Curriculum Book

and Assessment and Evaluation Scheme

based on

Outcome Based Education (OBE)

and

Choice-Based Credit System (CBCS)

in Master of Pharmacy

Pharmaceutics (MPH)

2 Year Master Program

Revised as on 01 August 2023 Applicable w.e.f. Academic Session 2023-24





Satna 485001, Madhya Pradesh, India

Faculty of Pharmaceutical Science & Technology Rajiv Gandhi Institute of Pharmacy

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FORWARDING

I am delighted to observe the updated curriculum of the Rajiv Gandhi institute of Pharmacy, for Master Program, which seamlessly integrates the most recent trends and corporate affairs in the field of Pharmaceutical industry and adheres to the guidelines set forth by PCI and UGC. The revised curriculum also thoughtfully incorporates the directives of NEP-2020.

The alignment of course outcomes (COs), Programme Outcome (POs) and Programme specific outcomes (PSOs) has been intricately executed, aligning perfectly with the requisites of NEP-2020 and NAAC standards. I hold the belief that this revised syllabus will significantly enhance the skills and employability of our students.

With immense satisfaction, I hereby present the revised curriculum for the M. Pharmacy program for implementation in the upcoming session.

Date: 01 Aug 2023

Er. Anant Kumar Soni Pro Chancellor & Chairman

AKS University, Satna



FROM THE DESK OF THE VICE-CHANCELLOR



AKS University is currently undergoing a process store vamp its curriculum into an outcome-based approach, with the aim of enhancing the teaching and learning process. The foundation of quality of quality education lies in the implementation of a curriculum that aligns with both societal and industrial needs, focusing on relevant outcomes. This entails dedicated and inspired

Faculty members, as well as impactful industry internships

Hence, it is of utmost importance to begin this endeavor by crafting an outcome-based curriculum in collaboration with academia and industry experts. This curriculum design should be informed by the latest technological advancements, market demands, the guidelines outlined in the National Education Policy (NEP) of 2020, and sustainable goals.

I'm delighted to learn that the revised curriculum has been meticulously crafted by the Rajiv Gandhi Institute of Pharmacy, in consultation with an array of experts from the industry, research institutes, and academia. This curriculum effectively integrates the principles outlined in the NEP-2020 guidelines, as well as sustainable goals. It also adeptly incorporates the latest advancements in the field of business management.

Furthermore, the curriculum takes into account the specific needs of the Indian Industries, focusing on the creation of effective and efficient managers as well as entrepreneurs. This curriculum will not only imparts knowledge but also encourages student's independent thinking for potential enhancements in the area of Pharmaceutical science.

The curriculum goes beyond theoretical learning and embraces practical applications. To enhance students' skills, the curriculum integrates industrial visits, and On-Job Training experiences, research projects. This well- rounded approach ensures that students receive a comprehensive education, fostering their skill development and preparing them for success in the field of Pharmaceutical Science.

I am confident that the updated curriculum for Rajiv Gandhi Institute of Pharmacy will not only enhance students' managerial skills but also contribute significantly to their employability. During the process of revising the curriculum, I am pleased to observe that the Rajiv Gandhi Institute of Pharmacy has diligently adhered to the guidelines provided by the PCI& UGC. Additionally, they have maintained a total credit requirement of 100 for the M. Pharmacy program.



It's worth noting that curriculum revision is an ongoing and dynamic process, designed to address the continuous evolution of managerial and technological advancements and both local and global concerns. This ensures that the curriculum remains responsive and attuned to the changing landscape of education and industry.

AKS University warmly invites input and suggestions from industry experts and technocrats and Alumni students to enhance the curriculum and make it more student-centric. Your valuable insights will greatly contribute to shaping an education that best serves the needs and aspirations of our students.

PROFESSOR B.A. CHOPADE

01 Aug 2023

Vice-Chancellor



PREFACE

As part of our commitment to ongoing enhancement, the Department of Rajiv Gandhi Institute of Pharmacy consistently reviews and updates its M. Pharmacy program curriculum every three years. Through this process, we ensure that the curriculum remains aligned with the latest managerial developments, as well as local and global industrial and social demands.

During this procedure, the existing curriculum for the M. Pharmacy Program undergoes evaluation by a panel of industry specialists, and academicians. Following meticulous scrutiny, the revised curriculum has been formulated and is set to be implemented starting from August 01, 2023. This implementation is contingent upon the endorsement of the curriculum by the University's Board of Studies and Governing Body.

This curriculum closely adheres to the PCI model syllabus distributed in 2016. It seamlessly integrates the guidelines set forth by the Ministry of Higher Education, Government of India, through NEP- 2020, as well as the principles of Sustainable Development Goals. In order to foster the holistic skill development of students, a range of practical activities, including Industrial Visits, Project planning and execution, Report Writing, Seminars, and Industrial On-Job Training, have been incorporated. Furthermore, in alignment with AICTE's directives, the total credit allocation for the M Pharmacy program is capped at 100 credits.

The Master of Pharmacy program typically follows a credit-based system where each subject is assigned a certain number of credits. These credits reflect the workload and importance of the subject in the curriculum. The credit system is designed to ensure that students receive a balanced education that covers all the necessary areas of pharmaceutical science and practice.

