggested Specification Table (For ESA)

Legend: A: Analyze,

C: create,

E: Evaluate

The end of semester assessment for Advanced Organic Chemistry - I will be held with written examination

of 75 marks.

Note. Detailed Assessment rubric need to be prepared by the course wise teachers for above tasks.

Teachers can also design different tasks as per requirement, for end semester assessment.

Suggested Instructional/Implementation Strategies:

- 1. Improved Lecture
- 2. Tutorial
- 3. Case Method
- 4. Group Discussion
- 5. Role Play
- 6. Demonstration
- 7. ICT Based Teaching Learning(Video Demonstration/Tutorials CBT, Blog,

Face book, Twitter, Whats app, Mobile, Online sources)

8. Brainstorming

Suggested Learning Resources:

S. No.	Title	Author	Publisher	Edition & Year
1	"Advanced Organic chemistry, Reaction, Mechanisms and Structure".	J March, John Wiley and Sons.	New York.	2020
2	"Mechanism and Structure in Organic Chemistry".	ES Gould, Hold Rinchart and Winston,	New York.	
3	"Organic Chemistry".	Clayden, Greeves, Warren and Woihers.	Oxford University Press.	2001.
4	"Organic Chemistry".	I.L. Finar. ELBS	Pearson Education Lts, Dorling Kindersley 9India) Pvt. Ltd.,	Vol I and II.
5	A guide to mechanisms in Organic Chemistry.	Peter Skyes	(Orient Longman, New Delhi).	
6	Reactive Intermediates in Organic Chemistry.	Tandom and Gowel	Oxford & IBH Publishers.	
7	Combinational Chemistry – Synthesis and applications.	Stephen R Wilson & Anthony W Czarnik, Wiley – Blackwell.	-	-
8	Organic Chemistry.	Carey	(Viva Books Pvt. Ltd.)	5th Edition
9	Principles of Organic Synthesis	ROC Norman and JM Coxan, Nelson Thorns	-	
10	Organic Synthesis - Special Techniques	VK Ahluwalia and R Agarwal	Narosa Publishers	-
11	Organic Reaction Mechanisms	VK Ahluwalia and RK Parashar	Narosa Publishers	IVth Edtn

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- 3. Mr. Ashutosh Jain, Assistant professor, AKS University, Rajiv Gandhi Institute of Pharmacy

Course Outcome & Program Outcome Mapping

Course Outcome	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
	Scientific Knowledge	Technological Application	Modern tool usage	Entrepreneur ship	Practical Skill	Applied Science	Computational and Statistical methodologies	Pharmaceutical Ethics	Environment and sustainability	Life-long learning	Analytical thinking and problem solving ability	Create and Innovate	Quality management and translational research
CO-MPC 102T-1: Organic Chemistry	3	2	3	1	3	2	1	3	2	3	1	2	3
CO-MPC 102T-2: Mechanism and synthetic applications	2	2	3	2	1	3	2	2	1	3	1	1	1
CO-MPC 102T-3: Synthetic Reagents	1	2	1	3	3	2	3	3	2	2	1	1	3
CO-MPC 102T-4: Heterocyclic Chemistry	2	1	3	2	2	3	2	2	2	3	2	2	1
CO-MPC 102T-5: Retrosynthesis applications	3	2	2	1	3	2	3	3	1	2	1	2	1

Legend: 1- Low, 2-Medium, 3-High

Course Curriculum Mapping

POs & PSOs No.	COs No. & Title	SOs No.	Class Room	Laboratory	Self
			Instructions	Instructions	learning
POs:1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10	CO-MPC 102T-1:	SO1.1	1.1,1.2,1.3,1.4,1.5,1		SL-1.1
	To understand the Basic Aspects of	SO1.2	.6,1.7,1.8,1.9,1.10,1		
PSOs:1,2,3	Organic Chemistry and Addition		.11,1.12		
	reactions.				
POs:1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10	CO-MPC 102T-2:	SO2.1	2.1,2.2,2.3,2.4,2.5,2		SL-2.1
	To understand the Study of		.6,2.7,2.8,2.9,2.10,2		
PSOs:1,2,3	mechanism and synthetic applications		.11,2.12		
	of following named Reactions				
POs:1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10	CO-MPC 102T-3:	SO3.1	3.1,3.2,3.3,3.4,3.5,3		SL-3.1
	To understand the Synthetic Reagents	SO3.2	.6,3.7,3.8,3.9,3.10,3		SL-3.2
PSOs:1,2,3	& Applications and Protecting groups		.11,3.12		
POs:1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10	СО-МРС 102Т-4:	SO4.1	4.1,4.2,4.3,4.4,4.5,4		SL-4.1
	To understand the Heterocyclic		.6,4.7,4.8,4.9,4.10,4		SL-4.2
PSOs:1,2,3	Chemistry.		.11,4.12		
POs:1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10	CO-MPC 102T-5:	SO5.1	5.1,5.2,5.3,5.4,5.5,5		SL-5.1
	To understand the Synthon approach		.6,5.7,5.8,5.9,5.10,5		SL-5.2
PSOs:1,2,3	and retrosynthesis applications		.11,5.12		



AKS University

Faculty of Pharmaceutical Science & Technology Rajiv Gandhi Institute of Pharmacy Curriculum of M. Pharmacy (Pharmaceutical Chemistry-MPC) Program (Revised as on 01 August 2023)

Semester-I

Course Code:	MPC 103T				
Course Title:	Advanced Medicinal Chemistry				
Pre-requisite:	Student should have basic knowledge of the subject is designed to provide detail knowledge about on the current state of the art techniques involved in computer assisted drug design.				
Rationale/Objective s:	 Upon completion of course, the student shall be to understand Different stages of drug discovery. Role of medicinal chemistry in drug research. Different techniques for drug discovery. Various strategies to design and develop new drug like molecules for biological targets. 				

• Study of peptidomimetics.

Course Out comes:

CO-MPC 103T-1: To understand the different stages of drug discovery.

CO-MPC 103T-2: To understand the Study of Role of medicinal chemistry in drug research.

CO-MPC 103T-3: To understand the different techniques for drug discovery.

CO-MPC 103T-4: To understand the various strategies to design and develop new drug like molecules for biological targets.

CO-MPC 103T-5: To understand the in study of Peptidomimetics.

Scheme of Studies

			Total Number of	Total Number of contact hours/Week				
Course code	Title of the course	Program Name	Classroom Instruction (A)	Practical	CIN	CI	Total	Credit
			Lecture	(P)	SW	SL	Hours (H)	
MPC 103T	Advanced Medicinal Chemistry	M. Pharmacy	3	-	1	1	6	4

Legend: CI: Classroom Instruction (Includes different instructional strategies i.e. Lecture (L) and Tutorial (T) and others)

LI: Laboratory Instruction (Includes Practical performances in laboratory workshop, field or other locations using different instructional strategies)

SW: Sessional Work (includes assignment, seminar, mini project etc.)

SL: Self Learning, Credits

Note: SW & SL has to be planned and performed under the continuous guidance and feedback of teacher to ensure outcome of Learning

Theory Assessment

Course Code	Course	Internal Assessment (A)				emester ns (B)	Total Marks	
		Continuous	Session	al Exams	Total	Marks	Duration	(A+B)
		Mode	Marks	Duration				
MPC 103T	Advanced	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100
	Medicinal					χ.		
	Chemistry					1		

Guidelines for the allotment of marks for attendance

Percentage of Attendance	Theory	Practical
95 - 100	8	10
90 - 94	6	7.5
85 - 89	4	5
80 - 84	2	2.5
Less than 80	0	0

Course-Curriculum Detailing:

This course syllabus illustrates the expected learning achievements, both at the course and session levels, which students are anticipated to accomplish through various modes of instruction including Classroom Instruction (CI), Laboratory Instruction (LI), Sessional Work (SW), and Self Learning (SL). As the course progresses, students should showcase their mastery of Session Outcomes (SOs), culminating in the overall achievement of Course Outcomes (COs) upon the course's conclusion.

Unit I CO-MPC 103T-1: To understand the different stages of drug discovery.

Item	Approx Hrs
Lecture	12
Practical (P)	0
SW	1
SL	2
Total	15

Session Outcomes (SOs)	Laboratory Instruction (LI)	Class room Instruction (CI)	Self Learning (SL)
Theory	NA	1.1: Drug discovery	1.1: Diversity of drug
		1.2: Stages of drug discovery	targets
SO1.1: Drug discovery		1.3: lead discovery	
		1.4: Identification of drug targets	1.2: Drug receptor
SO1.2: Biological drug		1.5: Validation of drug targets	interactions
targets		1.6: Diversity of drug targets	
		1.7: Biological drug targets	
		1.8: Receptors of drug receptor	
		interaction	
		1.9: Types of drug receptor	
		interaction	
		1.10: Binding and activation	
		theories of drug receptor interaction	
		1.11: Agonists Vs antagonists	
		1.12: Artificial enzymes	

Suggested Assignments:

1. Write the detail about theories of drug receptor interaction.

Unit II CO-MPC 103T-2: To understand the Study of Role of medicinal chemistry in drug research.

Item	Approx Hrs
Lecture	12
Practical (P)	0
SW	1
SL	2
Total	15

Session Outcomes (SOs)	Laboratory Instruction (LI)	Class room Instruction (CI)	Self Learning (SL)
Theory SO2.1: Prodrug Design and Analog design SO2.2: Combating drug resistance SO2.3: Introduction of Analog Design	NA	 2.1: Basic concept of Prodrug Design 2.2: Carrier linked prodrugs/ Bioprecursors 2.3: Prodrugs of functional group 2.4: Drug absorption and distribution 2.5: Site specific drug delivery 2.6: Sustained drug action 2.7: Rationale of prodrug design and practical consideration of prodrug design 2.8: Causes for drug resistance 2.9: Genetic principles of drug 2.10: Classical & Non classical, Bioisosteric replacement strategies 2.11: Importance of statistical parameters 2.12: Geometric of a lead molecule, variation in inter atomic distance 	 2.1: Prodrugs to improve patient acceptability 2.2: Strategies to combat drug resistance in antibiotics and anticancer therapy

Suggested Assignments:

- 1. Explain Site specific drug delivery.
- 2. Write the detail about importance of statistical parameters.

Unit III

CO-MPC 103T-3: To understand the different techniques for drug discovery.

Item	Approx Hrs
Lecture	12
Practical (P)	0
SW	1
SL	2
Total	15

Session Outcomes (SOs)	Laboratory Instruction (LI)	Class room Instruction (CI)	Self Learning (SL)
Theory SO3.1: Systematic study, SAR, Mechanism of action and synthesis of new generation molecules of various class of Drug. SO3.2: Stereochemistry and Drug action.	NA	 3.1: Systematic study, SAR, Mechanism of action and synthesis of new generation molecules of Anti- hypertensive drugs 3.2: Systematic study, SAR, Mechanism of action and synthesis of new generation molecules of Psychoactive drug 3.3: Systematic study, SAR, Mechanism of action and synthesis of new generation molecules of Anticonvulsant drugs 3.4: Systematic study, SAR, Mechanism of action and synthesis of new generation molecules of H1 & H2 receptor antagonist 3.5: Systematic study, SAR, Mechanism of action and synthesis of new generation molecules of H1 & H2 receptor antagonist 3.5: Systematic study, SAR, Mechanism of action and synthesis of new generation molecules of COX1 & COX2 inhibitors 3.6: Systematic study SAR, MOA and synthesis of new generation molecules of Adrenergic & Cholinergic age 3.7: Realization that stereo selectivity is a pre-requisite for evolution 3.8: Case study 3.9: Enantio selectivity in drug adsorption 3.10: Enantio selectivity in drug metabolism 3.12: Enantio selectivity in drug 	 3.1: Systematic study, SAR, Mechanism of action and synthesis of new generation molecules of Antineoplastic and Antiviral agents 3.2: Role of chirality in selective and specific therapeutic agents

Suggested Assignments:

1. Explain Systematic study and synthesis of new generation molecules of H1 & H2 receptor antagonist.

Unit IV

CO-MPC 103T-4: To understand the various strategies to design and develop new drug like molecules for biological targets.

Item	Approx Hrs
Lecture	12
Practical (P)	0
SW	2
SL	1
Total	15

Session Outcomes (SOs)	Laboratory Instruction (LI)	Class room Instruction (CI)	Self Learning (SL)
Theory SO4.1: Rational Design of Enzyme Inhibitors.	NA	 4.1: Introduction of Enzyme kinetics 4.2: Mechanism of Enzyme kinetics 4.3: Importance of Enzyme kinetics 4.4: Principles of Enzyme inhibitors 4.5: Enzyme inhibitors in medicine 4.6: Application of Enzyme inhibitors in medicine 4.7: Enzyme inhibitors in basic research 4.8: Importance of Enzyme inhibitors in basic research 4.9: Rational design of non-covalently 4.10: Mechanism of rational design of non-covalently 4.11: Covalently binding enzyme inhibitors 4.12: Mechanism covalently binding enzyme inhibitors 	4.1: Application of Enzyme inhibitors in medicine

Suggested Assignments:

- 1. Explain about analysis of Importance of Enzyme kinetics.
- 2. Write note on rational design of non-covalently.

Unit V

CO-MPC 103T-5: To understand the in study of Peptidomimetics.

Item	Approx Hrs
Lecture	12
Practical (P)	0
SW	2
SL	1
Total	15

Session Outcomes (SOs)	Laboratory Instruction (LI)	Class room Instruction (CI)	Self Learning (SL)
Theory SO5.1: Study of Peptidomimetics.	NA	 5.1: Introduction to Peptidomimetics 5.2: Concept of Peptidomimetics 5.3: Therapeutic values of Peptidomimetics 5.4: Application of Peptidomimetics 5.5: Design of peptidomimetics by manipulation of the amino acids 5.6: Conformational search used in manipulation of the amino acids 5.7: Modification of the peptide backbone 5.8: Importance of modification of the peptide backbone 5.9: Incorporating conformational constraints locally or globally 5.10: Chemistry of prostaglandins 5.11: Introduction to leukotrienes 5.12: Concept of thromboxones 	5.1: Modification of the peptide backbone.

Suggested Assignments:

- 1. Give the Application of Peptidomimetics .
- 2. Discuss in detail structure based chemistry of prostaglandins.

Brief of Hours suggested for the Course Outcome

Course Out comes	Class Lecture (Cl)	(LI)	Sessional Work (SW)	Self Learning (Sl)	Total Hour (Cl+SW+ Sl+LI)
CO-MPC 103T-1: To understand the different stages of drug discovery.	12	0	1	2	15
CO-MPC 103T-2: To understand the Study of Role of medicinal chemistry in drug research.	12	0	1	2	15
CO-MPC 103T-3: To understand the different techniques for drug discovery.	12	0	1	2	15
CO-MPC 103T-4: To understand the various strategies to design and develop new drug like molecules for biological targets.	12	0	2	1	15
CO-MPC 103T-5: To understand the in study of Peptidomimetics.	15	0	2	1	15
Total Hours	60	0	7	8	75

Suggestion for End Semester Assessment

Correct Order and	Unit Titles	N	larks Di	istribution	Total
Course Outcome		Α	С	Ε	Marks
CO-MPC 103T-1:	To understand the different stages of drug discovery.	08	07	07	22
CO-MPC 103T-2:	To understand the Study of Role of medicinal chemistry in drug research.	08	06	02	16
СО-МРС 103Т-3:	To understand the different techniques for drug discovery.	12	07	01	20
CO-MPC 103T-4:	To understand the various strategies to design and develop new drug like molecules for biological targets.	11	06	03	20
CO-MPC 103T-5:	To understand the in study of Peptidomimetics.	08	07	02	22
	Total	47	33	20	100
L	Legend: A: Apply C: Crea	tive	E: 1	Evaluate	

Suggested Specification Table (For ESA)

The end of semester assessment for Advanced Medicinal Chemistry will be held with written examination of 75 marks.

Note. Detailed Assessment rubric need to be prepared by the course wise teachers for above tasks. Teachers can also design different tasks as per requirement, for end semester assessment.