Theory Courses these include lectures and tutorials on subjects like Pharmaceutics, Pharmaceutical Chemistry etc. Each theory course may carry 4 credits. Practical Courses: Laboratory sessions where students apply their theoretical knowledge. Practical courses usually carry fewer credits than theory courses, often around 6 credits. Core Subjects: Subjects that are fundamental to the field may have higher credit values. The importance of these subjects in the pharmaceutical industry cannot be overstated. They provide the foundational knowledge and skills necessary for various roles within the industry, such as:



Research and Development: Understanding the principles of drug action, formulation, and analysis is crucial for developing new medications. Quality Control and Assurance: Knowledge of analytical techniques and standards is essential for ensuring the safety and efficacy of pharmaceutical products.

Regulatory Affairs: Familiarity with pharmaceutical laws and regulations is important for compliance in the industry. Sales and Marketing: A strong grasp of pharmacology and therapeutics helps in effectively promoting pharmaceutical products. The total number of credits required to earn a M. Pharm may vary by institution but is typically around 100 credits.

In terms of career prospects, M. Pharm Post graduates can find opportunities in: Pharmaceutical Companies: In roles such as product development, production, quality control, and marketing. Regulatory Bodies: As drug inspectors or regulatory affairs specialists. Research Institutes: Engaging in cutting-edge research to develop new drugs and therapies. Healthcare Settings: As pharmacists in hospitals, clinics, and community pharmacies.

The subjects studied in the M. Pharm program are directly linked to the practical needs of the pharmaceutical industry, ensuring that graduates are well-prepared for Pharmaceutical industry extractions.

For each course, a thorough mapping of Course Outcomes, Program Outcomes, and Program Specific Outcomes has been undertaken. As the course syllabus is being meticulously developed, various elements such as session outcomes, laboratory instruction, classroom instruction, self-learning activities, assignments, and mini projects are meticulously outlined.

We hold the belief that this dynamic curriculum will undoubtedly enhance independent thinking, skills, and overall employ ability of the students.

PROFESSOR (Dr.) GP Richhariya Dean (I/c) Rajiv Gandhi Institute of Pharmacy Faculty of Pharmaceutical Science & Technology AKS University, Satna 01-August-2023

INTRODUCTION

Rajiv Gandhi Institute of Pharmacy was established in 2006, with the aim of providing quality education in pharmaceutical sciences. The college started with, Bachelor in Pharmacy 2006. The institution became a constituent unit of AKS University Satna, in 2012 and later on other some another courses were add like D. Pharm (2015), M. Pharm (2020), the Ph. D Programme (2021). All courses at the institute are recognized by the Pharmacy Council of India (PCI). The institute has a strong alumni association with over 1100 active members, who are placed globally at various positions in Pharma Marketing, Industrial, Regulatory and Entrepreneurial services.

VISION

To be established as globally recognized academic &research excellence to sustain theneeds of pharmacy profession and the society.

MISSION

M1: To promote & trained as per global requirement of social and pharmaceutical needs in pharmaceutical education and research through prescribed training programmes like B. Pharm., M. Pharm. and PhD with professional pharmaceutical education and effective competency.

M2: Achieve academic excellence in Pharmaceutical science through the innovative teaching learning process.

M3: To establish recognized research center for needs of pharmacy profession and the society.

M4: To Promote Skills through experimental knowledge as per global requirement of social and pharmaceutical industry.

Program Educational Objectives (PEOs)

PEO 1. Knowledge & Learning: To impart sound pharmaceutical knowledge, scientific principles to make them ever-ready for producing quality, safety and effective pharmaceutical formulations.

PEO 2. Expertise: To develop creative thinking, innovative strategies to overcome therapeutic challenges with customized medicines time to time for society.

1

PEO 3. Leadership: To produce skilled pharmaceutical professionals, leaders, policy makers and entrepreneurs for building healthy nation.

PEO 4. Employment & Entrepreneur: Enable graduate to succeed in technical or professional careers in various pharmaceutical industry/institute or health care system.

PEO 5. Professional Practice: Enable graduate to practice profession and adapt in a globe of constantly developing trends.

Program outcomes (POs)

- 1. Scientific knowledge: To apply the scientific and technological principles to design, develop effective pharmaceutical dosage forms and drug delivery systems for better therapeutic results.
- **2. Technological applications:** To utilize technical knowledge and identify any factors affecting the quality of pharmaceutical production.
- **3. Modern tool usage:** Learn, select, apply appropriate methods, procedures, resources, and modern pharmacy-related computing tools with an understanding of the limitations.
- **4. Entrepreneurship:** To understand the basics of establishing and management of pharmaceutical enterprise.
- **5. Practical skills:** To gain practical expertise in formulating and evaluating various novel drug release systems for minor ailments to major diseases.
- **6. Applied science:** To employ contemporary scientific knowledge viz., pharmacology, biotechnology for designing disease-centric pharmaceuticals.
- **7. Computational and statistical methodologies:** Applying and utilizing the statistical tools with the aid of computer software to optimize the formulations.
- 8. Pharmaceutical ethics: To respect personal values and apply ethical principles in professional and social contexts. Demonstrate behavior that recognizes cultural, personal variability in values, communication and lifestyles. Use ethical frameworks; apply ethical principles while making decisions and take responsibility for the outcomes associated with the decisions.
- **9.** Environment and sustainability: To understand, protect and cooperate environmental concerns for sustaining biodiversity.
- **10. Life-long learning:** To develop the habit of updating knowledge from time to time to meet industrial demands and social needs for having a fruitful career.

The Post Graduate shall be able to:

PSO 1. Formulation strategies: To impart practical knowledge, expertise to develop, design disease-centric formulations, targeting approaches using current, advanced scientific principles for better patient care and compliance.

PSO 2. Emerging science: To introduce knowledge about emerging cutting-edge technologies and their application in pharmaceutical field with better formulations for effective treatments.

PSO 3. Computational literacy: To demonstrate the use of artificial intelligence, computer programs or software applications useful in screening formulations, interpretation of experimental data and their validation.

PSO 4. Pharmaceutical regulations: To understand the objectives, roles, functions of various pharmaceutical regulatory bodies governing quality, safety and efficacy of pharmaceuticals from manufacturing to patient door.

Consistence/Mapping of PEOs with Mission of Department

PEO	M1	M2	M3	M4
PEO1	2	3	3	2
PEO2	3	3	2	2
PEO3	3	2	3	3
PEO4	2	2	3	2
PEO5	3	2	2	3

Correlation Indices: 1–Low, 2–Medium, 3–High

GENERAL COURSE STRUCTURE & THEME

1. Definition of Credit:

1 Hr. Lecture (L) per week	1Credit
1 Hr. Tutorial (T) per week	1Credit
2 Hours Practical (P) per week	1Credit

2. Range of Credits:

In the light of the fact that a typical Model Two-year Postgraduate master program in Pharmacy has about 100 credits, the total number of credits proposed for the two year Master of Pharmacy is kept as 100 considering NEP-20 and NAAC guideline.

3. Structure of PG Program in Pharmacy:

The structure of PG Program in Pharmacy shall have essentially the following categories of courses with the breakup of credits as given:

COMPONENTS OF CURRICULUM

(Program curriculum grouping based on course components)

Sr.No	CourseComponent	% of total number of Credits of the Program	Total number of Credits
1	Pharmacy Core Course (PCC)	52	52
2	Research Methodology and Biostatistics (RM)	4	4
3	Journal club (JC)	2	2
4	Discussion/Presentation(Proposal Presentation) (PP)	2	2
5	Research Work (RW)	30	30
6	Discussion/Final Presentation (FP)	3	3
	Co-curricular Activities (CCA) (Attending Conference, Scientific Presentations and Other Scholarly Activities)	7	7
	TOTAL	100%	100

GENERAL COURSE STRUCTURE AND CREDIT DISTRIBUTION **Curriculum of Master of Pharmacy**

SEMESTER-I		SEMESTER-II		
Course Title	Credit	Course Title	Credit	
Modern Pharmaceutical Analytical	4:0:0=4	Molecular Pharmaceutics (Nano	4:0:0=4	
Techniques	4.0.0-4	Tech and Targeted DDS)	4.0.0-4	
Drug Delivery System	4:0:0=4	Advanced Biopharmaceutics &	4:0:0=4	
	4.0.0-4	Pharmacokinetics	4.0.0-4	
Modern Pharmaceutics	4:0:0=4	Computer Aided Drug Delivery	4:0:0=4	
		System		
Regulatory Affair	4:0:0=4	Cosmetic and Cosmeceuticals	4:0:0=4	
Pharmaceutics Practical I	6:0:0=6	Pharmaceutics Practical II	6:0:0=6	
Seminar/Assignment	4:0:0=4	Seminar/Assignment	4:0:0=4	
TOTAL CREDIT	26	TOTAL CREDIT	26	
SEMESTER-III		SEMESTER-IV		
Course Title	Credit	Course Title	Credit	
Research Methodology and	4:0:0=4	Journal Club	1:0:0=1	
Biostatistics*				
Journal club	1:0:0=1	Research Work	16:0:0=16	
Discussion / Presentation (Proposal	2:0:0=2	Discussion/Final Presentation	3:0:0=3	
Presentation)				
Research Work	14:0:0=14	1		
TOTAL CREDIT	21	TOTAL CREDIT	20	
Co-curricular Activities			7	
(Attending Conference, Scientific Pres	entations and	Other Scholarly Activities)	1	
			otalCredit:10	

TotalCredit:100

GENERAL COURSE STRUCTURE AND CREDIT DISTRIBUTION

Program/Course credit structure As per the philosophy of Credit Based Semester System, certain quantum of academic work viz. theory classes, tutorial hours, practical classes, etc. are measured in terms of credits. On satisfactory completion of the courses, a candidate earns credits. The amount of credit associated with a course is dependent upon the number of hours of instruction per week in that course. Similarly, the credit associated with any of the other academic, co/extra-curricular activities is dependent upon the quantum of work expected to be put in for each of these activities per week.

A Credit assignment

Theory and Laboratory courses are broadly classified as Theory and Practical. Theory courses consist of lecture (L) and /or tutorial (T) hours, and Practical (P) courses consist of hours spent in the laboratory. Credits (C) for a course is dependent on the number of hours of instruction per week in that course, and is obtained by using a multiplier of one (1) for lecture and tutorial hours, and for practical (laboratory) hours. Thus, for example, a theory course having three lectures and one tutorial per week throughout the semester carries a credit of 4. Similarly, a practical having 12 laboratory hours per week throughout semester carries a credit of 6.