Suggested Instructional/Implementation Strategies:

- 1. Improved Lecture
- 2. Tutorial
- 3. Case Method
- 4. Group Discussion
- 5. Role Play
- 6. Demonstration
- 7. ICT Based Teaching Learning(Video Demonstration/Tutorials CBT, Blog, Face book, Twitter, Whats app, Mobile, Online sources)
- 8. Brainstorming

Suggested Learning Resources:

S. No.	Title	Author	Publisher	Edition & Year
1	Medicinal Chemistry	Burger,	Wiley Publishing Co	8th Edition2021
2	Text book of Organic Medicinal and Pharmaceutical Chemistry.	Wilson and Gisvold's	Ippincott Williams & Wilkin.	12th Edition2011
3	Comprehensive Medicinal Chemistry.	Corwin and Hansch,	Pergamon Publishers.	1st Edition1990
4	Biopharmaceutics and pharmacokinetics.	DM.Brahmanka r, Sunil B. Jaiswal	Vallabh Prakashan, New Delhi.	II Edition, 2014,
5	An Introduction to Medicinal Chemistry.	Graham L.Patrick	Oxford University Press, USA.	III Edition, 2005
6	The Organic Chemistry of the Drug Design and Drug action.	Richard B.Silverman	Elsevier Publishers, New Delhi.	II Edition, 2004
7	Principles of Medicinal Chemistry.	William Foye, Ippincott Williams & Wilkins,	Woltess Kluwer (India) Pvt.Ltd, New Delhi	7th Edition, 2012

Curriculum Development Team:

- 1. Prof. S.P. Gupta, Director, Rajiv Gandhi Institute of Pharmacy, AKS University
- 2. Ms. Neha Goel, Associate Professor, Rajiv Gandhi Institute of Pharmacy, AKS University
- 3. Mr. Prabhakar Singh Tiwari, Associate Professor, Rajiv Gandhi Institute of Pharmacy, AKS University

Course Outcome & Program Outcome Mapping

Course Outcome	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
	Scientific Knowledge	Technological Application	Modern tool usage	Entrepreneur ship	Practical Skill	Applied Science	Computational and Statistical methodologies	Pharmaceutical Ethics	Environment and sustainability	Life-long learning	Analytical thinking and problem solving ability	Create and Innovate	Quality management and translational research
CO-MPC 103T-1: Drug discovery	3	2	3	1	3	2	1	3	2	3	2	1	3
CO-MPC 103T-2: Drug research	2	2	3	2	1	3	2	2	1	3	3	2	2
CO-MPC 103T-3: Different techniques	1	2	1	3	3	2	3	3	2	2	2	2	3
CO-MPC 103T-4: Molecules for biological targets	2	1	3	2	2	3	2	2	2	3	2	3	2
CO-MPC 103T-5: Peptidomimetics	3	2	2	1	3	2	3	3	1	2	3	1	2

Legend: 1- Low, 2-Medium, 3-High

Course Curriculum Mapping

COs No. & Title	SOs No.	Class Room Instructions	Laboratory Instructions	Self learning
CO-MPC 103T.1:	SO1.1	1.1,1.2,1.3,1.4,1.5,1.6,1		SI-1.1
To understand the different stages	SO1.2	.7,1.8,1.9,1.10,1.11.		SI-1.2
of drug discovery.		1.12		
CO-MPC 103T.2:	SO2.1	2.1, 2.2, 2.3, 2.4, 2.5,		SI-2.1
To understand the Study of Role of	SO2.2	2.6, 2.7, 2.8, 2.9, 2.10,		SI-2.2
medicinal chemistry in drug	SO2.3	2.11,		SI-2.3
research.		2.12		
СО-МРС 103Т.3:	SO3.1	3.1,3.2,3.3,3.4,3.5,3.6,3		SI-3.1
To understand the different	SO3.2	.7,3.8,3.9,3.10,3.11,3.1		SI-3.2
techniques for drug discovery.		2.		
CO-MPC 103T.4:	SO4.1	4.1,4.2,4.3,4.4,4.5,4.6,4		SI-4.1
To understand the various		.7,4.8,4.9,4.10,4.11,4.1		
strategies to design and develop		2.		
new drug like molecules for				
biological targets.				
СО-МРС 103Т.5:	SO5.1	5.1,5.2,5.3,5.4,5.5,5.6,5		SI-5.1
To understand the in study of		.7,5.8,5.9,5.10,5.11.		
Peptidomimetics.		5.12		
	CO-MPC 103T.1: To understand the different stages of drug discovery. CO-MPC 103T.2: To understand the Study of Role of medicinal chemistry in drug research. CO-MPC 103T.3: To understand the different techniques for drug discovery. CO-MPC 103T.4: To understand the various strategies to design and develop new drug like molecules for biological targets. CO-MPC 103T.5: To understand the in study of	CO-MPC 103T.1: To understand the different stages of drug discovery.SO1.1 SO1.2CO-MPC 103T.2: To understand the Study of Role of medicinal chemistry in drug research.SO2.1 SO2.2 SO2.3CO-MPC 103T.3: To understand the different techniques for drug discovery.SO3.1 SO3.2CO-MPC 103T.4: To understand the various strategies to design and develop new drug like molecules for biological targets.SO5.1 SO5.1	CO-MPC 103T.1: SO1.1 I.1,1.2,1.3,1.4,1.5,1.6,1 To understand the different stages of drug discovery. SO1.2 .7,1.8,1.9,1.10,1.11. OCO-MPC 103T.2: SO2.1 .2.1, 2.2, 2.3, 2.4, 2.5, To understand the Study of Role of medicinal chemistry in drug research. SO2.3 2.6, 2.7, 2.8, 2.9, 2.10, CO-MPC 103T.3: SO3.1 3.1,3.2,3.3,3.4,3.5,3.6,3, To understand the different techniques for drug discovery. SO3.1 3.1,3.2,3.3,3.4,3.5,3.6,3, To understand the various strategies to design and develop new drug like molecules for biological targets. SO4.1 4.1,4.2,4.3,4.4,4.5,4.6,4, To understand the in study of SO5.1 5.1,5.2,5.3,5.4,5.5,5.6,5,	Instructions Instructions CO-MPC 103T.1: To understand the different stages of drug discovery. SO1.1 SO1.2 1.1,1.2,1.3,1.4,1.5,1.6,1 .7,1.8,1.9,1.10,1.11. Image: CO-MPC 103T.2: To understand the Study of Role of medicinal chemistry in drug research. SO2.1 SO2.2 2.1, 2.2, 2.3, 2.4, 2.5, .2.6, 2.7, 2.8, 2.9, 2.10, 2.11, 2.12 CO-MPC 103T.3: To understand the different techniques for drug discovery. SO3.1 SO3.2 3.1,3.2,3.3,3.4,3.5,3.6,3 .7,3.8,3.9,3.10,3.11,3.1 CO-MPC 103T.4: To understand the various strategies to design and develop new drug like molecules for biological targets. SO4.1 4.1,4.2,4.3,4.4,4.5,4.6,4 .7,5.8,5.9,5.10,5.11. CO-MPC 103T.5: To understand the in study of SO5.1 5.1,5.2,5.3,5.4,5.5,5.6,5 .7,5.8,5.9,5.10,5.11.



AKS University

Faculty of Pharmaceutical Science & Technology Rajiv Gandhi Institute of Pharmacy Curriculumof M. Pharmacy (Pharmaceutical Chemistry-MPC) Program (Revised as on 01 August 2023) Semester-I

Course Code: Course Title:	MPC 104T Chemistry of Natural Products
Pre-requisite:	Student should have basic knowledge of The subject is designed to provide detail knowledge about chemistry of medicinal compounds from natural origin and general methods of structural elucidation of such compounds. It also emphasizes on isolation, purification and characterization of medicinal compounds from natural origin.
Rationale/Objective s:	 Upon completion of course, the student shall be to understand Different types of natural compounds and their chemistry and medicinal importance. The importance of natural compounds as lead molecules for new drug discovery. The concept of rDNA technology tool for new drug discovery. General methods of structural elucidation of compounds of natural origin. Isolation, purification and characterization of simple chemical constituents from natural source.

Course Out comes:

CO-MPC 104T-1: To understand the Basic Aspects of natural compounds and their chemistry and medicinal importance.

CO-MPC 104T-2: To understand the Study of natural compounds as lead molecules for new drug discovery.

CO-MPC 104T-3: To understand the the concept of rDNA technology tool for new drug discovery.

CO-MPC 104T-4: To understand the structural elucidation of compounds of natural origin.

CO-MPC 104T-5: To understand the Isolation, purification and characterization of simple chemical constituents from natural source.

Scheme of Studies

		Program Name	Total Number of contact hours/Week						
Course code	Title of the		Classroom Instruction (A)	Practical	CW	CI	Total	Credit	
	course		Lecture	(P)	SW	SL	Hours		
							(H)		
MPC 104T	Chemistry of Natural Products	N /1	4	-	1	1	6	4	

Legend: CI: Classroom Instruction (Includes different instructional strategies i.e. Lecture (L) and Tutorial (T) and others)

LI: Laboratory Instruction (Includes Practical performances in laboratory workshop, field or other locations using different instructional strategies)

SW: Sessional Work (includes assignment, seminar, mini project etc.)

SL: Self Learning, Credits

Note: SW & SL has to be planned and performed under the continuous guidance and feedback of teacher to ensure outcome of Learning

Theory Assessment

Course	Course	Internal Assessment (A)			End Sen	nester Exams (B)	Total Marks	
Code		Continuous	Sessional Exams		Total	Marks	Duration	(A+B)
		Mode	Marks	Duration				
MPC 104T	Chemistry of Natural Products	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100

Guidelines for the allotment of marks for attendance

Percentage of Attendance	Theory	Practical
95 - 100	8	10
90 - 94	6	7.5
85 - 89	4	5
80 - 84	2	2.5
Less than 80	0	0

Course-Curriculum Detailing:

This course syllabus illustrates the expected learning achievements, both at the course and session levels, which students are anticipated to accomplish through various modes of instruction including Classroom Instruction (CI), Laboratory Instruction (LI), Sessional Work (SW), and Self Learning (SL). As the course progresses, students should showcase their mastery of Session Outcomes (SOs), culminating in the overall achievement of Course Outcomes (COs) upon the course's conclusion.

Unit I

CO-MPC 104T-1: To understand the Basic Aspects of natural compounds and their chemistry and medicinal importance.

Item	Approx Hrs
Lecture	12
Practical (P)	0
SW	1
SL	2
Total	15

Session Outcomes (SOs)	Laboratory Instruction (LI)	Class room Instruction (CI)	Self Learning (SL)
Theory	NA	1.1: Drugs Affecting the Central	1.1: To study the
		Nervous System: Morphine	Study of Natural
SO1.1: Basic Aspects		Alkaloids	products as leads
of natural compounds		1.2: Anticancer Drugs: Paclitaxel	for new
		and Docetaxe	pharmaceuticals
SO1.2: chemistry and		1.3: Anticancer Drugs: Etoposide,	
medicinal importance		and Teniposide	1.2: Chemistry of
		1.4: Cardiovascular Drugs:	macrolid
		Lovastatin	antibiotics
		1.5: Cardiovascular Drugs:	
		Teprotide and Dicoumarol	
		1.6: Neuromuscular Blocking	
		Drugs: Curare alkaloids	
		1.7: Anti-malarial drugs and	
		Analogues	
		1.8: Chemistry of macrolid	
		antibiotics	
		1.9: Erythromycin, Azithromycin.	
		1.10: Roxithromycin, and	
		Clarithromycin	
		1.11: β - Lactam antibiotics	
		1.12: Cephalosporins and	
		Carbapenem	

Suggested Assignments:

1. Write the detail about Anti-malarial drugs and Analogues.

Unit II

CO-MPC 104T-2: To understand the Study of natural compounds as lead molecules for new drug discovery.

Item	Approx Hrs
Lecture	12
Practical (P)	0
SW	2
SL	1
Total	15

Session Outcomes (SOs)	Laboratory Instruction (LI)	Class room Instruction (CI)	Self Learning (SL)
Theory	NA	2.1: General introduction, classification,	2.1: General
		isolation, purification, molecular	methods of
SO2.1: Study		modification and biological activity of	structural
of natural compounds		alkaloids	determination of
as lead molecules for		2.2: Study of general methods of	alkaloids
new drug discovery		structural determination of alkaloids	
		2.3: Structural elucidation and	
		stereochemistry of ephedrine	
		2.4: Structural elucidation and	
		stereochemistry of, morphine	
		2.5: Structural elucidation and	
		stereochemistry of ergot	
		2.6: Structural elucidation and	
		stereochemistry of emetine and reserpine	
		2.7: Introduction, isolation and	
		purification of flavonoids	
		2.8: General methods of structural	
		determination of flavonoids	
		2.9: Structural elucidation of quercetin	
		2.10: General introduction, chemistry of	
		sterols, sapogenin and cardiac glycosides	
		2.11: Stereochemistry and nomenclature	
		of steroids	
		2.12: Chemistry of contraceptive agent's	
		male & female sex hormones	

Suggested Assignments:

- 1. Write chemistry of contraceptive agent's male & female sex hormones.
- 2. Explain testosterone, estradiol, progesterone.

Unit III

CO-MPC 104T-3: To understand the concept of rDNA technology tool for new drug discovery.

Item	Approx Hrs
Lecture	12
Practical (P)	0
SW	1
SL	2
Total	15

Session Outcomes (SOs)	Laboratory Instruction (LI)	Class room Instruction (CI)	Self Learning (SL)
		 (CI) 3.1: Classification, isolation, isoprene rule and general methods of Terpenoids 3.2: Structural elucidation of Terpenoids 3.3: Structural elucidation of drugs belonging to mono citral, menthol, camphor 3.4: Structural elucidation of drugs belonging to di(retinol, Phytol, taxol) 3.5: Tri terpenoids (Squalene,Ginsenoside) carotinoids (β carotene) 3.6: Chemistry and Physiological significance of Vitamin A 3.7: Chemistry and Physiological significance of Vitamin B1 3.8: Chemistry and Physiological significance of Vitamin B2 	(SL)
		 3.9: Chemistry and Physiological significance of Vitamin B12 3.10: Chemistry and Physiological significance of Vitamin C 3.11: Chemistry and Physiological significance of Vitamin E 3.12: Chemistry and Physiological significance of Vitamin Folic acid and Niacin 	

Suggested Assignments:

1. Explain structural elucidation of Terpenoids.

Unit IV

CO-MPC 104T-4: To understand the structural elucidation of compounds of natural origin.

Item	Approx Hrs
Lecture	12
Practical (P)	0
SW	1
SL	2
Total	15

Session Outcomes	Laboratory	Self Learning	
(SOs)	Instruction (LI)	(CI)	(SL)
Theory	NA	4.1: Recombinant DNA technology and drug discovery	4.1: Oligonucleotide therapy. Gene therapy:
SO4.1: Recombinant DNA		4.2: rDNA technology, hybridoma technology	Introduction, Clinical application and recent
technology and drug discovery		4.3: New pharmaceuticals derived from biotechnology4.4: Oligonucleotide therapy	advances in gene therapy
SO4.2: Active constituent of certain crude drugs used in Indigenous system		 4.5: Gene therapy: Introduction, Clinical applications 4.6: Recent advances in gene therapy, principles of RNA & DNA estimation 4.7: Active constituent of certain crude drugs used in Indigenous system Diabetic therapy 4.8: Gymnema sylvestre, Salacia reticulate 4.9: Pterocarpus marsupiam, Swertia 4.10: Trigonella foenum graccum 4.11: Liver dysfunction: Phyllanthus niruri 4.12: Antitumor – Curcuma longa Linn 	4.2: Gymnema sylvestre, Salacia reticulate, Pterocarpus marsup.

Suggested Assignments:

1. Write note on new pharmaceuticals derived from biotechnology.

Unit V

CO-MPC 104T-5: To understand the Isolation, purification and characterization of simple chemical constituents from natural source.

Item	Approx Hrs
Lecture	12
Practical (P)	0
SW	2
SL	1
Total	15

Session Outcomes (SOs)	Laboratory Instruction (LI)	Class room Instruction (CI)	Self Learning (SL)
Theory	NA	5.1: Structural Characterization of	5.1: Structural
		natural compounds	characterization
SO5.1: Structural		5.2: Structural characterization of	of natural
Characterization of		natural compounds using IR	compounds using
natural compounds		5.3: Structural characterization of	13C NMR
		natural compounds using 1H NMR	
		5.4: Structural characterization of	
		natural compounds using 13C NMR	
		5.5: MS Spectroscopy of specific drug	
		Penicillin.	
		5.6: MS Spectroscopy of specific drug	
		morphine	
		5.7: MS Spectroscopy of specific drug camphor	
		5.8: MS Spectroscopy of specific drug	
		Vit-D	
		5.9: MS Spectroscopy of specific drug	
		quercetin	
		5.10: MS Spectroscopy of specific drug	
		Digitalis	
		5.11: MS Spectroscopy of specific drug	
		glycosides	
		5.12: MS Spectroscopy of specific drug	
		glycosides	

Suggested Assignments:

- 1. Give the Structural characterization of natural compounds using IR.
- 2. Discuss in detail MS Spectroscopy of specific drug glycosides.