Maximum credit requirements the maximum credit points required for award of a M. Pharm. is 100. These credits are divided into theory courses, Tutorials, Practical, and Project over the duration of forth semesters. The credits are distributed semester-wise as shown in Table. Courses generally progress in sequences, building competencies and their positioning indicates certain academic maturity on the part of the learners. Learners are expected to follow the semester-wise schedule of courses given in the syllabus.

Semester wise credits distribution

Table-

Semester	Credit Points		
Ι	26		
II	26		
III	21		
IV	20		
Co-curricular Activities	Minimum=02		
(Attending Conference, Scientific Presentations and	Maximum=07*		
Other Scholarly Activities)			
Total Credit Points	Minimum=95		
	Maximum=100*		
*Credit Points for Co-curricular Activities			

Course code and definition:

L	Lecture
Т	Tutorial
Р	Practical
С	Credit
РСС	Pharmacy Core Course
RM	Research Methodology and Biostatistics
JC	Journal club
PP	Discussion/Presentation (Proposal Presentation)
RW	Research Work
FP	Discussion/Final Presentation
ССА	Co-curricular Activities (Attending Conference, Scientific Presentations and Other Scholarly Activities)

COURSE LEVEL CODING SCHEME

Three-digit number (odd numbers are for the odd semester courses and even numbers are for even semester courses) used as suffix with the Course Code for identifying the level of the course.

MPH 101T, MPH 102T --- for first semester

MPH 201T, MPH 202T --- for second semester

MRM 301T--- for third semester

CATEGORY-WISE COURSES

Pharmacy Core Course (PCC)

1. Number of Pharmacy	Core (Course	(PCC):	12,	Credits:	52
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Sr. No	Code No	Subject	Semester	Credits	
1	PCC	Modern Pharmaceutical Analytical Techniques	Ι	4	
2	PCC	Drug Delivery System	Ι	4	
3	PCC	Modern Pharmaceutics	Ι	4	
4	PCC	Regulatory Affair	Ι	4	
5	PCC	Pharmaceutics Practical I	Ι	6	
6	PCC	Seminar/Assignment	Ι	4	
7	PCC	Molecular Pharmaceutics (Nano Tech and	II	4	
		Targeted DDS)			
8	PCC	Advanced Biopharmaceutics &	II	4	
		Pharmacokinetics			
9	PCC	Computer Aided Drug Delivery System	II	4	
10	PCC	Cosmetic and Cosmeceuticals	II	4	
11	PCC	Pharmaceutics Practical II	II	6	
12	PCC	Seminar/Assignment	II	4	
	Total Credits 52				

2. Number of Research Methodology and Biostatistics (RM): 01,Credits: 4

Sr. No	Code No	Subject	Semester	Credits
1	RM	Research Methodology and Biostatistics	III	4
		Total Credits		4

3. Number of Journal club (JC): 02,Credits: 2

Sr. No	Code No	Subject	Semester	Credits
1	JC	Journal club	III	1
2	JC	Journal club	IV	1
Total Credits				2

4. Number of Discussion/Presentation (Proposal Presentation) (PP): 01,Credits: 2

Sr. No	Code No	Subject	Semester	Credits	
1	PP	Discussion/Presentation (Proposal Presentation)	III	2	
	Total Credits				

5. Number of Research Work (RW): 02,Credits: 30

Sr. No	Code No	Subject	Semester	Credits		
1	RW	Research Work	III	14		
2	RW	Research Work	IV	16		
	Total Credits					

6. Number of Discussion/Final Presentation (FP): 02, Credits: 30

Sr. No	Code No	Subject	Semester	Credits
1	FP	Discussion/Final Presentation	IV	3

Total Credits	3

7. Number of Co-curricular Activities (CCA): 01,Credits: 7

Sr. No	Code No	Subject	Semester	Credits
1	CCA	Co-curricular Activities	-	7
		(Attending Conference, Scientific Presentations		
		and Other Scholarly Activities)		
		Total Credits		7

INDUCTION PROGRAM

Induction program for students to be offered right at the start of the first year. It is mandatory. AKS University has designed an induction program for 1styear student, details are below:

- 1. Physical activity
- 2. Creative Arts
- 3. Universal Human Values
- 4. Literary
- 5. Proficiency Modules
- 6. Lectures by Eminent speakers
- 7. Visits to local Areas
- 8. Familiarization to Dept./Branch & Innovations

MANDATORY VISITS/WORKSHOP/EXPERT LECTURES

- 1. It is mandatory to arrange one industrial visit every semester for the students.
- 2. It is mandatory to organize at least one expert lecture per semester for each branch by expert resource persons from industry.

EVALUATION SCHEME

1. For Theory Courses:

- The weightage of Internal assessment is 25% and;
- End Semester Exam is 75%. The student has to obtain at least 50% marks individually both in internal assessment and end semester Exams to pass.

2. For Practical Courses:

- The weightage of Internal assessment is 33.33% and;
- End Semester Exam is 66.66%. The student has to obtain at least 50% marks individually both in internal assessment and end semester exams to pass.
- 3. **For Presentation/Journal Club/Seminar etc.:** Evaluation is based on work done, quality of report, performance in viva-voce, presentation etc.