Brief of Hours suggested for the Course Outcome

Course Out comes	Class Lecture (Cl)	(LI)	Sessional Work (SW)	Self Learning (Sl)	Total Hour (Cl+SW+ Sl+LI)
CO-MPC 104T-1: To understand the Basic Aspects of natural compounds and their chemistry and medicinal importance.	12	0	1	2	15
CO-MPC 104T-2: To understand the Study of natural compounds as lead molecules for new drug discovery.	12	0	2	1	15
CO-MPC 104T-3: To understand the concept of rDNA technology tool for new drug discovery	15	0	1	2	15
CO-MPC 104T-4: To understand the structural elucidation of compounds of natural origin.	12	0	1	2	15
CO-MPC 104T-5: To understand the Isolation, purification and characterization of simple chemical constituents from natural source.	12	0	2	1	15
Total Hours	60	0	7	8	75

Course Outcome		N	/larks Dist	ribution	Total
Course Outcome	Unit Titles	Α	C	Ε	Marks
CO-MPC 104T-1:	To understand the Basic Aspects of natural compounds and their chemistry and medicinal importance.	08	07	07	22
CO-MPC 104T-2:	To understand the Study of natural compounds as lead molecules for new drug discovery.	08	06	02	16
CO-MPC 104T-3:	To understand the the concept of rDNA technology tool for new drug discovery	12	07	01	20
CO-MPC 104T-4:	To understand the structural elucidation of compounds of natural origin	11	06	03	20
CO-MPC 104T-5:	To understand the Isolation, purification and characterization of simple chemical constituents from natural source	08	07	07	22
	Total	47	33	20	100

Suggested Specification Table (For ESA)

Legend: A: Apply C: Creative E: Evaluate

The end of semester assessment for Chemistry of Natural Products will be held with written examination of 75 marks.

Note. Detailed Assessment rubric need to be prepared by the course wise teachers for above tasks.

Teachers can also design different tasks as per requirement, for end semester assessment.

Suggested Instructional/Implementation Strategies:

- 1. Improved Lecture
- 2. Tutorial
- 3. Case Method
- 4. Group Discussion
- 5. Role Play
- 6. Demonstration
- 7. ICT Based Teaching Learning(Video Demonstration/Tutorials CBT, Blog,

Face book, Twitter, Whats app, Mobile, Online sources)

8. Brainstorming

Suggested Learning Resources:

S. No.	Title			Edition & Year
1	"Modern Methods of Plant Analysis".	Peech and M.V.Tracey		-2013
2	"Phytochemistry Vol. I and II".	Jan Nostrant Rein Hld,		-
3	"Recent advances in Phytochemistry Vol. I to IV".	Scikel Runeckles.	Springer Science & Business Media.	
5	Natural Product Chemistry.	Nakanishi Gggolo	University Science Book, California	
6	Natural Product Chemistry "A laboratory guide"	Rapheal Khan		1965
7	The Alkaloid Chemistry and Physiology.	RHF Mans	- Academic Press.	- 1959
8	Introduction to molecular Phytochemistry.	CHJ Wells, Chapmannstall		2018
9	Organic Chemistry of Natural Products Vol I and II	Gurdeep and Chatwall	- Himalaya Publishing	38 th Editi on,2010
10	Organic Chemistry of Natural Products Vol. I and II	O.P. Agarwal	- Krishan Prakashsn.	2015
11	Elements of Biotechnology.	P.K. Gupta	Rastogi Publishers	2010
12	Pharmaceutical Biotechnology	S.P.Vyas and V.K.Dixit	CBS Publishers	2009

Curriculum Development Team:

- 1. Prof. S.P. Gupta, Director, Rajiv Gandhi Institute of Pharmacy, AKS University
- 2. Ms. Neha Goel, Associate Professor, Rajiv Gandhi Institute of Pharmacy, AKS University
- 3. Mr. Prabhakar Singh Tiwari, Associate Professor, Rajiv Gandhi Institute of Pharmacy, AKS University

Course Outcome	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
	Scientific Knowledge	Technological Application	Modern tool usage	Entrepreneur ship	Practical Skill	Applied Science	Computational and Statistical methodologies	Pharmaceutical Ethics	Environment and sustainability	Life-long learning	Analytical thinking and problem solving ability	Create and Innovate	Quality management and translational research
CO-MPC 104T-1: Natural compounds	3	2	3	1	3	2	1	3	2	3	2	1	3
CO-MPC 104T-2: Molecules for new drug discovery	2	2	3	2	1	3	2	2	1	3	3	2	2
CO-MPC 104T-3: rDNA technology tool	1	2	1	3	3	2	3	3	2	2	2	2	3
CO-MPC 104T-4: Structural elucidation of compounds	2	1	3	2	2	3	2	2	2	3	2	3	2
CO-MPC 104T-5: Isolation, purification and characterization	3	2	2	1	3	2	3	3	1	2	3	1	2

Course Outcome & Program Outcome Mapping

Legend: 1- Low, 2-Medium, 3-High

Course Curriculum Mapping

POs & PSOs No.	COs No. & Title	SOs No.	Class Room Instructions	Laboratory Instructions	Self learning
POs:1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10	CO-MPC 104T-1:	SO1.1	1.1,1.2,1.3,1.4,1.5,1.6,1.7		SI-1.1
PSOs:1,2,3	To understand the Basic Aspects of natural compounds and their chemistry and medicinal importance.	SO1.2	,1.8,1.9,1.10,1.11. 1.12		SI-1.2
POs:1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10	СО-МРС 104Т-2:	SO2.1	2.1, 2.2, 2.3, 2.4, 2.5, 2.6,		SI-2.1
	To understand the Study of natural		2.7, 2.8, 2.9, 2.10, 2.11,		
PSOs:1,2,3	compounds as lead molecules for		2.12		
	new drug discovery.				
POs:1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10	CO-MPC 104T-3:	SO3.1	3.1,3.2,3.3,3.4,3.5,3.6,3.7		SI-3.1
	To understand the the concept of	SO3.2	,3.8,3.9,3.10,3.11,3.12.		SI-3.2
PSOs:1,2,3	rDNA technology tool for new drug				
	discovery.				
POs:1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10	CO-MPC 104T-4:	SO4.1	4.1,4.2,4.3,4.4,4.5,4.6,4.7		SI-4.1
	To understand the structural	SO4.2	,4.8,4.9,4.10,4.11,4.12.		SI-4.2
PSOs:1,2,3	elucidation of compounds of natural				
	origin.				
POs:1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10	CO-MPC 104T-5:	SO5.1	5.1,5.2,5.3,5.4,5.5,5.6,5.7		SI-5.1
	To understand the Isolation,		,5.8,5.9,5.10,5.11. 5.12		
PSOs:1,2,3	purification and characterization of				
	simple chemical constituents from				
	natural source.				



A K S University Faculty of Pharmaceutical Science & Technology Rajiv Gandhi Institute of Pharmacy Curriculum of M. Pharmacy (Pharmaceutical Chemistry-MPC) Program (Revised as on 01 August 2023) Semester-I

Course Code:	MPC 105P
Course Title:	Pharmaceutical Chemistry Practical - I

Practical Assessment

Course Code	Course	Internal Assessment (A)				End Semester Exam (B)		Total Marks	
		Continuous Mode	ous Sessional Exams		Total	Marks	Duration	(A+B)	
			Marks	Duration					
MPC 105P	Pharmaceutical Chemistry Practical -I	20	30	6 Hrs	50	100	6 Hrs	150	

S. No.	List of Practicals
1.	Analysis of Pharmacopoeial compounds and their formulations by UV Vis spectrophotometer, RNA &
	DNA estimation.
2.	Simultaneous estimation of multi component containing formulations by UV spectrophotometry.
3.	Experiments based on Column chromatography.
4.	Experiments based on HPLC.
5.	Experiments based on Gas Chromatography.
6.	Estimation of riboflavin/quinine sulphate by fluorimetry.
7.	Estimation of sodium/potassium by flame photometry.
To perfo	rm the following reactions of synthetic importance
1.	Purification of organic solvents, column chromatograph 3. 4. 5.
2.	Claisen-schimidt reaction.
3.	Benzyllic acid rearrangement.
4.	Beckmann rearrangement.
5.	Hoffmann rearrangement.
6.	Mannich reaction.
7.	Synthesis of medicinally important compounds involving more than one step along with purification
	and Characterization using TLC, melting point and IR spectroscopy (4 experiments)
8.	Estimation of elements and functional groups in organic natural compounds.
9.	Isolation, characterization like melting point, mixed melting point, molecular weight determination,
	functional group analysis, co-chromatographic technique for identification of isolated compounds and
	interpretation of UV and IR data.
10.	Some typical degradation reactions to be carried on selected plant constituents.



AKS University

Faculty of Pharmaceutical Science & Technology Rajiv Gandhi Institute of Pharmacy Curriculum of M. Pharmacy (Pharmaceutical Chemistry-MPC) Program (Revised as on 01 August 2023) Semester-II

Course Code: Course Title: Pre-requisite:	MPC 201T Advanced Spectral Analysis Student should have basic knowledge of various spectroscopy techniques and their importance in pharmaceutical chemistry.
Rationale/Objectives:	 Upon completion of course, the student shall be to understand Interpretation of the NMR, Mass and IR spectra of various organic Identification of organic compounds Theoretical and practical skills of the hyphenated instruments compounds

Course Out comes:

CO-MPC 201T-1: To understand about the basic concept of UV and IR spectroscopy.
CO-MPC 201T-2: To understand about the concept, working and importance of NMR spectroscopy.
CO-MPC 201T-3: To understand the concept of Mass spectroscopy and fragmentation.
CO-MPC 201T-4: To understand the principle, instrumentation and application of Chromatography.
CO-MPC 201T-5: To understand about the Raman spectroscopy and Radio immune assay.

Scheme of Studies

			Total Number of contact hours/Week					
Course code	Title of the course	Program Name	Classroom Instruction (A) Practical			GT	Total	Credit
cour			Lecture	(P)	SW	SL	Hours (H)	
MPC 201T	Advanced Spectral Analysis	M. Pharmacy	4	-	1	1	6	4

Legend: CI: Classroom Instruction (Includes different instructional strategies i.e. Lecture (L) and Tutorial (T) and others)

LI: Laboratory Instruction (Includes Practical performances in laboratory workshop, field or other locations using different instructional strategies)

SW: Sessional Work (includes assignment, seminar, mini project etc.)

SL: Self Learning, Credits

Note: SW & SL has to be planned and performed under the continuous guidance and feedback of teacher to ensure outcome of Learning

Theory Assessment

Course Code	Course	Inter	Internal Assessment (A)			End S Exa	Total Marks	
		Continuous Mode	Sessional Exams		Total	Marks	Duration	(A + B)
			Marks	Duration				
MPC 201T	Advanced Spectral Analysis	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100

Guidelines for the allotment of marks for attendance

Percentage of Attendance	Theory	Practical
95 - 100	8	10
90 - 94	6	7.5
85 - 89	4	5
80 - 84	2	2.5
Less than 80	0	0

Course-Curriculum Detailing:

This course syllabus illustrates the expected learning achievements, both at the course and session levels, which students are anticipated to accomplish through various modes of instruction including Classroom Instruction (CI), Laboratory Instruction (LI), Sessional Work (SW), and Self Learning (SL). As the course progresses, students should showcase their mastery of Session Outcomes (SOs), culminating in the overall achievement of Course Outcomes (COs) upon the course's conclusion.

Unit I

CO-MPC 201T-1: To understand about the basic concept of UV and IR spectroscopy.

Item	Approx Hrs
Lecture	12
Practical (P)	0
SW	2
SL	1
Total	15

Session Outcomes	Laboratory	Class room Instruction	Self Learning
(SOs)	Instruction	(CI)	(SL)
	(LI)		
Theory	NA	1.1: Introduction UV spectroscopy	1.1: Can read about the
		1.2: Introduction of IR spectroscopy	various different uses
SO1.1:		1.3: Wood ward – Fieser rule for	of UV and IR
Introduction UV		butadienes	spectroscopy
spectroscopy		1.4: Cyclic dienes	
		1.5: α , β -carbonyl compounds	
SO1.2: Intermediates		1.6: Interpretation compounds of	
nitrenes		enones	
		1.7: ATR-IR	
		1.8: IR Interpretation of organic	
		compounds	
		1.9: Intermediates nitrenes	
		1.10: Their method of formation	
		1.11: Stability	
		1.12: Synthetic applications	

Suggested Assignments:

- 1. Introduction UV spectroscopy.
- 2. IR Interpretation of organic compounds.

Unit II

CO-MPC 201T-2: To understand about the concept, working and importance of NMR spectroscopy.

Item	Approx Hrs
Lecture	12
Practical (P)	0
SW	2
SL	1
Total	15

Session Outcomes (SOs)	Laboratory Instruction (LI)	Class room Instruction (CI)	Self Learning (SL)		
Theory	NA	2.1: Introduction NMR	2.1:		
		spectroscopy	Understand		
SO2.1: Interpretation		2.2: 1-D NMR	about different		
of organic		2.3: 2-D NMR	feature and		
compounds		2.4: NOESY	uses of NMR		
SO2 2. Intermediation		2.5: COSY			
of organic	SO2.2: Interpretation 2.6: HECTOR				
compounds		2.7: HECTOR advanced			
compounds		2.8: INADEQUATE techniques			
		2.9: INADEQUATE techniques			
		Interpretation			
		2.10: Interpretation			
		2.11: Interpretation of organic			
		compounds			
		2.12: Interpretation of organic			
		compounds			

- 1. Explain INADEQUATE techniques.
- 2. Explain HECTOR advanced.

Unit III

CO-MPC 201T-3: To understand the concept of Mass spectroscopy and fragmentation.

Item	Approx Hrs
Lecture	12
Practical (P)	0
SW	2
SL	1
Total	15

Session Outcomes	Laboratory	Class room Instruction	Self Learning		
(SOs)	Instruction	(CI) (SL)			
	(LI)				
Theory	NA	3.1: Mass Spectroscopy	3.1: Can read		
		3.2: Mass fragmentation	about the		
SO3.1: Mass		3.3: Its rules	comparative		
Spectroscopy		3.4: Fragmentation of important	study of Mass,		
		functional groups like alcohols	NMR, and IR		
SO3.2:		3.5: Amines	spectroscopy with		
Fragmentation		3.6: Carbonyl groups	importance		
SO3.3:		3.7: Alkanes			
Interpretation of		3.8: Meta stable ions			
organic compounds		3.9: Mc Lafferty rearrangement			
on r		3.10: Ring rule			
		3.11: Isotopic peaks			
		3.12: Interpretation of organic			
		compounds			

- Suggested Assignments:1. Write note on fragmentation of important functional groups like alcohols.2. Explain carbonyl groups.

Unit IV

CO-MPC 201T-4: To understand the principle, instrumentation and application of Chromatography.

Item	Approx Hrs
Lecture	12
Practical (P)	0
SW	2
SL	1
Total	15

Session Outcomes (SOs)	Laboratory Instruction (LI)	Class room Instruction (CI)	Self Learning (SL)
Theory	NA	4.1: Chromatography	4.1: Can
		4.2: Principle, Instrumentation	understand all
SO4.1: All		and Applications	uses and
features of		4.3: GC-MS & GC-AAS	application of
chromatography		4.4: LC-MS	different
techniques		4.5: LC-FTIR	chromatography
		4.6: LC-NMR	techniques
		4.7: CE- MS	
		4.8: High Performance Thin	
		Layer chromatography	
		4.9: Super critical fluid	
		chromatography	
		4.10: Ion Chromatography	
		4.11: I-EC (Ion Exclusion	
		Chromatography)	
		4.12: Flash chromatography	

- 1. Give details on Principle, Instrumentation and Applications of the following- GC-MS.
- 2. Write note on High Performance Thin Layer chromatography.

Unit V

CO-MIC 2011-5. To understand about the Kaman spectroscopy and Kadio minute assay.	CO-MPC 201T-5: To understand about the Raman spectroscopy and Radio) immune assay.
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Item	Approx Hrs
Lecture	12
Practical (P)	0
SW	2
SL	1
Total	15

Session Outcomes (SOs)	Laboratory Instruction	Class room Instruction (CI)	Self Learning (SL)
(308)	(LI)	(CI)	(3L)
Theory	NA	5.1: Thermal methods of analysis	5.1: Can read about
		Introduction	some more
SO5.1: Thermal		5.2: Principle, instrumentation and	products
methods of analysis		application of DSC	Radioimmuno
Introduction		5.3: DTA	assay
SO5.2: Raman		5.4: TGA	
Spectroscopy		5.5: Raman Spectroscopy	
Introduction		Introduction	
		5.6: Principle of Raman	
SO5.3:		Spectroscopy	
Radioimmuno		5.7: Instrumentation of Raman	
assay		Spectroscopy	
		5.8: Applications of Raman	
		Spectroscopy	
		5.9: Radio immuno assay Biological	
		standardization	
		5.10: Bioassay	
		5.11: ELISA	
		5.12: Radioimmuno assay of	
		digitalis and insulin	

- 1. Give description on Thermal methods of analysis Introduction.
- 2. Write note on Radioimmuno assay.

Brief of Hours suggested for the Course Outcome

Course Out comes	Class Lecture (Cl)	(LI)	Session a l Work (SW)	Self Learning (Sl)	Total Hour (Cl+SW+ Sl+LI)
CO-MPC 201T-1: To understand the Basic Aspects of Organic Chemistry and Addition reactions.	12	0	2	1	15
CO-MPC 201T-2: To understand about the concept, working and importance of NMR spectroscopy.	12	0	2	1	15
CO-MPC 201T-3: To understand the concept of Mass spectroscopy and fragmentation.	12	0	2	1	15
CO-MPC 201T-4: To understand the principle, instrumentation and application of Chromatography	12	0	2	1	15
CO-MPC 201T-5: To understand about the Raman spectroscopy and Radio immune assay.	12	0	2	1	15
Total Hours	60	0	10	5	75

Course Outcome		Marks Dist		ribution	Total
Course Outcome	Unit Titles	A	C	E	Marks
CO-MPC 201T-1:	Understand about the basic concept of UV and IR spectroscopy.	08	07	07	22
CO-MPC 201T-2:	To understand about the concept, working and importance of NMR spectroscopy.	08	06	02	16
CO-MPC 201T-3:	To understand the concept of Mass spectroscopy and fragmentation.	12	07	01	20
CO-MPC 201T-4:	To understand the principle, instrumentation and application of Chromatography.	11	06	03	20
CO-MPC 201T-5:	To understand about the Raman		07	07	22
Total			33	20	100

Suggested Specification Table (For ESA)

Legend: A: Apply C: Creative E: Evaluate

The end of semester assessment for Advanced Spectral Analysis will be held with written examination of 75 marks.

Note. Detailed Assessment rubric need to be prepared by the course wise teachers for above tasks.

Teachers can also design different tasks as per requirement, for end semester assessment.

Suggested Instructional/Implementation Strategies:

- 1. Improved Lecture
- 2. Tutorial
- 3. Case Method
- 4. Group Discussion
- 5. Role Play
- 6. Demonstration
- 7. ICT Based Teaching Learning(Video Demonstration/Tutorials CBT, Blog,

Face book, Twitter, Whats app, Mobile, Online sources)

8. Brainstorming

Suggested Learning Resources:

S. No.	Title	Author	Publisher	Edition & Year
1	Pharmaceutical Analysis- Modern methods – Part B	J W Munson.	Marcel Dekker Series	Volume 11
2	Quantitative Analysis of Drugs in Pharmaceutical formulation	P D Sethi	CBS Publishers, New Delhi, 1997	3 rd Edition,
3	Quantitative analysis of Pharmaceutical formulations by HPTLC	P D Sethi.	CBS Publishers, New Delhi, 1997	-
4	Instrumental methods of analysis	Willards	CBS Publishers	7 th Edition
5	Principles of Instrumental Analysis	Doglas A Skoog, F. James Holler, Timothy A. Nieman,	Eastern press, Bangalore, 1998	5 th Editon
6	Spectrometric Identification of Organic compound	Robert M Silverstein	John Wiley & Sons, 2004.	6 th editon

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- 2. Ms. Neha Goel, Associate Professor, Rajiv Gandhi Institute of Pharmacy, AKS University
- 3. Mr. Ashutosh Jain, Assistant Professor, Rajiv Gandhi Institute of Pharmacy, AKS University

Course Outcome	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
	Scientific Knowledge	Technological Application	Modern tool usage	Entrepreneur ship	Practical Skill	Applied Science	Computational and Statistical methodologies	Pharmaceutical Ethics	Environment and sustainability	Life-long learning	Analytical thinking and problem solving ability	Create and Innovate	Quality management and translational research
CO-MPC 201T-1: UV and IR spectroscopy	3	2	3	1	3	2	1	3	2	3	2	1	3
CO-MPC 201T-2: NMR spectroscopy	2	2	3	2	1	3	2	2	1	3	3	2	2
CO-MPC 201T-3: Mass spectroscopy	1	2	1	3	3	2	3	3	2	2	2	2	3
CO-MPC 201T-4: Chromatography	2	1	3	2	2	3	2	2	2	3	2	3	2
CO-MPC 201T-5: Raman spectroscopy and Radio immune assay	3	2	2	1	3	2	3	3	1	2	3	1	2

Course Outcome & Program Outcome Mapping

Legend: 1- Low, 2-Medium, 3-High

Course Curriculum Mapping

POs & PSOs No.	COs No. & Title	SOs No.	Class Room	Laboratory	Self learning
			Instructions	Instructions	
POs:1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10	CO-MPC 201T.1:	SO1.1	1.1,1.2,1.3,1.4,1.5,1.6		SL-1.1
	Understand about the basic	SO1.2	,1.7,1.8,1.9,1.10,1.11,		
PSOs:1,2,3	concept of UV and IR		1.12		
	spectroscopy.				
POs:1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10	CO-MPC 201T.2:	SO2.1	2.1,2.2,2.3,2.4,2.5,2.6		SL-2.1
	To understand about the concept,	SO2.2	,2.7,2.8,2.9,2.10,2.11,		
PSOs:1,2,3	working and importance of NMR		2.12		
	spectroscopy.				
POs:1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10	CO-MPC 201T.3:	SO3.1	3.1,3.2,3.3,3.4,3.5,3.6		SL3.1
	To understand the concept of	SO3.2	,3.7,3.8,3.9,3.10,3.11,		
PSOs:1,2,3	Mass spectroscopy and	SO3.3	3.12		
	fragmentation.				
POs:1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10	CO-MPC 201T.4:	SO4.1	4.1,4.2,4.3,4.4,4.5,4.6		SL-4.1
	To understand the principle,		,4.7,4.8,4.9,4.10,4.11,		
PSOs:1,2,3	instrumentation and application		4.12		
	of Chromatography.				
POs:1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10	CO-MPC 201T.5:	SO5.1	5.1,5.2,5.3,5.4,5.5,5.6		SL 5.1
	To understand about the Raman	SO5.2	,5.7,5.8,5.9,5.10,5.11,		
PSOs:1,2,3	spectroscopy and Radio immune	SO5.3	5.12		
	assay.				

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AKS University

Faculty of Pharmaceutical Science & Technology Rajiv Gandhi Institute of Pharmacy Curriculum of M. Pharmacy (Pharmaceutical Chemistry-MPC) Program (Revised as on 01 August 2023) Semester-II

Course Code: Course Title:	MPC 202T Advanced Organic Chemistry – II
Pre-requisite:	Student should have basic knowledge of elementary organic and physical chemistry. The mechanisms of organic reactions, structure of organic molecules, and theories of reactivity.
Rationale/Objective s:	

- The concept of peptide chemistry.
- The various catalysts used in organic reactions
- The concept of stereochemistry and asymmetric synthesis.

Course Out comes:

CO-MPC 202T-1: To understand the Basic Aspects of Green Chemistry and Introduction, principles of green chemistry addition reactions.

CO-MPC 202T-2: To understand the Study of Chemistry of peptides and Coupling reactions in peptide synthesis.

CO-MPC 202T-3: To understand the Synthetic Basic principles of photochemical reactions. Photooxidation, photo-addition and photo-fragmentation.

CO-MPC 202T-4: To understand the Catalysis.

CO-MPC 202T-5: To understand the Stereochemistry & Asymmetric Synthesis.

Scheme of Studies

			Total Number of	of contact he	ours/V	Veek		
Course code	Title of the course	Program Name	Classroom Instruction (A)	Practical	CW	CI	Total	Credit
coue			Lecture	(P)	SW SL		Hours (H)	
MPC 202T	Advanced Organic Chemistry - II	M. Pharmacy	4	-	1	1	6	4

Legend: CI: Classroom Instruction (Includes different instructional strategies i.e. Lecture (L) and Tutorial (T) and others),

LI: Laboratory Instruction (Includes Practical performances in laboratory workshop, field or other locations using different instructional strategies)

SW: Sessional Work (includes assignment, seminar, mini project etc.),

SL: Self Learning, Credits.

Note: SW & SL has to be planned and performed under the continuous guidance and feedback of teacher to ensure outcome of Learning.

Theory Assessment

Course Code	Course	Internal Assessment (A)				Semester .ms (B)	Total Marks	
		Continuous Mode	Sessio	nal Exams	Total	Marks	Duration	(A+B)
			Marks	Duration				
MPC 202T	Advanced Organic Chemistry - II	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100

Guidelines for the allotment of marks for attendance

Percentage of Attendance	Theory	Practical
95 - 100	8	10
90 - 94	6	7.5
85 - 89	4	5
80 - 84	2	2.5
Less than 80	0	0

Course-Curriculum Detailing:

This course syllabus illustrates the expected learning achievements, both at the course and session levels, which students are anticipated to accomplish through various modes of instruction including Classroom Instruction (CI), Laboratory Instruction (LI), Sessional Work (SW), and Self Learning (SL). As the course progresses, students should showcase their mastery of Session Outcomes (SOs), culminating in the overall achievement of Course Outcomes (COs) upon the course's conclusion.

Unit I

CO-MPC 202T-1: To understand the Basic Aspects of Green Chemistry and Introduction, principles of green

chemistry addition reactions.

Item	Approx Hrs
Lecture	12
Practical (P)	0
SW	2
SL	1
Total	15

Session Outcomes (SOs)	Laboratory Instruction (LI)	Class room Instruction (CI)	Self Learning (SL)
Theory SO1.1: Basic aspects Green of Chemistry SO1.2: Green Chemistry Addition reactions	NA	 1.1: Introduction, principles of green chemistry 1.2: Microwave assisted reactions 1.3: Merit and demerits of its use, increased reaction rates 1.4: Mechanism, superheating effects of microwave, effects of solvents in microwave assisted synthesis 1.5: Microwave technology in process optimization 1.6: Its applications in various organic reactions and heterocycles synthesis 1.7: Types of sonochemical reactions 1.8: Homogenous, heterogeneous liquid-liquid 1.9: liquid-solid reactions 1.10: Synthetic applications 1.11: Continuous flow reactors: Working principle 1.12: Advantages and synthetic applications 	1.1: To understand the Basic Aspects of Green Chemistry and Introduction, principles of green chemistry addition reactions

Suggested Assignments:

1. Explain introduction, principles of green chemistry.

2. Write merit and demerits of its use, increased reaction rates.

Unit II

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CO-MPC 202T-2: To understand the Study of Chemistry of peptides and Coupling reactions in peptide synthesis.

Iten	Approx Hrs
Lectu	re 12
Practica	1 (P) 0
SW	2
SL	1
Tota	1 15

Session Outcomes (SOs)	Laboratory Instruction (LI)	Class room Instruction (CI)	Self Learning (SL)
Theory SO2.1: Study of Chemistry of peptides a. Coupling reactions in peptide synthesis.	NA	 2.1: Coupling reactions in peptide synthesis 2.2: Principles of solid phase peptide synthesis 2.3: t-BOC and FMOC protocols, various solid supports and linkers 2.4: Activation procedures, peptide bond formation 2.5: Deprotection and cleavage from resin 2.6: Low and high HF cleavage protocols 2.7: Formation of free peptides and peptide amides 2.8: Purification and case studies, site-specific chemical 2.9: Modifications of peptides c. Segment and sequential strategies for solution phase peptide 2.10: Synthesis with any two case studies 2.11: Side reactions in peptide synthesis: Deletion peptides 2.12: Side reactions initiated by proton abstraction, protonation, overactivation and side reactions of individual amino acids 	2.1: Chemistry of peptides Coupling reactions in peptide synthesis

- 1. Write note on coupling reactions in peptide synthesis.
- 2. Give note on activation procedures, peptide bond formation.

Unit III

CO-MPC 202T-3: To understand the Synthetic Basic principles of photochemical reactions. Photo-oxidation, photo-addition and photo-fragmentation.

Item	Approx Hrs
Lecture	12
Practical (P)	0
SW	2
SL	1
Total	15

Session Outcomes	Laboratory	Class room Instruction	Self Learning
(SOs)	Instruction	(CI)	(SL)
	(LI)		
Theory	NA	3.1: Introduction of Photochemical	3.1:
		Reactions	Photochemical
SO3.1: Study of		3.2: Basic principles of photochemical	Reactions Basic
basic principles of		reactions	principles of
photochemical		3.3: Photo-oxidation, photo-addition	photochemical
reactions		with example	reactions
		3.4: Photochemical reactions	
		3.5: Photo-oxidation	
		3.6: Photo-addition	
		3.7: Photo-fragmentation	
		3.8: Pericyclic reactions	
		3.9: Mechanism of Pericyclic	
		reactions	
		3.10: Types of pericyclic reactions	
		such as cyclo addition	
		3.11: Electrocyclic reaction and	
		sigmatrophic rearrangement reactions	
		3.12: Sigmatrophic rearrangement	
		reactions with examples	

- 1. Write basic principles of photochemical reactions.
- 2. Give mechanism of pericyclic reactions.

Unit IV

CO-MPC 202T.4: To understand the Catalysis.

Item	Approx Hrs
Lecture	12
Practical (P)	0
SW	1
SL	2
Total	15

Session Outcomes	Laboratory	Class room Instruction	Self Learning
(SOs)	Instruction	(CI)	(SL)
	(LI)		
Theory	NA	4.1: Types of catalysis, heterogeneous	4.1: Explain the
		and homogenous catalysis	applications of
SO4.1: Discuss		4.2: Catalysis: advantages and	homogeneous and
the applications		disadvantages	heterogeneous
of biocatalysis		4.3: Heterogeneous catalysis –	catalysis in the
and phase		preparation. Characterization, kinetics,	synthesis of drugs
transfer catalysis		supported catalysts, catalyst	
in organic		deactivation	4.2: Discuss the
reaction		4.4: Regeneration, some examples of	applications of
		heterogeneous catalysis used in	biocatalysis and
		synthesis of drugs	phase transfer
		4.5: Homogenous catalysis,	catalysis in organic
		hydrogenation, hydroformylation,	reaction
		hydrocyanation	
		4.6: Wilkinson catalysts, chiral ligands	
		and chiral induction, Ziegler-Natta	
		catalysts	
		4.7: Some examples of homogenous	
		catalysis used in synthesis of drugs	
		4.8: Transition-metal and Organo-	
		catalysis in organic synthesis: Metal-	
		catalyzed reactions	
		4.9: Biocatalysis: Use of enzymes in	
		organic synthesis	
		4.10: Biocatalysis: immobilized	
		enzymes/cells in organic reaction	
		4.11: Phase transfer catalysis	
		4.12: Theory and applications	

Suggested Assignments:

1. Explain catalysis: advantages and disadvantages.

Unit V

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Item	Approx Hrs
Lecture	12
Practical (P)	0
SW	1
SL	2
Total	15

Session Outcomes (SOs)	Laboratory Instruction	Class room Instruction (CI)	Self Learning (SL)
	(LI)		
Theory SO5.1: Explain the	NA	 5.1: Introduction of Stereochemistry & Asymmetric Synthesis 5.2: Basic concepts in stereochemistry 	5.1: Explain the basic concept of stereochemistry
basic concept of stereochemistry		 5.3: Basic concepts in stereochemistry optical activity, specific rotation 5.4: Racemates and resolution of racemates, the Cahn, In gold 5.5: Prelog (CIP) sequence rule, meso compounds, pseudo asymmetric centres 5.6: axes of symmetry, Fischers D and L notation 5.7: cis-trans isomerism, E and Z notation 5.8: Methods of asymmetric synthesis using chiral pool 5.9: Chiral auxiliaries 5.10: catalytic asymmetric synthesis 5.12: Stereo selective synthesis with examples 	5.2: Discuss the principle of asymmetric synthesis

Suggested Assignments:

1. Write prelog (CIP) sequence rule, meso compounds, pseudo asymmetric centers.

Brief of Hours suggested for the Course Outcome

Course Out comes	Class Lecture (Cl)	(LI)	Session a l Work (SW)	Self Learning (Sl)	Total Hour (Cl+SW+ Sl+LI)
CO-MPC 202T-1: To understand the Basic Aspects of Green Chemistry and Introduction, principles of green chemistry addition reactions.	12	0	2	1	15
CO-MPC 202T-2: To understand the Study of Chemistry of peptides and Coupling reactions in peptide synthesis.	12	0	2	1	15
CO-MPC 202T-3: To understand the Synthetic Basic principles of photochemical reactions. Photo-oxidation, photo-addition and photo-fragmentation.	12	0	2	1	15
CO-MPC 202T-4: To understand the Catalysis.	12	0	1	2	15
CO-MPC 202T-5: To understand the Stereochemistry & Asymmetric Synthesis.	12	0	1	2	15
Total Hours	60	0	8	7	75

Suggestion for End Semester Assessment

Suggested Specification Table (For ESA)

Course Outcome		Ma	Marks Distribution				
Course Outcome	Unit Titles	Α	C	E	Marks		
CO-MPC 202T-1:	To understand the Basic Aspects of Green Chemistry and Introduction, principles of green chemistry addition reactions.	08	07	07	22		
CO-MPC 202T-2:	To understand the Study of Chemistry of peptides and Coupling reactions in peptide synthesis.	08	06	02	16		
CO-MPC 202T-3:	To understand the Synthetic Basic principles of photochemical reactions. Photo-oxidation, photo- addition and photo- fragmentation.	12	07	01	20		
CO-MPC 202T-4:	To understand the Catalysis.	11	06	03	20		
CO-MPC 202T-5:	To understand the Stereochemistry & Asymmetric Synthesis.	08	07	07	22		
Total			33	20	100		

Legend:	A: Apply	C: Creative	E:	Evaluate

The end of semester assessment for Advanced Organic Chemistry - II will be held with written examination

of 75 marks.