Semester	Lectu re		Semina r/Assig nment		Discussion/Presen tation (Proposal Presentation)	Research Work	Discussion/Final Presentation	Total Hours	No of Hours Per Sem.	Total Credit
Semester-I	16	12	7	-	-	-	-	35	35 x15=525	26
Semester-II	16	12	7	-	-	-	-	35	35 x15=525	26
Semester- III	4	-	-	1	2	28	-	35	35 x15=525	21
Semester- IV	-	-	-	1	-	31	3	35	35 x15=525	20
Co-curricular Activities (Attending Conference, Scientific Presentations and Other Scholarly Activities)								-	7	
Total	36	24	14	2	2	59	3	140	2100	100

SEMESTR WISE COURSE STRUCTURE

Course Code	Course	Credit Hours	Credit Points	Hrs./w k	Marks
MPH101T	Modern Pharmaceutical Anal	ytical 4	4	4	100
	Techniques				
MPH102T	Drug Delivery System	4	4	4	100
MPH103T	Modern Pharmaceutics	4	4	4	100
MPH104T	Regulatory Affair	4	4	4	100
MPH105P	Pharmaceutics Practical I	12	6	12	150
	Seminar/Assignment	7	4	7	100
	Total	35	26	35	650

Table-I: Course of study for M. Pharm. (Pharmaceutics) semester I

Table-II: Course of study for M. Pharm. (Pharmaceutics) semester II

Course	Course	Credit	Credit	Hrs./w	Marks
Code		Hours	Points	k	
MPH201T	Molecular Pharmaceutics (Nano Tech and	4	4	4	100
	Targeted DDS)				
MPH202T	Advanced Biopharmaceutics &	4	4	4	100
	Pharmacokinetics				
MPH203T	Computer Aided Drug Delivery System	4	4	4	100
MPH204T	Cosmetic and Cosmeceuticals	4	4	4	100
MPH205P	Pharmaceutics Practical II	12	6	12	150
	Seminar/Assignment	7	4	7	100
	Total	35	26	35	650

Table-III: Course of study for M. Pharm. (Pharmaceutics) semester III

Course Code	Course	Credit Hours	Credit Points
MRM 301T	Research Methodology and Biostatistics*	<u>1100115</u> <u>1</u>	<u>1 0 m s</u>
	Journal club	 1	1
		1	1
	Discussion / Presentation (Proposal Presentation)	2	2
	Research Work	28	14
	Total	35	21

* Non University Exam

Table-IV: Course of study for M. Pharm. (Pharmaceutics) semester IV

Course Code	Course	Credit Hours	Credit Points
	Journal Club	1	1
	Research Work	31	16
	Discussion/Final Presentation	3	3
	Total	35	20



AKS University

Faculty of Pharmaceutical Science & Technology Rajiv Gandhi Institute of Pharmacy Curriculum of M. Pharmacy (Pharmaceutics-MPH) Program (Revised as on 01 August 2023)

Semester-I

Course Code:	MPH 101T
Course Title:	Modern Pharmaceutical Analytical Techniques
Pre-requisite:	This subject deals with various advanced analytical instrumental techniques for Identification, characterization and quantification of drugs. Instruments dealt are NMR, Mass spectrometer, IR, HPLC, GC etc.
Rationale/Objectives:	 After completion of course student is able to know Chemical and Excipients. The analysis of various drugs in single and combination dosage forms.

• Theoretical and practical skills of the instruments.

Course Outcomes:

CO-MPH 101T-1: To understand the working, principles & applications of various analytical instruments like UV-Visible spectroscopy, IR spectroscopy, Spectroflourimetry and Flame emission spectroscopy and Atomic absorption spectroscopy.

CO-MPH 101T-2: To know the various basic working, principles & applications of NMR spectroscopy.

CO-MPH 101T-3: To know the various basic working, principles & applications of Mass Spectroscopy.

CO-MPH 101T-4: To understand about the Chromatography: principle, apparatus and instrumentation.

CO-MPH 101T-5: To understand the Electrophoresis principle, Instrumentation, Working & conditions & their applications.

CO-MPH 101T-6: To understand about the Immunological assay.

Scheme of Studies

			Total Number of contact hours/Week						
Course	Title of the	Program Name	Class room Instruction (A)	Practical	G	SL	Total Hours (H)	Credit	
code	course	Iname	Lecture	(P)	SW				
MPH 101T	Modern Pharmaceutical Analytical Techniques	M. Pharmacy	4	-	1	1	6	4	
	Theory								

Legend: CI: Class room Instruction (Includes different instructional strategies i.e. Lecture (L) and Tutorial (T) and others

LI: Laboratory Instruction (Includes Practical performances in laboratory workshop, field or other locations using different instructional strategies)

SW: Sessional Work (includes assignment, seminar, and mini project etc.)

SL: Self Learning, Credits

Note: SW& SL has to be planned and performed under the continuous guidance and feedback of teacher to ensure outcome of Learning.

Theory Assessment

		Internal Assessment (A)				End Ex	Total		
Course Code	Course	Continuous Mode			Total	Marks	Duration	Marks (A+B)	
		moue	Marks	Duration	Iotai	iviai ko	Duration	((1) D)	
MPH 101T	Modern Pharmaceutical Analytical Techniques	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3Hrs.	100	

Guidelines for the allotment of marks for attendance

Percentage of Attendance	Theory	Practical
95–100	8	10
90–94	6	7.5
85–89	4	5
80–84	2	2.5
Less than 80	0	0

Course-Curriculum Detailing:

This course syllabus illustrates the expected learning achievements, both at the course and session levels, which students are anticipated to accomplish through various modes of instruction including Classroom Instruction (CI), Laboratory Instruction (LI), Sessional Work (SW), and Self Learning (SL). As the course progresses, students should showcase their mastery of Session Outcomes (SOs), culminating in the overall achievement of Course Outcomes (COs) upon the course's conclusion.