Note. Detailed Assessment rubric need to be prepared by the course wise teachers for above tasks.

Teachers can also design different tasks as per requirement, for end semester assessment.

Suggested Instructional/Implementation Strategies:

- 1. Improved Lecture
- 2. Tutorial
- 3. Case Method
- 4. Group Discussion
- 5. Role Play
- 6. Demonstration
- 7. ICT Based Teaching Learning(Video Demonstration/Tutorials CBT, Blog, Face book, Twitter, Whats app, Mobile, Online sources)
- 8. Brainstorming

Suggested Learning Resources:

S. No.	Title	Author	Publisher	Edition & Year
1	"Advanced Organic chemistry, Reaction, Mechanisms and Structure".	J March, John Wiley and Sons.	New York.	2020
2	"Mechanism and Structure in Organic Chemistry".	ES Gould, Hold Rinchart and Winston,	New York.	-
3	"Organic Chemistry".	Clayden, Greeves, Warren and Woihers.	Oxford University Press.	2001.
4	"Organic Chemistry".	I.L. Finar. ELBS	Pearson Education Lts, Dorling Kindersley 9India) Pvt. Ltd.,	Vol I and II.
5	A guide to mechanisms in Organic Chemistry.	Peter Skyes	(Orient Longman, New Delhi).	
6	Reactive Intermediates in Organic Chemistry.	Tandom and Gowel	Oxford & IBH Publishers.	
7	Combinational Chemistry – Synthesis and applications.	Stephen R Wilson & Anthony W Czarnik, Wiley – Blackwell.	-	-
8	Organic Chemistry.	Carey	(Viva Books Pvt. Ltd.)	5th Edition
9	Principles of Organic Synthesis	ROC Norman and JM Coxan, Nelson Thorns	-	
10	Organic Synthesis - Special Techniques	VK Ahluwalia and R Agarwal	Narosa Publishers	-
11	Organic Reaction Mechanisms	VK Ahluwalia and RK Parashar	Narosa Publishers	IVth Edtn

Curriculum Development Team:

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- 2. Ms. Neha Goel, Associate Professor, Rajiv Gandhi Institute of Pharmacy, AKS University
- 3. Mr. Ashutosh Jain, Assistant Professor, Rajiv Gandhi Institute of Pharmacy, AKS University

Course Outcome & Program Outcome Mapping

Course Outcome	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
	Scientific Knowledge	Technological Application	Modern tool usage	Entrepreneur ship	Practical Skill	Applied Science	Computational and Statistical methodologies	Pharmaceutical Ethics	Environment and sustainability	Life-long learning	Analytical thinking and problem solving ability	Create and Innovate	Quality management and translational research
CO-MPC 202T-1: Green Chemistry	3	2	3	1	3	2	1	3	2	3	1	2	3
CO-MPC 202T-2: Chemistry of peptides	2	2	3	2	1	3	2	2	1	3	2	1	1
CO-MPC 202T-3: Basic principles of photochemical reactions	1	2	1	3	3	2	3	3	2	2	1	3	3
CO-MPC 202T-4: Catalysis	2	1	3	2	2	3	2	2	2	3	2	2	1
CO-MPC 202T-5: Stereochemistry	3	2	2	1	3	2	3	3	1	2	1	1	1

Legend: 1- Low, 2-Medium, 3-High

Course Curriculum Mapping

POs & PSOs No.	COs No. & Title	SOs No.	Class Room Instructions	Laboratory Instructions	Self learning
POs:1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10	СО-МРС 202Т.1:	SO-1.1	1.1,1.2,1.3,1.4,1.	Instructions	SL-1.1
105.1,2,3,4,3,0,7,8,9,10	To understand the Basic Aspects of	SO-1.1 SO-1.2	5,1.6,1.7,1.8,1.9,		SL-1.1
DSO::1.2.2	Green Chemistry and introduction,	50-1.2			
PSOs:1,2,3	2		1.10,1.11,1.12		
	principles of green chemistry addition reactions.				
DOc:1 2 2 4 5 6 7 8 0 10	CO-MPC 202T.2:	SO-2.1	21222242		SL-2.1
POs:1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10		50-2.1	2.1,2.2,2.3,2.4,2.		SL-2.1
	To understand the Study of		5,2.6,2.7,2.8,2.9,		
PSOs:1,2,3	Chemistry of peptides and Coupling		2.10,2.11,2.12		
	reactions in peptide synthesis				
POs:1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10	CO-MPC 202T.3:	SO-3.1	3.1,3.2,3.3,3.4,3.		SL3.1
	To understand the Synthetic Basic		5,3.6,3.7,3.8,3.9,		
PSOs:1,2,3	principles of photochemical		3.10,3.11,3.12		
	reactions. Photo-oxidation, photo-				
	addition and photo-fragmentation.				
POs:1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10	CO-MPC 202T.4:	SO-4.1	4.1,4.2,4.3,4.4,4.		SL-4.1
	To understand the Catalysis		5,4.6,4.7,4.8,4.9,		SL-4.2
PSOs:1,2,3			4.10,4.11,4.12		
POs:1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10	CO-MPC 202T.5:	SO-5.1	5.1,5.2,5.3,5.4,5.		SL-5.1
	To understand the Stereochemistry &		5,5.6,5.7,5.8,5.9,		SL-5.2
PSOs:1,2,3	Asymmetric Synthesis		5.10,5.11,5.12		



AKS University

Faculty of Pharmaceutical Science & Technology Rajiv Gandhi Institute of Pharmacy Curriculum of M. Pharmacy (Pharmaceutical Chemistry-MPC) Program (Revised as on 01 August 2023) Semester-II

Course Code:	MPC 203T
Course Title:	Computer Aided Drug Design
Pre-requisite:	Student should have basic knowledge of the subject is designed to provide detail knowledge about on the current state of the art techniques involved in computer assisted drug design.
Rationale/Objective s:	 Upon completion of course, the student shall be to understand Role of CADD in drug discovery. Different CADD techniques and their applications. Various strategies to design and develop new drug like molecules.

- Working with molecular modeling soft ware's to design new drug.
- The in screening virtual screening protocols.

Course Out comes:

CO-MPC 203T-1: To understand the Basic Aspects of Role of Computer aided drug design in drug discovery.

CO-MPC 203T-2: To understand the Study of different Computer aided drug design techniques and their applications.

CO-MPC 203T-3: To understand the various strategies to design and develop new drug like molecules. **CO-MPC 203T-4:** To understand the working with molecular modeling soft ware's to design new drug. **CO-MPC 203T-5:** To understand the in screening virtual screening protocols.

Scheme of Studies

			Total Number of contact hours/Week					
Course	Title of the course	Program Name	Classroom Instruction (A)	Practical (P)	SW	SL	Total	Credit
code			Lecture				Hours (H)	
MPC 203T	Computer Aided Drug Design	M. Pharmacy	4	-	1	1	6	4

Legend: CI: Classroom Instruction (Includes different instructional strategies i.e. Lecture (L) and Tutorial (T) and others)

LI: Laboratory Instruction (Includes Practical performances in laboratory workshop, field or other locations using different instructional strategies)

SW: Sessional Work (includes assignment, seminar, mini project etc.),

SL: Self Learning, Credits.

Note: SW & SL has to be planned and performed under the continuous guidance and feedback of teacher to ensure outcome of Learning.

Theory Assessment

Course Code	Course	Internal Assessment (A)				emester ms(B)	Total Marks	
		Continuous	Sessional Exams Total		Marks	Duration	(A+B)	
		Mode	Marks	Duration				
MPC 203T	Computer Aided Drug Design	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100

Guidelines for the allotment of marks for attendance

Percentage of Attendance	Theory	Practical
95 - 100	8	10
90 - 94	6	7.5
85 - 89	4	5
80 - 84	2	2.5
Less than 80	0	0

Course-Curriculum Detailing:

This course syllabus illustrates the expected learning achievements, both at the course and session levels, which students are anticipated to accomplish through various modes of instruction including Classroom Instruction (CI), Laboratory Instruction (LI), Sessional Work (SW), and Self Learning (SL). As the course progresses, students should showcase their mastery of Session Outcomes (SOs), culminating in the overall achievement of Course Outcomes (COs) upon the course's conclusion.

Unit I

CO-MPC 203T-1: To understand the Basic Aspects of Role of Computer aided drug design in drug discovery.

Item	Approx Hrs
Lecture	12
Practical (P)	0
SW	2
SL	1
Total	15

Session Outcomes	Laboratory	Class room Instruction	Self Learning
(SOs)	Instruction	(CI)	(SL)
	(LI)		
Theory	NA	1.1: Introduction to Computer	1.1: To study the
		Aided Drug Design (CADD)	Basic Aspects of
SO1.1: Introduction		1.2: History, different techniques	Role of
to Computer Aided		1.3: Quantitative Structure Activity	Computer aided
Drug Design		Relationships	drug design in
(CADD)		1.4: History and development of	drug discovery
		QSAR	
SO1.2: Quantitative		1.5: Physicochemical parameters	
Structure Activity		and methods to calculate	
Relationships		physicochemical parameters	
		1.6: Hammett equation	
		1.7: lipophilicity effects and	
		parameters	
		1.8: log P, pi-substituent constant	
		1.9: Steric effect	
		1.10: Taft steric and MR	
		parameters	
		1.11: Experimental approaches for	
		the determination of these	
		physicochemical parameters	
		1.12: theoretical approaches for the	
		determination	

- 1. Explain history and development of QSAR.
- 2. Write the detail about Experimental approaches for the determination of these physicochemical parameters.

Unit II

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CO-MPC 203T-2: To understand the Study of different Computer aided drug design techniques and their applications.

Item	Approx Hrs
Lecture	12
Practical (P)	0
SW	2
SL	1
Total	15

Session Outcomes	Session Outcomes Laboratory Class room Instruction		Self Learning
(SOs)	Instruction	(CI)	(SL)
	(LI)		
Theory	NA	2.1: Quantitative Structure Activity	2.1: 3D-QSAR
		Relationships	approaches and
SO2.1: Study		2.2: Applications Hansch analysis	contour map
of Quantitative		2.3: Free Wilson analysis	analysis
Structure Activity		2.4: Relationship between them	
Relationships		2.5: Advantages Deriving 2D-QSAR	
•		Equations	
		2.6: Disadvantages of Deriving 2D-	
		QSAR equations	
		2.7: 3D-QSAR approaches	
		2.8: Contour map analysis	
		2.9: Statistical methods used in	
		QSAR analysis	
		2.10: Statistical methods used in	
		QSAR analysis	
		2.11: Importance of statistical	
		parameters	
		2.12: Importance of statistical	
		parameters	

- 1. Explain Applications Hansch analysis.
- 2. Write the detail about Statistical methods used in QSAR analysis.

Unit III

CO-MPC 203T-3: To understand the various strategies to design and develop new drug like molecules.

Item	Approx Hrs
Lecture	12
Practical (P)	0
SW	2
SL	1
Total	15

Session Outcomes	Laboratory	Class room Instruction	Self Learning
(SOs)	Instruction	(CI)	(SL)
	(LI)		
Theory	NA	3.1: Introduction of molecular	3.1: Comparison
		Modeling and Docking	between global
SO3.1: Molecular		3.2: Molecular Mechanics in drug	minimum
Modeling and		design	conformation
Docking		3.3: Quantum Mechanics in drug design	and bioactive
		3.4: Energy Minimization Methods	conformation
SO3.2: Energy		3.5: Comparison between global	
Minimization		minimum conformation and bioactive	
Methods		conformation	
		3.6: Comparison between global	
SO3.3: Molecular		minimum conformations	
docking and drug		3.7: Molecular docking	
receptor interactions		3.8: Drug receptor interactions	
		3.9: Rigid docking	
		3.10: Flexible docking and extra-	
		precision docking	
		3.11: Agents acting on enzymes such as	
		DHFR, HMG-CoA reductase	
		3.12: HIV protease.and choline esterase	
		(AchE & BchE)	

Suggested Assignments:

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- 1. Explain Molecular Mechanics in drug design.
- 2. Discuss the comparison between global minimum conformation and bioactive conformation.

Unit IV

CO-MPC 203T-4:	To understand the	working with molecular	modeling soft ware's to	o design new drug
	10 understand the	working with morecular	modeling solt wales to	Jucorgn new urug.

Item	Approx Hrs
Lecture	12
Practical (P)	0
SW	2
SL	1
Total	15

Session Outcomes	Laboratory	Class room Instruction	Self Learning	
(SOs)	Instruction	(CI)	(SL)	
	(LI)			
Theory	NA	4.1: Introduction of molecular	4.1: predicting	
		Properties	the functional	
SO4.1:		4.2: Prediction of ADMET properties	components of	
Molecular		of new molecules	cavities,	
Properties and		4.3: Analysis of ADMET properties	Fragment based	
Drug Design		of new molecules	drug design	
		4.4: Importance in drug design		
		4.5: De novo drug design		
		4.6: Receptor-interaction		
		4.7: Enzyme-interaction and its		
		analysis		
		4.8: Receptor cavity size prediction		
		4.9: Enzyme cavity size prediction		
		4.10: Predicting the functional		
		components of cavities		
		4.11: Fragment based drug design		
		4.12: Homology modeling		

- 1. Explain about analysis of ADMET properties of new molecules.
- 2. Write note on Homology modeling and generation of 3D-structure of protein.

Unit V

CO-MPC 203T-5: To understand the in screening virtual screening protocols.

Item	Approx Hrs
Lecture	12
Practical (P)	0
SW	2
SL	1
Total	15

Session Outcomes	Laboratory	Class room Instruction	Self Learning			
(SOs)	Instruction	(CI)	(SL)			
	(LI)					
Theory	NA	5.1: Introduction pharmacophore	5.1: In Silico			
		Mapping and Virtual Screening	Drug Design			
SO5.1:		5.2: Concept of pharmacophore	and Virtual			
Pharmacophore		5.3: Pharmacophore mapping	Screening			
Mapping and		5.4: Identification of Pharmacophore	Techniques			
Virtual		features				
Screening		5.5: Pharmacophore modeling				
		5.6: Conformational search used in				
		pharmacophore mapping				
		5.7: Conformational search used in				
		pharmacophore mapping				
		5.8: In Silico Drug Design.				
		5.9: In Silico Drug Design and Virtual				
		Screening Techniques				
		5.10: Similarity based method				
		5.11: Pharmacophore based screening				
		5.12: Structure based In-silico virtual				
		screening protocols				

Suggested Assignments:1. Give the Concept of pharmacophore.2. Discuss in detail structure based In-silico virtual screening protocols.

Brief of Hours suggested for the Course Outcome

Course Out comes	Class Lecture (Cl)	(LI)	Sessional Work (SW)	Self Learning (Sl)	Total Hour (Cl+SW+ Sl+LI)
CO-MPC 203-T: To understand the Basic Aspects of Role of Computer aided drug design in drug discovery.	12	0	2	1	15
CO-MPC 203T-2: To understand the Study of different Computer aided drug design techniques and their applications.	12	0	2	1	15
CO-MPC 203T-3: To understand the various strategies to design and develop new drug like molecules.	12	0	2	1	15
CO-MPC 203T-4: To understand the working with molecular modeling soft ware's to design new drug.	12	0	2	1	15
CO-MPC 203T-5: To understand the in screening virtual screening protocols.	12	0	2	1	15
Total Hours	60	0	10	5	75

Course Outcome		Mar	Total		
Course Outcome	Unit Titles	Α	C	E	Marks
CO-MPC 203T-1:	To understand the Basic Aspects of Role of Computer aided drug design in drug discovery.	08	07	07	22
CO-MPC 203T-2:	To understand the Study of different Computer aided drug design techniques and their applications.	08	06	02	16
CO-MPC 203T-3:	To understand the various strategies to design and develop new drug like molecules.	12	07	01	20
CO-MPC 203T-4:	To understand the working with molecular modeling soft ware's to design new drug.	11	06	03	20
CO-MPC 203T-5:	To understand the in screening virtual screening protocols.	08	07	07	22
	Total	47	33	20	100
Legend:	A: Apply C: Creat	ive	E: Evalua	ate	1

Suggested Specification Table (For ESA)

The end of semester assessment for Computer Aided Drug Design will be held with written examination of 75 marks.

Note. Detailed Assessment rubric need to be prepared by the course wise teachers for above tasks.

Teachers can also design different tasks as per requirement, for end semester assessment.