Unit I

CO-MPH 101T-1: To understand the working, principle & applications of various analytical instruments like UV-Visible spectroscopy. IR spectroscopy, Spectroflourimetry and Flame emission spectroscopy and Atomic absorption spectroscopy.

Item	Approx Hrs
Lecture	11
Practical (P)	0
SW	1
SL	2
Total	14

Session Outcomes (SOs)	Laboratory Instruction (LI)	Class room Instruction (CI)	Self Learning (SL)
Theory SO1.1: UV-Visible spectroscopy SO1.2: IR spectroscopy SO1.3: Spectroflourimetry SO1.4: Flame emission spectroscopy and Atomic absorption spectroscopy		(CI) 1.1: UV-Visible spectroscopy Introduction, Theory 1.2: Laws, Instrumentation associated with UV-Visible spectroscopy 1.3: Choice of solvents and solvent effect and applications of UV- Visible spectroscopy, Difference/ Derivative spectroscopy 1.4: IR spectroscopy. Theory, of IR spectroscopy & Modes of Molecular vibrations 1.5: Instrumentation of Dispersive and Fourier - Transform IR Spectrometer 1.6: Factors affecting vibrational frequencies and applications of IR spectroscopy 1.7: Data Interpretation of IR Spectrometer 1.8: Spectroflourimetry: Theory of Fluorescence, Factors effecting fluorescence and Quenchers 1.9: Flame emission spectroscopy and Atomic absorption spectroscopy 1.10: Principle, Instrumentation, Interferences and applications.	(SL) 1.1: Advanced models of UV Spectroscopy 1.2: UV Spectroscopic applications
		1.11: Instrumentation and applications of fluorescence spectrophotometer	

Suggested Assignments: 1. Describe the UV- spectroscopy and IR spectroscopy.

Unit II CO- MPH 101T-2: To know the various basic working, principle & applications of NMR spectroscopy.

Item	Approx Hrs
Lecture	11
Practical (P)	0
SW	1
SL	1
Total	13

Session Outcomes(SOs)	Laboratory Instruction (LI)	Class room Instruction (CI)	Self Learning (SL)
Theory	NA	2.1: Introduction of NMR	2.1: Advanced
		spectroscopy	technology in NMR.
SO2.1: NMR spectroscopy		2.2: Role of Quantum numbers in	
		NMR	
		2.3: Principle and Instrumentation,	
		of NMR	
		2.4: Solvent requirement in NMR,	
		Relaxation process	
		2.5: NMR signals in various	
		compounds	
		2.6: Chemical shift, Coupling	
		constant	
		2.7: Nuclear magnetic double	
		resonance	
		2.8 : Brief outline of principles of	
		FT-NMR and 13C NMR	
		2.9 : Applications of NMR	
		spectroscopy	
		2.10 Factors influencing chemical	
		shift	
		2.11: Spin-Spin coupling	

Suggested Assignments: 1. Brief outline of principles of FT-NMR and 13C NMR.

Unit III

CO-MPH 101T-3: To know the various basic working, principles & applications of Mass Spectroscopy.

Item	Approx Hrs
Lecture	11
Practical (P)	0
SW	1
SL	1
Total	13

Session Outcomes (SOs)	Laboratory Instruction (LI)	Class room Instruction (CI)	Self Learning (SL)
Theory	NA	3.1: Principle & Theories of Mass	3.1: Latest features &
		Spectroscopy	models of Mass
SO3.1: Mass Spectroscopy		3.2: Instrumentation of Mass	spectroscopy
		Spectroscopy	
		3.3: Different types of ionization	
		like electron impact	
		3.4: Chemical, field, FAB and	
		MALDI	
		3.5: APCI, ESI, APPI Analyzers	
		of Quadrupole and Time of Flight	
		3.6: Mass fragmentation and its	
		rules	
		3.7: Meta stable ions	
		3.8: Isotopic peaks	
		3.9: APPI Analyzers of	
		Quadrupole	
		3.10: Applications of Mass	
		spectroscopy	
		3.11: Importance of Applications	
		of Mass spectroscopy	

Suggested Assignments: 1. Write down the Mass fragmentation and its rules.

Unit IV

CO-MPH 101T-4: To understand about the Chromatography: Principle, apparatus and Instrumentation.

Item	Approx Hrs
Lecture	11
Practical (P)	0
SW	1
SL	1
Total	13

Session Outcomes (SOs)	Laboratory Instruction (LI)	Class room Instruction (CI)	Self Learning (SL)
Theory	NA	4.1: Principles of chromatography	4.1: Latest features &
SO4.1: Chromatography		4.2: Principle, apparatus, instrumentation of Paper chromatography4.3: Parameters & factors affecting	models of Chromatographic techniques
		resolution	
		4.4: Applications of Paper chromatography	
		4.5: Principle, apparatus, instrumentation of	
		Thin Layer chromatography	
		4.6: Principle, apparatus, instrumentation of	
		Paper chromatography Parameters & factors	
		affecting resolution	
		4.7: Ion exchange chromatography:	
		Principle, apparatus, instrumentation	
		4.8: Column chromatography Principle,	
		apparatus, instrumentation & applications 4.9: Gas Chromatography Principle,	
		apparatus, instrumentation,	
		chromatographic parameters, factors	
		affecting resolution	
		4.10: Gas Chromatography Principle,	
		apparatus, instrumentation,	
		chromatographic parameters, factors	
		affecting resolution	
		4.11: High Performance Liquid& Affinity	
		chromatography Principle, apparatus,	
		instrumentation, chromatographic	
		parameters, factors affecting resolution and	
		applications	

Suggested Assignments:

1. Principle, apparatus, instrumentation, chromatographic parameters of chromatographic techniques.

Unit V

CO-MPH 101T-5: To understand the Electrophoresis Principle, Instrumentation, Working & conditions & their applications.