Suggested Instructional/Implementation Strategies:

- 1. Improved Lecture
- 2. Tutorial
- 3. Case Method
- 4. Group Discussion
- 5. Role Play
- 6. Demonstration
- 7. ICT Based Teaching Learning(Video Demonstration/Tutorials CBT, Blog, Face book, Twitter, Whats app, Mobile, Online sources)
- 8. Brainstorming

Suggested Learning Resources:

S. No.	Title	Author	Publisher	Edition & Year
1	"Computational and structural approaches to drug discovery".	Robert M Stroud and Janet. F Moor	RCS Publishers.	2007
2	"Introduction to Quantitative Drug Desig".	Y.C. Martin,	CRC Press	-
3	"Drug Design by Ariens Volume 1 to 10".		Elsevier Publishers.	1975
4	"Principles of Drug Design".	Smith and Williams	CRC Press, Taylor & Francis.	4th Edition 2005
5	The Organic Chemistry of the Drug Design and Drug action.	Richard B. Silverman,	Elsevier Publishers.	3rd Edition 2014
6	Medicinal Chemistry	Burger,	Wiley Publishing Co	8th Edition2021
7	An Introduction to Medicinal Chemistry .	Graham L. Patrick	Oxford University Press.	7th Edition2023
8	Text book of Organic Medicinal and Pharmaceutical Chemistry,.			12th Edition2011
9	Comprehensive Medicinal Chemistry .	Corwin and Hansch,	d Hansch, Pergamon Publishers.	
10	Computational and structural approaches to drug desig.	Robert M Stroud and Janet. F Moore.	Royal Society of Chemistry	2007

Curriculum Development Team:

- 1. Prof. S.P. Gupta, Director, Rajiv Gandhi Institute of Pharmacy, AKS University
- 2. Ms. Neha Goel, Associate Professor, Rajiv Gandhi Institute of Pharmacy, AKS University
- 3. Mr. Prabhakar Singh Tiwari, Associate Professor, Rajiv Gandhi Institute of Pharmacy, AKS University

Course Outcome	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
	Scientific Knowledge	Technological Application	Modern tool usage	Entrepreneur ship	Practical Skill	Applied Science	Computational and Statistical methodologies	Pharmaceutical Ethics	Environment and sustainability	Life-long learning	Analytical thinking and problem solving ability	Create and Innovate	Quality management and translational research
CO-MPC 203T-1: Natural compounds	3	2	3	1	3	2	1	3	2	3	1	2	3
CO-MPC 203T-2: Molecules for new drug discovery	2	2	3	2	1	3	2	2	1	3	2	1	1
CO-MPC 203T-3: rDNA technology tool	1	2	1	3	3	2	3	3	2	2	1	3	3
CO-MPC 203T-4: Structural elucidation of compounds	2	1	3	2	2	3	2	2	2	3	2	2	1
CO-MPC 203T-5: Isolation, purification and characterization	3	2	2	1	3	2	3	3	1	2	1	1	1

Course Outcome & Program Outcome Mapping

Legend: 1- Low, 2-Medium, 3-High

Course Curriculum Mapping

POs & PSOs No.	COs No. & Title	SOs No.	Class Room Instructions	Laboratory Instructions	Self learning
POs:1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10	СО-МРС 203Т.1:	SO1.1	1.1,1.2,1.3,1.4,1.5,1.6,1.		SI-1.1
	To understand the Basic Aspects of	SO1.2	7,1.8,1.9,1.10,1.11. 1.12		
PSOs:1,2,3	Role of Computer aided drug design				
	in drug discovery.				
POs:1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10	СО-МРС 203Т.2:	SO-2.1	2.1, 2.2, 2.3, 2.4, 2.5,		SI-2.1
	To understand the Study of different		2.6, 2.7, 2.8, 2.9, 2.10,		
PSOs:1,2,3	Computer aided drug design		2.11, 2.12		
	techniques and their applications.				
POs:1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10	СО-МРС 203Т.3:	SO-3.1	3.1,3.2,3.3,3.4,3.5,3.6,3.		SI-3.1
	To understand the various strategies	SO-3.2	7,3.8,3.9,3.10,3.11,3.12.		
PSOs:1,2,3	to design and develop new drug like	SO-3.3			
	molecules.				
POs:1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10	СО-МРС 203Т.4:	SO-4.1	4.1,4.2,4.3,4.4,4.5,4.6,4.		SI-4.1
	To understand the working with		7,4.8,4.9,4.10,4.11,4.12.		
PSOs:1,2,3	molecular modeling soft ware's to				
	design new drug.				
POs:1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10	СО-МРС 203Т.5:	SO-5.1	5.1,5.2,5.3,5.4,5.5,5.6,5.		SI-5.1
	To understand the in screening virtual		7,5.8,5.9,5.10,5.11.5.12		
PSOs:1,2,3	screening protocols				



AKS University

Faculty of Pharmaceutical Science & Technology Rajiv Gandhi Institute of Pharmacy Curriculum of M. Pharmacy (Pharmaceutical Chemistry-MPC) Program (Revised as on 01 August 2023)

Semester-II

Course Code: Course Title:	MPC 204T Pharmaceutical Process Chemistry					
Pre-requisite:	Student should have basic knowledge of The subject is designed to provide deta knowledge about on the Process chemistry is often described as scale up reaction taking them from small quantities created in the research lab to the larger quantiti that are needed for further testing and then to even larger quantities required for commercial production.					
Rationale/Objective s:	 Upon completion of course, the student shall be to understand The strategies of scale up process of apis and intermediates. The various unit operations and various reactions in process chemistry. The process is to develop synthetic routes that are safe, cost-effective, environmentally friendly, and efficient. The subject is designed to impart knowledge on the development and 					

- The subject is designed to impart knowledge on the development and optimization of a synthetic route/s and the pilot plant procedure.
- The manufacture of Active Pharmaceutical Ingredients (APIs) and New Chemical Entities (NCEs) for the drug development phase.

Course Out comes:

CO-MPC 204T-1: To understand the strategies of scale up process of apis and intermediates.

CO-MPC 204T-2: To understand the various unit operations and various reactions in process chemistry.

CO-MPC 204T-3: To understand the process is to develop synthetic routes that are safe, cost-effective, environmentally friendly, and efficient.

CO-MPC 204T-4: To understand the subject is designed to impart knowledge on the development and optimization of a synthetic route/s and the pilot plant procedure.

CO-MPC 204T-5: To understand the manufacture of active pharmaceutical ingredients (APIs) and new chemical entities (NCEs) for the drug development phase.

Scheme of Studies

			Total Number of contact hours/Week					
Course	0		Classroom Instruction (A)	Practical	CUL	GT	Total	Credit
code co	course	Name	Lecture	(P)	SW	SL	Hours (H)	
MPC 204T	Pharmaceutical Process Chemistry	M. Pharmacy	4	-	1	1	6	4

Legend: CI: Classroom Instruction (Includes different instructional strategies i.e. Lecture (L) and Tutorial (T) and others)

LI: Laboratory Instruction (Includes Practical performances in laboratory workshop, field or other locations using different instructional strategies)

SW: Sessional Work (includes assignment, seminar, mini project etc.)

SL: Self Learning, Credits

Note: SW & SL has to be planned and performed under the continuous guidance and feedback of teacher to ensure outcome of Learning

Theory Assessment

Course Code	Course	Internal Assessment (A)			End Semester Exams (B)			
		Continuous	Session	nal Exams	Total	Marks	Duration	(A+B)
		Mode	Marks	Duration				
MPC 204T	Pharmaceutical Process Chemistry	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100

Guidelines for the allotment of marks for attendance

Percentage of Attendance	Theory	Practical
95 - 100	8	10
90 - 94	6	7.5
85 - 89	4	5
80 - 84	2	2.5
Less than 80	0	0

Course-Curriculum Detailing:

This course syllabus illustrates the expected learning achievements, both at the course and session levels, which students are anticipated to accomplish through various modes of instruction including Classroom Instruction (CI), Laboratory Instruction (LI), Sessional Work (SW), and Self Learning (SL). As the course progresses, students should showcase their mastery of Session Outcomes (SOs), culminating in the overall achievement of Course Outcomes (COs) upon the course's conclusion.

Unit I

CO-MPC 204T-1: To understand the strategies of scale up process of apis and intermediates.

Item	Approx Hrs
Lecture	12
Practical (P)	0
SW	2
SL	1
Total	15

Session Outcomes (SOs)	Laboratory Instruction (LI)	Class room Instruction (CI)	Self Learning (SL)
Theory SO1.1: Introduction to Process chemistry	NA	 1.1: Process chemistry Introduction 1.2: Synthetic strategy 1.3: Stages of scale up process: Bench 1.4: Stages of scale up process: pilot 1.5: Stages of scale up process: large scale process 1.6: In-process control 1.7: Validation of large scale process 1.8: Case studies of some scale up process of APIs 1.9: Impurities in API 1.10: Types and their sources 1.11: Types and their sources 1.12: Types and their sources including genotoxic impurities 	1.1: To study the Basic Aspects strategies of scale up process of apis and intermediates

- 1. Explain Stages of scale up process: Bench, pilot and large scale process.
- 2. Write the detail about Case studies of some scale up process of API.

Unit II

•

CO-MPC 204T.2: To understand the various unit operations and various reactions in process chemistry.

Item	Approx Hrs
Lecture	12
Practical (P)	0
SW	2
SL	1
Total	15

Session Outcomes	Laboratory	Class room Instruction	Self Learning
(SOs)	Instruction	(CI)	(SL)
	(LI)		
Theory	NA	2.1: Extraction: Liquid equilibria	2.1: Factors
		2.2: Extraction with reflux	affecting
SO2.1: Unit		2.3: Extraction with agitation	crystallization,
operations Extraction,		2.4: Counter current extraction	nucleation
Filtration, Distillation,		2.5: Theory of filtration	
Evaporation		2.6: Pressure and vacuum filtration	
Crystallization		2.7: Centrifugal filtration	
		2.8: Azeotropic distilltion	
		2.9: Steam distillation	
		2.10: Evaporation: Types of	
		evaporators, factors affecting	
		evaporation	
		2.11: Crystallization from aqueous,	
		nonaqueous solutions factors	
		affecting crystallization	
		2.12: Principle and general methods	
		of Preparation of polymorphs,	
		hydrates, solvates and amorphous	
		API	

- 1. Explain factors affecting evaporation.
- 2. Write the detail about Theory of filtration.

Unit III

CO-MPC 204T-3: To understand the process is to develop synthetic routes that are safe, cost-effective, environmentally friendly and efficient.

Item	Approx Hrs
Lecture	12
Practical (P)	0
SW	1
SL	2
Total	15

Session Outcomes	Laboratory	Class room Instruction	Self Learning
(SOs)	Instruction	(CI)	(SL)
	(LI)		
Theory	NA	3.1: Nitrating agents, Aromatic	3.1: Process
		nitration	equipment for
SO3.1: Unit Processes		3.2: Kinetics and mechanism of	technical nitration
– I Nitration		aromatic nitration	
		3.3: Process equipment for technical	3.2: Oxidation:
SO3.2: Unit Processes		nitration	Introduction,
- I Halogenations		3.4: Mixed acid for nitration	types of oxidative
		3.5: Kinetics of halogenations	reactions
SO3.3: Unit Processes		3.6: Types of halogenations	
– I Oxidation		3.7: Catalytic halogenations	
		3.8: Case study on industrial	
		halogenations	
		3.9: Introduction, types of oxidative	
		reactions	
		3.10: Liquid phase oxidation with	
		oxidizing agents	
		3.11: Nonmetallic Oxidizing agents	
		such as H ₂ O ₂	
		3.12: Sodium hypochlorite, Oxygen	
		gas, ozonolysis	

Suggested Assignments:

1. Explain mechanism of aromatic nitration.

Unit IV

CO-MPC 204T-4: To understand the subject is designed to impart knowledge on the development and optimization of a synthetic route/s and the pilot plant procedure.

Item	Approx Hrs
Lecture	12
Practical (P)	0
SW	1
SL	2
Total	15

Session Outcomes	Laboratory	Class room Instruction	Self Learning
(SOs)	Instruction	(CI)	(SL)
	(LI)		
Theory	NA	4.1: Catalytic hydrogenation	4.1: Case study
	1	4.2: Heterogeneous and homogeneous	on industrial
SO4.1: Unit	1	catalyst	reduction
Processes – II	1	4.3: Hydrogen transfer reactions, Metal	process
Reduction	1	hydrides	
		4.4: Case study on industrial reduction	4.2: Production
SO4.2: Unit		process	of Antibiotics-
Processes - II		4.5: Fermentation: Aerobic and	Penicillin and
Fermentation		anaerobic fermentation	Streptomycin
		4.6: Antibiotics; Penicillin and	
SO4.3: Unit		Streptomycin	
Processes –II		4.7: Vitamins: B2 and B12	
kinetic analysis		4.8: Statins: Lovastatin, Simvastatin	
		4.9: Reaction progress kinetic analysis	
		4.10: Streamlining reaction steps, route	
		selection	
		4.11: Characteristics of expedient	
		routes, characteristics of cost-effective	
		routes	
		4.12: Reagent selection, families of	
		reagents useful for scale-up	

Suggested Assignments:

1. Explain about Heterogeneous and homogeneous catalyst.

Unit V

CO-MPC 204T-5: To understand the manufacture of Active Pharmaceutical Ingredients (APIs) and new chemical entities (NCEs) for the drug development phase.

Item	Approx Hrs
Lecture	12
Practical (P)	0
SW	2
SL	1
Total	15

Session Outcomes	Laboratory	Class room Instruction	Self Learning		
(SOs)	Instruction	(CI)	(SL)		
	(LI)				
Theory	NA	5.1: Material Safety Data Sheet	5.1: Material		
		5.2: Hazard labels of chemicals	Safety Data		
SO5.1: Industrial		5.3: Personal Protection	Sheet		
Safety		Equipment (PPE)			
		5.4: Fire hazards			
		5.5: Types of hazards			
		5.6: Fire extinguishers			
		5.7: Occupational Health			
		5.8: Safety Assessment Series			
		1800			
		5.9: OHSAS-1800			
		5.10: ISO-14001			
		5.11: Environmental Management			
		System			
		5.12: Effluents and its			
		management			

- 1. Give the Concept of hazard labels of chemicals and Personal Protection Equipment.
- 2. Discuss in detail about Effluents and its management.

Brief of Hours suggested for the Course Outcome

Course Out comes	Class Lecture (Cl)	(LI)	Sessional Work (SW)	Self Learni ng(Sl)	Total Hour (Cl+SW +Sl+LI)
CO-MPC 204T-1: To understand the strategies of scale up process of apis and intermediates.	12	0	2	1	15
CO-MPC 204T-2: To understand the various unit operation and various reactions in process chemistry.	12	0	2	1	15
CO-MPC 204T-3: To understand the process is to develop synthetic routes that are safe, cost-effective, environmentally friendly, and efficient.	12	0	1	2	15
CO-MPC 204T-4: To understand the subject is designed to impart knowledge on the development and optimization of a synthetic route/s and the pilot plant procedure.	12	0	1	2	15
CO-MPC 204T-5: To understand the manufacture of Active Pharmaceutical Ingredients (APIs) and new chemical entities (NCEs) for the drug development phase.	12	0	2	1	15
Total Hours	60	0	8	7	75

Suggestion for End Semester Assessment

Suggested Specification Table (For ESA)

Course Outcome		Marks Distribution			Total
Course Outcome	Unit Titles	Α	C	Е	Marks
CO-MPC 204T-1:	To understand the strategies of scale up process of apis and intermediates.	08	07	07	22
CO-MPC 204T-2:	To understand the various unit operations and various reactions in process chemistry.	08	06	02	16
СО-МРС 204Т-3:	To understand the process is to develop synthetic routes that are safe, cost-effective, environmentally friendly, and efficient.	12	07	01	20
CO-MPC 204T-4:	To understand the subject is designed to impart knowledge on the development and optimization of a synthetic route/s and the pilot plant procedure.	11	06	03	20
CO-MPC 204T-5: To understand the manufacture of Active Pharmaceutical Ingredients (APIs) and new chemical entities (NCEs) for the drug development phase.		08	07	07	22
	Total	47	33	20	100

The end of semester assessment for Pharmaceutical Process Chemistry will be held with written examination of 75 marks.

Note. Detailed Assessment rubric need to be prepared by the course wise teachers for above tasks. Teachers can also design different tasks as per requirement, for end semester assessment.

Suggested Instructional/Implementation Strategies:

- 1. Improved Lecture
- 2. Tutorial
- 3. Case Method
- 4. Group Discussion
- 5. Role Play
- 6. Demonstration
- 7. ICT Based Teaching Learning(Video Demonstration/Tutorials CBT, Blog,

Face book, Twitter, Whats app, Mobile, Online sources)

8. Brainstorming

Suggested Learning Resources:

S. No.	Title	Author	Publisher	Edition & Year
1	"Computational and structural approaches to drug discovery".	Robert M Stroud and Janet. F Moor	RCS Publishers.	2007
2	"Pharmaceutical Manufacturing Encyclopedia".			3 rd edition, Volume 2
3	"Medicinal Chemistry".	Burger		6 th edition, Volume 1-8
4	"Unit operations of chemical engineering".	W.L. McCabe, J.C Smith, Peter Harriott.	McGraw Hill.	7th edition
5	Polymorphism in Pharmaceutical Solids.	H G Brittain		Volume 95 & 1999
6	Introduction to Chemical Processes: Principles, Analysis, Synthesis	Regina M. Murphy		
7	Pharmaceutical Process Chemistry for Synthesis: Rethinking the Routes to Scale-U.	Peter J. Harrington		
8	Unit processes in organic synthesis	P.H.Groggins		
9	Dryden's Outlines of Chemical Technology	M.Gopal	WEP East-West Press	
10	A text book of Chemical Technology	S.D. Shukla & G.N. Pandey	Vikas Publishing Hous	Vol. IIs

Curriculum Development Team:

- 1. Prof. S.P. Gupta, Director, Rajiv Gandhi Institute of Pharmacy, AKS University
- 2. Ms. Neha Goel, Associate Professor, Rajiv Gandhi Institute of Pharmacy, AKS University
- 3. Mr. Prabhakar Singh Tiwari, Associate Professor, Rajiv Gandhi Institute of Pharmacy, AKS University

PO1 PO2 PO3 **PO4 PO5 PO6 PO7 PO8 PO9 PO10** PSO1 PSO2 PSO3 **Course Outcome** Analytical thinking and problem solving **Computational and** Modern tool usage Life-long learning management and translational **Environment and Applied Science** Pharmaceutical Entrepreneur ship methodologies **Practical Skill** Technological sustainability Application Knowledge Create and Statistical Scientific Innovate research Quality Ethics ability **CO-MPC 204T-1:** 3 3 3 2 3 2 1 3 2 1 2 3 1 Scale up process **CO-MPC 204T-2:** Unit operations and 2 2 3 2 3 2 2 3 2 1 1 1 1 various reactions **CO-MPC 204T-3:** Develop synthetic 1 2 1 3 3 2 3 3 2 2 1 3 3 routes **CO-MPC 204T-4:** Optimization 2 3 3 2 3 2 of 1 2 2 2 2 2 1 synthetic routes **CO-MPC 204T-5:** Active Pharmaceutical Ingredients (APIs) and 3 2 3 3 2 3 2 1 2 1 1 1 1 new chemical entities (NCEs)

Course Outcome & Program Outcome Mapping

Legend: 1- Low, 2-Medium, 3-High

Course Curriculum Mapping

POs & PSOs No.	COs No. & Title	SOs No.	Class Room Instructions	Laboratory Instructions	Self learning
POs:1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10	CO-MPC 204T-1: To understand the strategies of scale up process of	SO1.1	1.1,1.2,1.3,1.4,1. 5,1.6,1.7,1.8,1.9,		SI-1.1
PSOs:1,2,3	apis and intermediates.		1.10,1.11. 1.12		
POs:1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10	CO-MPC 204T-2: To understand	SO2.1	2.1, 2.2, 2.3, 2.4,		SI-2.1
PSOs:1,2,3	the various unit operations and various reactions in process		2.5, 2.6. 2.7, 2.8, 2.9, 2.10, 2.11,		
	chemistry.		2.12		
POs:1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10	CO-MPC 204T-3: To understand	SO3.1	3.1,3.2,3.3,3.4,3.		SI-3.1
	the process is to develop synthetic	SO3.2	5,3.6,3.7,3.8,3.9,		SI-3.2
PSOs:1,2,3	routes that are safe, cost-effective,	SO3.3	3.10,3.11,3.12.		
	environmentally friendly, and efficient.				
POs:1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10		SO4.1	4.1,4.2,4.3,4.4,4.		SI-4.1
	CO-MPC 204T-4: To understand	SO4.2	5,4.6,4.7,4.8,4.9,		SI-4.2
PSOs:1,2,3	the subject is designed to impart knowledge on the development and optimization of a synthetic route/s	SO4.3	4.10,4.11,4.12.		
	and the pilot plant procedure.				
POs:1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10		SO5.1	5.1,5.2,5.3,5.4,5.		SI-5.1
	CO-MPC 204T-5: To understand		5,5.6,5.7,5.8,5.9,		
PSOs:1,2,3	the manufacture of Active		5.10,5.11. 5.12		
	Pharmaceutical Ingredients (APIs) and new chemical entities (NCEs)				
	for the drug development phase.				



Faculty of Pharmaceutical Science & Technology Rajiv Gandhi Institute of Pharmacy Curriculum of M. Pharmacy (Pharmaceutical Chemistry-MPC) Program (Revised as on 01 August 2023) Semester-II

Course Code:	MPC 205P
Course Title:	Pharmaceutical Chemistry Practical - II

Practical Assessment

Course Code	Course	Internal Assessment (A)			End Semester Exams (B)		Total Marks	
		Continuous Mode	Session	al Exams	Total	Marks	Duration	(A+B)
			Marks	Duration				
MPC 205P	Pharmaceutical Chemistry Practical -II	20	30	6 Hrs	50	100	6 Hrs	150

S. No.	List of Practicals
1.	Synthesis of organic compounds by adapting different approaches involving (3 experiments).
	a) Oxidation
	b) Reduction/hydrogenation
	c) Nitration
2.	Comparative study of synthesis of APIs/intermediates by different synthetic routes (2 experiments)
3.	Assignments on regulatory requirements in API (2 experiments).
4.	Comparison of absorption spectra by UV and Wood ward – Fieser rule.
5.	Interpretation of organic compounds by FT-IR.
6.	Interpretation of organic compounds by NMR.
7.	Interpretation of organic compounds by MS.
8.	Determination of purity by DSC in pharmaceuticals.
9.	Identification of organic compounds using FT-IR, NMR, CNMR and Mass spectra.
10.	To carry out the preparation of following organic compounds.
11.	Preparation of 4-chlorobenzhydrylpiperazine. (an intermediate for cetirizine HCl).
12.	Preparation of 4-iodotolene from p-toluidine.
13.	NaBH4 reduction of vanillin to vanillyl alcohol.
14.	Preparation of umbelliferone by Pechhman reaction.
15.	Preparation of triphenyl imidazole.
16.	To perform the Microwave irradiated reactions of synthetic importance (Any two).
17.	Determination of log P, MR, hydrogen bond donors and acceptors of selected drugs using softwares.
18.	Calculation of ADMET properties of drug molecules and its analysis using softwares.
Pharmac	ophore modeling
19.	2D-QSAR based experiments
20.	3D-QSAR based experiments
21.	Docking study based experiment
22.	Virtual screening based experiment



Faculty of Pharmaceutical Science & Technology **Rajiv Gandhi Institute of Pharmacy** Curriculum of M. Pharmacy (Pharmaceutical Chemistry-MPC) Program (Revised as on 01 August 2023)

Semester-III

Course Code:	MRM 301T
Course Title:	Research Methodology & Biostatistics
Pre-requisite:	Awareness of ethical guidelines related to human and animal research is necessary. Students should know how to search for scientific literature using databases like Pub Med, Scopus, or Google Scholar. Students should have Basic Pharmacology Knowledge.
Rationale/Objectives:	Research methodology equips students with critical skills needed for scientific inquiry. It empowers them to contribute to the field of pharmacology by conducting rigorous studies.
	Career Relevance: Understanding research methods is crucial for future pharmacists, researchers, and academics. It prepares them for evidence-based practice and scholarly work.

Course Outcomes:

CO-MRM 301-1: Understand General Research Methodology.

CO-MRM 301-2: Evaluation of Biostatistics: Definition, application, sample size, importance of sample size, factors influencing sample size, dropouts, (students "t" test, ANOVA, Correlation coefficient, regression), null hypothesis.

CO-MRM 301-3: Analysis of Medical Research: History, values in medical ethics, autonomy, beneficence, non-maleficence, double effect, conflicts between autonomy and beneficence/nonmaleficence, euthanasia.

CO-MRM 301-4: Understand CPCSEA guidelines for laboratory animal facility.

CO-MRM 301-5: Understand Declaration of Helsinki: History, introduction, basic principles for all medical research, and additional principles for medical research combined with medical care.

Scheme of Studies

			Total Number of contact hours/Week					
Course code	Title of the course	Program Name	Class room Instruction (A)	Practical	CIN	GT	Total Hours	Credit
			Lecture	(P)	SW	SL	(H)	
MRM 101T	Research Methodology & Biostatistics	M. Pharmacy	4	-	1	1	6	4

Legend: CI: Class room Instruction (Includes different instructional strategies i.e. Lecture (L) and Tutorial (T) and others

LI: Laboratory Instruction (Includes Practical performances in laboratory workshop, field or other locations using different instructional strategies)

SW: Sessional Work (includes assignment, seminar, and mini project etc.)

SL: Self Learning, Credits

Note: SW& SL has to be planned and performed under the continuous guidance and feedback of teacher to ensure outcome of Learning

Theory Assessment

		Internal Assessment (A)			End Semester Exams (B)		Total	
Course Code	Course	Continuous Mode	Session	al Exams	Total	Marks	Duration	Marks (A+B)
		Mode	Marks	Duration	Total	IVIAIKS	Duration	(A+D)
MRM 101T	Research Methodology & Biostatistics	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3Hrs.	100

Guidelines for the allotment of marks for attendance

Percentage of Attendance	Theory	Practical
95–100	8	10
90–94	6	7.5
85–89	4	5
80–84	2	2.5
Less than 80	0	0

Course-Curriculum Detailing:

This course syllabus illustrates the expected learning achievements, both at the course and session levels, which students are anticipated to accomplish through various modes of instruction including Classroom Instruction (CI), Laboratory Instruction (LI), Sessional Work (SW), and Self Learning (SL). As the course progresses, students should showcase their mastery of Session Outcomes (SOs), culminating in the overall achievement of Course Outcomes (COs) upon the course's conclusion.

Unit I

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CO-MRM 301-1: Understand General Research Methodology.

Item	Approx Hrs
Lecture	10
Practical (P)	0
SW	3
SL	3
Total	16

Session Outcomes (SOs)	Laboratory Instruction (LI)	Classroom Instruction (CI)	Self Learning (SL)
TheorySO1.1:UnderstandGeneralResearchMethodology:Research,objective,requirements,practical difficultiesSO1.2:Understandreviewofliterature,studydesign,typesofstudiesSO1.3:ToLearndosagestrategiestoerrors/bias,controls,randomizationSO1.4:Understandscrossoverdesign,placebo,blindingtechniques	NA	 1.1: General Research Methodology: Research 1.2: Objective, requirements 1.3: Practical difficulties 1.4: Review of literature 1.5: Study design, types of studies 1.6: Strategies to eliminate 1.7: Errors/bias, controls 1.8: Randomization 1.9: Crossover design 1.10: Placebo, blinding techniques 	 1.1: Different dosage of animal available in market 1.2: Different types of dosage and calculation 1.3: Types of studies

- 1. Write different animal species and different dose calculation.
- 2.
- What do you know about crossover design? Give note on general research methodology. 3.

Unit II

CO-MRM 301-2: Evaluation of Biostatistics: Definition, application, sample size, importance of sample size, factors influencing sample size.

Γ	Item	Approx Hrs
	Lecture	09
	Practical (P)	0
	SW	4
	SL	3
	Total	16

Session Outcomes (SOs)	Laboratory Instruction (LI)	Classroom Instruction (CI)	Self Learning (SL)
Theory SO2.1: To Understand definition, application Sample size, importance of sample size SO2.2: Understand Factors influencing sample size, dropouts SO2.3: To statistical tests of significance analysis of variance, correlation, chi square test SO2.4: To understand Non-parametric tests (wilcoxan rank tests) SO2.5: To learn about null hypothesis, P values, degree of freedom, interpretation of P values	NA	 2.1: Definition, applications 2.2: Sample size, importance of sample size 2.3: Factors influencing sample size, dropouts 2.4: Statistical tests of significance 2.5: Analysis of variance, correlation, chi square test) 2.6: Non-parametric tests (wilcoxan rank tests) 2.7: Null hypothesis 2.8: P values, degree of freedom 2.9: Interpretation of P values 	2.1: Read research article2.2: Work in different software2.3: Importance of sample size

- 1. Differentiate null hypothesis and alternate hypothesis.
- 2. Write type of significance tests.
- 3. Give note on analysis of variance, correlation, chi square test.
- 4. Write note on importance of sample size.

Unit III

CO-MRM 301-3: Analysis of Medical Research: History, values in medical ethics, autonomy, beneficence, non-maleficence, double effect, conflicts between autonomy.

Item	Approx Hrs
Lecture	09
Practical (P)	0
SW	4
SL	3
Total	16

Session Outcomes	Laboratory	Classroom Instruction	Self Learning
(SOs)	Instruction	(CI)	(SL)
Theory SO3.1: To Understand definition, application Sample size, importance of sample size SO3.2: Understand Factors influencing sample size, dropouts SO3.3: To statistical tests of significance analysis of variance, correlation, chi square test SO3.4: To understand Non- parametric tests (wilcoxan rank tests) SO3.5: To learn about Null hypothesis, P values, degree of freedom, interpretation of P values	(LI)	 3.1: History, values in medical ethics, conflicts 3.2: Autonomy, Beneficence 3.3: Non-maleficence, double effect 3.4: Conflicts between autonomy and beneficence/non-maleficence 3.5: Euthanasia, informed consent, confidentiality 3.6: Criticisms of orthodox medical ethics, importance of communication 3.7: Control resolution, guidelines, ethics committees, cultural concerns 3.8: Truth telling, online business practices, conflicts of interest 3.9: Referral, vendor relationships, fatality 	 3.1: Different examples of conflict of interest 3.2: Learn about duplicate research 3.3: Values in medical ethics

- 1. Discuss the History, values in medical ethics.
- 2. Write conflicts between autonomy and beneficence/non-maleficence.
- 3. Give importance of communication.
- 4. Write different examples of conflict of interest.

Unit IV CO-MRM 301-4: Understand CPCSEA guidelines for laboratory animal facility.

Item	Approx Hrs
Lecture	09
Practical (P)	0
SW	4
SL	2
Total	15

Session Outcomes	Laboratory	Classroom Instruction	Self
(SOs)	Instruction	(CI)	Learning
	(LI)		(SL)
Theory		4.1: Goals, veterinary care	4.1: Knowledge about
		4.2: Quarantine, surveillance,	animal model
SO4.1: To learn CPCSEA		diagnosis	4.2: Anatomy of
guidelines for laboratory		4.3: Treatment and control of	different laboratory
animal facility.		disease, personal hygiene	animals
SO4.2: Understand		4.4: location of animal facilities to	
Quarantine, surveillance,		laboratories, anesthesia	
diagnosis, treatment and		4.5: Euthanasia, physical facilities,	
control of disease, personal		environment	
hygiene.		4.6: Animal husbandry, record	
SO4.3: To analyze 5		keeping	
Euthanasia, physical		4.7: SOPs	
facilities, environment.		4.8: Personnel and training	
SO4.4: To Understand SOPs,		4.9: Transport of lab animals	
personnel and training.			
SO4.5: To learn about			
Transport of lab animals.			

- 1. Note on CPCSEA guidelines for laboratory animal facility.
- 2. Write different aspect of transport of lab animal.
- 3. How to learn CPCSEA guidelines for laboratory animal facility.
- 4. Give note on animal husbandry, record keeping.

Unit V

CO-MPH 301-5: Understand Declaration of Helsinki: Basic principles for all medical research and additional principles for medical research combined with medical care.

Item	Approx Hrs
Lecture	04
Practical (P)	0
SW	4
SL	4
Total	12

Session Outcomes	Laboratory	Classroom Instruction	Self
(SOs)	Instruction	(CI)	Learning
	(LI)		(SL)
Theory		5.1: History	5.1: learn about
SO5.1: To learn CPCSEA		5.2: Introduction	biostatics
guidelines for laboratory		5.3: Basic principles for all	5.2: learn MS word
animal facility		medical research	5.3: learn MS office
SO5.2: Understand		5.4: Additional principles for	5.4: learn MS excel
History, introduction, basic		medical research combined	
principles for all medical		with medical care	
research			
SO5.3: To understand			
Additional principles for			
medical research combined			
with medical care			

- 1. Write note on basic principles for all medical research.
- 2. Explain declaration of helsinki.
- 3. Give note on principles for medical research combined with medical care.
- 4. How to learn CPCSEA guidelines for laboratory animal facility.