Item	Approx Hrs
Lecture	11
Practical (P)	0
SW	1
SL	1
Total	13

Session Outcomes (SOs)	Laboratory Instruction (LI)	Class room Instruction (CI)	Self Learning (SL)
Theory	NA	5.1: Principle, Instrumentation, Working	5.1: Reporting form of
		conditions of Paper electrophoresis	UK, Japan, USA
SO5.1: Electrophoresis		5.2: Factors affecting separation and	
		applications of Paper electrophoresis	
		5.3: Principle, Instrumentation, Working	
		conditions of Gel electrophoresis	
		5.4: Factors affecting separation and	
		applications of Gel electrophoresis	
		5.5: Principle, Instrumentation, Working	
		conditions of Gel electrophoresis	
		5.6: Factors affecting separation and	
		applications of Capillary electrophoresis	
		5.7: Principle, Instrumentation, Working	
		conditions of Capillary Moving	
		boundary electrophoresis	
		5.8: Factors affecting separation and	
		applications of Zone electrophoresis	
		5.9: Principle, Instrumentation, Working	
		conditions of Isoelectric focusing	
		5.10: Principle, Instrumentation,	
		Working conditions of Isoelectric	
		focusing.	
		5.11: X ray Crystallography: Production	
		of X rays, Different X ray diffraction	
		methods, Bragg's law, Rotating crystal	
		technique, X ray powder technique,	
		Types of crystals and applications of X-	
		ray diffraction	

Suggested Assignments: 1. Paper electrophoresis

- 2. Gel electrophoresis
- 3. Capillary electrophoresis
- 4. Zone electrophoresis
- 5. Moving boundary electrophoresis6. Isoelectric focusing.

Unit VI CO-MPH 101T-6: To understand about the Immunological assays.

Item	Approx Hrs
Lecture	05
Practical (P)	0
SW	1
SL	1
Total	07

Session Outcomes (SOs)	Laboratory Instruction (LI)	Class room Instruction (CI)	Self Learning (SL)
Theory	NA	6.1: introduction of Immunological	6.1: ELISA test.
SO6.1: Immunological		assays.	
Assays.		6.2: basic concept of immunolisation.	
		6.3: RIA (Radio immuno assay).	
		6.4: briefly explain ELISA test.	
		6.5: Bioluminescence assays	

Suggested Assignments: 1. Explain in detail about RIA (Radio immuno assay) and ELISA test.

Brief of Hours suggested for the Course Outcome

Course Outcomes	Class Lecture (CL)	Laboratory Instructions (LI)	Sessional Work (SW)	Self Learning (SL)	Total Hour (CL+SW+ SL+LI)
CO-MPH 101T-1: To understand the working, Principals& applications of various analytical instruments like UV-Visible spectroscopy. IR spectroscopy, Spectroflourimetry and Flame emission spectroscopy and Atomic absorption spectroscopy.	11	0	1	2	14
CO-MPH 101T-2: To know the various basic working, Principals& applications of NMR spectroscopy.	11	0	1	1	13
CO-MPH 101T-3: To know the various basic working, Principals& applications of Mass Spectroscopy	11	0	1	1	13
CO-MPH 101T-4: To understand about the Chromatography: Principle, apparatus, instrumentation.	11	0	1	1	13
CO-MPH 101T-5: To understand the Electrophoresis Principle, Instrumentation, Working& conditions & their applications.	11	0	1	1	13
CO-MPH 101T-6: To understand about the Immunological assay.	05	0	1	1	07
Total Hours	60	0	6	7	73

Course OutcomeUnit TitlesCO-MPH 101T-1:To understand the working, Principals& applications of various analytical instruments like UV-Visible spectroscopy. IR spectroscopy, Spectroflourimetry and Flame	A 08	C 06	E	- Total Marks
CO-MPH 101T-1: applications of various analytical instruments like UV-Visible spectroscopy. IR spectroscopy, Spectroflourimetry and Flame	08	06		
emission spectroscopy and Atomic absorption spectroscopy.			01	15
CO-MPH 101T-2:To know the various basic working, Principals& applications of NMR spectroscopy	12	07	01	20
CO-MPH 101T-3:To know the various basic working, Principals& applications of Mass Spectroscopy	08	06	02	16
CO-MPH 101T-4: To understand about the Chromatography: Principle, apparatus, instrumentation	10	02	03	15
CO-MPH 101T-5: To understand the Electrophoresis Principle, Instrumentation, Working& conditions & their applications.	10	07	03	20
CO-MPH 101T-6: To understand about the Immunological assay.	10	02	02	14
Total	58	30	12	100

Suggested Specification Table (For ESA)

Legend: A: Analyze, C: create, E: Evaluate

The end of semester assessment for Modern Pharmaceutical Analytical Techniques will be held with written examination of 75 marks.