Brief of Hours suggested for the Course Outcome

Course Outcomes	Class Lecture (Cl)	(LI)	Sessional Work (SW)	Self Learning (Sl)	Total Hour (Cl+SW+ Sl+LI)
CO-MRM 301-1: Understand General Research Methodology.	10	0	3	3	16
CO-MRM301-2:Evaluation of Biostatistics:Definition,application,sample size,importance ofsample size.	09	0	4	3	16
CO-MRM 301-3: Analysis of Medical Research: History, values in medical ethics, autonomy, beneficence, non- maleficence, double effect, conflicts between autonomy.	09	0	4	3	16
CO-MRM301-4:UnderstandCPCSEAguidelinesforlaboratoryanimal facility.	09	0	4	2	15
CO-MRM 301-5: Understand declaration of Helsinki: Basic principles for all medical research and additional principles for medical research combined with medical care.	04	0	4	4	12
Total Hours	41	0	19	15	75

Suggestion for End Semester Assessment

Course Outcome	Unit Title	Mar	ks Distri	bution	Total
		Α	С	Ε	Marks
CO-MRM 101T-1:	Understand General Research Methodology.	08	09	03	20
CO-MRM 101T-2:	Evaluation of Biostatistics: Definition, application, sample size, importance of sample size, factors influencing sample size, dropouts, (students "t" test, ANOVA, Correlation coefficient, regression), null hypothesis.	09	08	03	20
CO-MRM 101T-3:	Analysis of Medical Research: History, values in medical ethics, autonomy, beneficence, non- maleficence, double effect, conflicts between autonomy and beneficence/non-maleficence, euthanasia.	08	09	03	20
CO-MRM 101T-4:	Understand CPCSEA guidelines for laboratory animal facility.	09	08	03	20
CO-MRM 101T-5:	Understand Declaration of Helsinki: History, introduction, basic principles for all medical research, and additional principles for medical research combined with medical care.	08	09	03	20
	Total	42	43	15	100

Suggested Specification Table (For ESA)

Legend: A: Analyze, C: create, E: Evaluate

The end of semester assessment for Research Methodology & Biostatistics will be held with written examination of 75 marks.

Note. Detailed Assessment rubric need to be prepared by the course wise teachers for above tasks.

Teachers can also design different tasks as per requirement, for end semester assessment.

Suggested Instructional/Implementation Strategies:

- 1. Improved Lecture
- 2. Tutorial
- 3. Case Method
- 4. Group Discussion
- 5. Role Play
- 6. Demonstration
- 7. ICTBasedTeachingLearning(VideoDemonstration/TutorialsCBT,Blog, Face book,Twitter,Whatsapp,Mobile,Onlinesources)
- 8. Brainstorming

Suggested Learning Resources:

S. No.	Title	Author	Publisher	Edition & Year
1	Research Methodology	C.R KOTHARI	New Age International Publishers	5 TH edition 2023
2	Research Methodology and Strategy: Theory and Practice	Patrick X.W. Zou Xiaoxiao Xu	John Wiley & Sons, Ltd.	First published: 2023

Curriculum Development Team:

- 1. Prof. S.P. Gupta, Director, Rajiv Gandhi Institute of Pharmacy, AKS University
- 2. Ms. Neha Goel, Associate Professor, Rajiv Gandhi Institute of Pharmacy, AKS University
- 3. Mr. Abu Tahir, Assistant professor, Rajiv Gandhi Institute of Pharmacy, AKS University

Course Outcome & Program Outcome Mapping

Course Outcome	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
	Scientific Knowledge	Technological Application	Modern tool usage	Entrepreneur ship	Practical Skill	Applied Science	Computational and Statistical methodologies	Pharmaceutical Ethics	Environment and sustainability	Life-long learning	Analytical thinking and problem solving ability	Create and Innovate	Quality management and translational research
CO-MRM 301T-1: Research Methodology	3	2	3	1	3	2	1	3	2	3	3	2	3
CO-MRM 301T-2: Evaluation of Biostatistics	2	2	3	2	1	3	2	2	1	3	2	3	2
CO-MRM 301T-3: Analysis of Medical Research	1	2	1	3	3	2	3	3	2	2	2	3	3
CO-MRM 301T-4: CPCSEA guidelines	2	1	3	2	2	3	2	2	2	3	1	2	3
CO-MRM 301T-5: Declaration of Helsinki	3	2	2	1	3	2	3	3	1	2	2	2	3

Legend: 1- Low, 2-Medium, 3-High

Course Curriculum Mapping

POs & PSOs No.	COs No. & Title	SOs No.	Class Room	Laboratory	Self
			Instructions	Instructions	learning
Pos:1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10	CO-MRM 301T-1:	SO1.1	1.1,1.2,1.3,1.4,1.5,		SI-1.1
	Understand General Research Methodology.	SO1.2	1.6,1.7,1.8,1.9,1.1		SI-1.2
PSOs:1,2,3		SO1.3	0		SI-1.3
		SO1.4			
Pos:1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10	CO-MRM 301T-2:	SO-2.1	2.1,2.2,2.3,2.4,2.5,		SI-2.1
	Evaluation of Biostatistics: Definition,	SO-2.2	2.6,2.7,2.8,2.9		SI-2.2
PSOs:1,2,3	application, sample size, importance of	SO-2.3			SI-2.3
	sample size, factors influencing sample	SO-2.4			
	size, dropouts, (students "t" test, ANOVA,	SO-2.5			
	Correlation coefficient, regression), null				
	hypothesis.				
Pos:1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10	CO-MRM 301T-3:	SO-3.1	3.1,3.2,3.3,3.4,3.5,		SI-3.1
	Analysis of Medical Research: History,	SO-3.2	3.6,3.7,3.8,3.9		SI-3.2
PSOs:1,2,3	values in medical ethics, autonomy,	SO-3.3			SI-3.3
	beneficence, non-maleficence, double	SO-3.4			
	effect, conflicts between autonomy and	SO-3.5			
	beneficence/non-maleficence, euthanasia.				
Pos:1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10	CO-MRM 301T-4:	SO-4.1	4.1,4.2,4.3,4.4,4.5,		SI-4.1
	Understand CPCSEA guidelines for	SO-4.2	4.6,4.7,4.8,4.9.		SI-4.2
PSOs:1,2,3	laboratory animal facility.	SO-4.3			
		SO-4.4			
		SO-4.5			
Pos:1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10	CO-MRM 301T-5:	SO-5.1	5.1,5.2,5.3,5.4.		SI-5.1
	Understand Declaration of Helsinki:	SO-5.2			SI-5.2
PSOs:1,2,3	History, introduction, basic principles for	SO-5.3			SI-5.3
	all medical research, and additional				SI-5.4
	principles for medical research combined				
	with medical care.				



Faculty of Pharmaceutical Science & Technology Rajiv Gandhi Institute of Pharmacy Curriculum of M. Pharmacy (Pharmaceutical Chemistry-MPC) Program (Revised as on 01 August 2023) Semester-III

Course Code: MPC302

Course Title: Journal Club

Every journal club presentation can be approached in this general format:

Introduction

Explain the clinical question that prompted you to consult the literature and what drew you to the article.

Who wrote the paper?

Consider the title of the paper, the authors and their affiliated institution(s). Are there any outstanding features, e.g. a first study of its kind, a well-known author or institution? What is the impact factor of the journal? What is the circulation (i.e. regional, national or international) and who is the readership? Try to ignore the abstract initially. Reading the author's stated conclusions before forming your own ideas about the validity of the paper may influence your appraisal.

The hypothesis

What is the research question? Is it well constructed? Does it observe the four basic components (PICO) of a good research question? Population – who was studied? Intervention – what was the intervention tested? Control – what was the alternative that the intervention was compared to? Outcome – what was the nature of the outcome measured?

Appraise the evidence base

Read the key references and related papers. What is already known on the subject? Is this correctly presented? Is the hypothesis correct? Is the question relevant and important in the context of the existing literature? What does the study contribute to the existing literature? The introduction will usually contain a statement validating the content of the article by placing it in the context of the wider literature. For example, 'Intervention 'x' has been shown to show significant reduction in patient group 'y'. However, no studies to date have assessed the effect of 'x' in patients with a history of 'z'.'

Study design

Consider the following: The study type is it appropriate to the research question and the subject under investigation, e.g. randomized controlled trial, case control, meta-analysis, cross-sectional, descriptive? The study population Can the results of the study are translated to the general population? Is the patient group representative of the normal population? If not, is this addressed in the text? Randomization how are the participants allocated into the groups? Bias this refers to a flaw in impartiality that introduces systematic error into the methodology and results of a study. Is the research method exposed to bias? Has randomization been used to reduce experiment bias?

What form of blinding or masking has been used to reduce experimental or observational bias? Inclusion and exclusion criteria are these appropriate and clearly stated? Can you identify any oversights that may affect the validity of the study?

Are the methods thorough?

A flawed methodology will undermine the validity of the results. Consider the following: Was the method and approach to the study appropriately diligent? Were processes consistent? Was follow up complete and consistent in each group? What outcome measures were used and were they appropriate? Are the statistical tools adopted suitable and correctly interpreted by the investigators? Have the authors made a power statement? What significance level has been used (P value)? Has the power of the study been stated, does it exceed 80%? Was a power analysis carried out? Was this before the study or post-Doc? Is the study sufficiently powered to eliminate errors? Do the data exhibit low variability? What is the effect size?

Results

Are the results clearly stated? Is the result statistically significant, i.e. is the P value less than 0.05 (is the null hypothesis rejected)? Remember to review supplementary graphs and tables and consider whether they are accurate and represent the data presented in the text.

Discussion and interpretation

Discuss the strengths and weaknesses of the study. Do the results support the conclusions? Often the conclusions will exceed the scope of the evidence base in the preceding paper. Consider the statistical significance vs. the clinical significance? Does the article acknowledge the relevant literature and other approaches? Before concluding, the authors will often include a discussion of the limitations of the study. Close attention should be paid to this to ensure a fair appraisal of the author's claims. Have the authors declared any conflicts of interest?

Clinical context

End your appraisal by assessing how the paper might change clinical practice. You might refer back to the clinical question that first drew you to the article.

Output

Having critically appraised and presented the article, consider whether your comments would be of interest to the publishing journal in the form of a letter to the editor. Particular points of merit, in addition to inconsistencies or statistical short fallings, are of interest to the journal, its readership and the author. Writing letters to the editor is a useful way to hone writing skills and, if accepted, are often published quickly and enhance Curriculum vitae. Often, the article may suggest areas for further research.

Reference- https://www.uab.edu/medicine/physci/uab-multidisciplinary-research-stewardship/step-by-step-approach-to-presenting-at-journal-club



Faculty of Pharmaceutical Science & Technology Rajiv Gandhi Institute of Pharmacy Curriculum of M. Pharmacy (Pharmaceutical Chemistry-MPC) Program (Revised as on 01 August 2023) Semester-III

Course Code: MPC303

Course Title: Discussion Presentation (Proposal Presentation)

Discussion presentation can be approached in this general format:

- Introduction
- Statement of Problem
- Rationale of Study
- Objectives of Study
- Conceptual Framework
- Research questions and Hypothesis
- Methodology
- Ethical Consideration
- Action Plan
- Annexure



Course Code: MPC304

Course Title: Research Work

All the students shall undertake a project under the supervision of a teacher in Semester III and submit a report. 4 copies of the project report shall be submitted (typed & bound copy not less than 75 pages). The internal and external examiner appointed by the University shall evaluate the project at the time of the Practical examinations of other semester(s). The projects shall be evaluated as per the criteria given below-

Evaluation of Dissertation Book:

Objective(s) of the work done	: 50 Marks
Methodology adopted	: 150 Marks
Results and Discussions	: 250 Marks
Conclusions and Outcomes	: 50 Marks

Total 500 Marks

Evaluation of Presentation:

Presentation of work- Presentation of work Quality of Power Point	Presentation	: 70 Marks : 30 Marks
Communication skills-		
Written		: 25 Marks
Verbal		: 25 Marks
Question and answer sl	kills	
Questions		: 50 Marks
Answers		: 50 Marks
	Total	250 Marks



Faculty of Pharmaceutical Science & Technology Rajiv Gandhi Institute of Pharmacy Curriculum of M. Pharmacy (Pharmaceutical Chemistry-MPC) Program (Revised as on 01 August 2023) Semester-IV

Course Code: MPC401

Course Title: Journal Club

Every journal club presentation can be approached in this general format:

Introduction

Explain the clinical question that prompted you to consult the literature and what drew you to the article.

Who wrote the paper?

Consider the title of the paper, the authors and their affiliated institution(s). Are there any outstanding features, e.g. a first study of its kind, a well-known author or institution? What is the impact factor of the journal? What is the circulation (i.e. regional, national or international) and who is the readership? Try to ignore the abstract initially. Reading the author's stated conclusions before forming your own ideas about the validity of the paper may influence your appraisal.

The hypothesis

What is the research question? Is it well constructed? Does it observe the four basic components (PICO) of a good research question? Population – who was studied? Intervention – what was the intervention tested? Control – what was the alternative that the intervention was compared to? Outcome – what was the nature of the outcome measured?

Appraise the evidence base

Read the key references and related papers. What is already known on the subject? Is this correctly presented? Is the hypothesis correct? Is the question relevant and important in the context of the existing literature? What does the study contribute to the existing literature? The introduction will usually contain a statement validating the content of the article by placing it in the context of the wider literature. For example, 'Intervention 'x' has been shown to show significant reduction in patient group 'y'. However, no studies to date have assessed the effect of 'x' in patients with a history of 'z'.'

Study design

Consider the following: The study type is it appropriate to the research question and the subject under investigation, e.g. randomized controlled trial, case control, meta-analysis, cross-sectional, descriptive? The study population Can the results of the study are translated to the general population? Is the patient group representative of the normal population? If not, is this addressed in the text? Randomization how are the participants allocated into the groups? Bias this refers to a flaw in impartiality that introduces systematic error into the methodology and results of a study. Is the research method exposed to bias? Has randomization been used to reduce experiment bias?

What form of blinding or masking has been used to reduce experimental or observational bias? Inclusion and exclusion criteria are these appropriate and clearly stated? Can you identify any oversights that may affect the validity of the study?

Are the methods thorough?

A flawed methodology will undermine the validity of the results. Consider the following: Was the method and approach to the study appropriately diligent? Were processes consistent? Was follow up complete and consistent in each group? What outcome measures were used and were they appropriate? Are the statistical tools adopted suitable and correctly interpreted by the investigators? Have the authors made a power statement? What significance level has been used (P value)? Has the power of the study been stated, does it exceed 80%? Was a power analysis carried out? Was this before the study or post-Doc? Is the study sufficiently powered to eliminate errors? Do the data exhibit low variability? What is the effect size?

Results

Are the results clearly stated? Is the result statistically significant, i.e. is the P value less than 0.05 (is the null hypothesis rejected)? Remember to review supplementary graphs and tables and consider whether they are accurate and represent the data presented in the text.

Discussion and interpretation

Discuss the strengths and weaknesses of the study. Do the results support the conclusions? Often the conclusions will exceed the scope of the evidence base in the preceding paper. Consider the statistical significance vs. the clinical significance? Does the article acknowledge the relevant literature and other approaches? Before concluding, the authors will often include a discussion of the limitations of the study. Close attention should be paid to this to ensure a fair appraisal of the author's claims. Have the authors declared any conflicts of interest?

Clinical context

End your appraisal by assessing how the paper might change clinical practice. You might refer back to the clinical question that first drew you to the article.

Output

Having critically appraised and presented the article, consider whether your comments would be of interest to the publishing journal in the form of a letter to the editor. Particular points of merit, in addition to inconsistencies or statistical short fallings, are of interest to the journal, its readership and the author. Writing letters to the editor is a useful way to hone writing skills and, if accepted, are often published quickly and enhance Curriculum vitae. Often, the article may suggest areas for further research.

Reference- https://www.uab.edu/medicine/physci/uab-multidisciplinary-research-stewardship/step-by-step-approach-to-presenting-at-journal-club



Faculty of Pharmaceutical Science & Technology Rajiv Gandhi Institute of Pharmacy Curriculum of M. Pharmacy (Pharmaceutical Chemistry-MPC) Program (Revised as on 01 August 2023) Semester-IV

Course Code: MPC402

Course Title: Research Work

All the students shall undertake a project under the supervision of a teacher in Semester IV and submit a report. 4 copies of the project report shall be submitted (typed & bound copy not less than 75 pages). The internal and external examiner appointed by the University shall evaluate the project at the time of the Practical examinations of other semester(s). The projects shall be evaluated as per the criteria given below-

Evaluation of Dissertation Book:

Objective(s) of the work done	: 50 Marks	
Methodology adopted	: 150 Marks	
Results and Discussions	: 250 Marks	
Conclusions and Outcomes	: 50 Marks	

Total 500 Marks

Evaluation of Presentation:

Presentation of work-		
Presentation of work		: 70 Marks
Quality of Power Point	t Presentation	: 30 Marks
Communication skills-		
Written		: 25 Marks
Verbal		: 25 Marks
Question and answer s	kills-	
Questions		: 50 Marks
Answers		: 50 Marks
	Total	250 Marks



Faculty of Pharmaceutical Science & Technology Rajiv Gandhi Institute of Pharmacy Curriculum of M. Pharmacy (Pharmaceutical Chemistry-MPC) Program (Revised as on 01 August 2023) Semester-IV

Course Code: MPC403

Course Title: Discussion/ Final Presentation

Discussion presentation can be approached in this general format:

- Introduction
- Statement of Problem
- Rationale of Study
- Objectives of Study
- Conceptual Framework
- Research questions and Hypothesis
- Methodology
- Ethical Consideration
- Action Plan
- Annexures