Note. Detailed Assessment rubric need to be prepared by the course wise teachers for above tasks. Teachers can also design different tasks as per requirement, for end semester assessment.

Suggested Instructional/Implementation Strategies:

- 1. Improved Lecture
- 2. Tutorial
- 3. Case Method
- 4. Group Discussion
- 5. Role Play
- 6. Demonstration
- 7. ICT Based Teaching Learning(Video Demonstration/Tutorials CBT, Blog, Face book, Twitter, Whats app, Mobile, Online sources)
- 8. Brainstorming

Suggested Learning Resources:

S. No.	Title	Author	Publisher	Edition & Year
1	Spectrometric Identification of Organic compounds	Robert M Silverstein	John Wiley & Sons	Sixth edition, 2004
2	Principles of Instrumental Analysis Doglas A Skoog	F. James Holler, Timothy A. Nieman	Cengate india private limlted	7th edition, 2020
3	Instrumental methods of analysis	Willards	CBS publishers	7th edition, 2023
4	Practical Pharmaceutical Chemistry	Beckett and Stenlake, Vol II,	CBS Publishers	4 th edition, New Delhi, 2023
5	Organic Spectroscopy	William Kemp	ELBS	3rd edition, 2022
6	Quantitative Analysis of Drugs in Pharmaceutical formulation	P D Sethi	CBS Publishers	4 rd Edition, New Delhi, 2022
7	Pharmaceutical Analysis- Modern methods Part B	J W Munson, Volume- 11	CRC Press	2 ND edition 2012

Curriculum Development Team:

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Course Outcome & Program Outcome Mapping

Course Outcome	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4
	Scientific Knowledge	Technological Application	Modern tool usage	Entrepreneur ship	Practical Skill	Applied Science	Computational and Statistical methodologies	Pharmaceutical Ethics	Environment and sustainability	Life-long learning	Formulation strategies	Emerging science	Computational literacy	Pharmaceutical regulations
CO-MPH 101T-1: UV-Visible Spectroscopy	3	2	3	1	3	2	1	3	2	3	2	3	2	1
CO-MPH 102T-1: NMR Spectroscopy	2	2	3	2	1	3	2	2	1	3	3	2	2	3
CO-MPH 103T-1: Mass Spectroscopy	1	2	1	3	3	2	3	3	2	2	1	2	1	2
CO-MPH 104T-1: Chromatography	2	1	3	2	2	3	2	2	2	3	2	3	2	1
CO-MPH 105T-1: Electrophoresis	3	2	2	1	3	2	3	3	1	2	3	1	2	3
CO-MPH 106T-1: Immunological assay	2	1	3	2	1	3	1	3	2	3	1	2	1	2

Legend: 1- Low, 2-Medium, 3-High

Course Curriculum Mapping

POs & PSOs No.	COs No. & Title	SOs No.	Class Room	Laboratory	Self
			Instructions	Instructions	learning
POs:1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10	СО-МРН 101Т-1:	SO1.1	1.1,1.2,1.3,1.4,1.	-	SL-1.1
	To understand the working,	SO1.2	5,1.6,1.7,1.8,1.9,		SL-1.2
PSOs:1,2,3,4	Principals& applications of various	SO1.3	1.10,1.11		
	analytical instruments like UV-Visible	SO1.4			
	spectroscopy. IR spectroscopy,				
	Spectroflourimetry and Flame				
	emission spectroscopy and Atomic				
	absorption spectroscopy.				
POs:1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10	CO-MPH 101T-2:	SO2.1	2.1,2.2,2.3,2.4,2.	-	SL-2.1
	To know the various basic working,		5,2.6,2.7,2.8,2.9,		
PSOs:1,2,3,4	Principals& applications of NMR		2.10,2.11		
	spectroscopy				
POs:1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10	СО-МРН 101Т -3:	SO3.1	3.1,3.2,3.3,3.4,3.	-	SL-3.1
	To know the various basic working,		5,3.6,3.7,3.8,3.9,		
PSOs:1,2,3,4	Principals& applications of Mass		3.10,3.11		
	Spectroscopy				
POs:1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10	СО-МРН 101Т-4:	SO4.1	4.1,4.2,4.3,4.4,4.	-	SL-4.1
	To understand about the		5,4.6,4.7,4.8,4.9,		
PSOs:1,2,3,4	Chromatography: Principle, apparatus,		4.10,4.11		
	instrumentation				
POs:1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10	СО-МРН 101Т-5:	SO5.1	5.1,5.2,5.3,5.4,5.	-	SL-5.1
	To understand the Electrophoresis		5,5.6,5.7,5.8,5.9,		
PSOs:1,2,3,4	Principle, Instrumentation, Working&		5.10,5.11		
	conditions & their applications				
POs:1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10	СО-МРН 101Т-6:	SO6.1	6.1,6.2,6.3,6.4,6.		SL-6.1
	To understand about the	~~~~	5		~_ ~ ~ ~
PSOs:1,2,3,4	Immunological assay				



AKS University

Faculty of Pharmaceutical Science & Technology Rajiv Gandhi Institute of Pharmacy Curriculum of M. Pharmacy (Pharmaceutics-MPH) Program (Revised as on 01 August 2023)

Semester-I

Course Code:	MPH 102T
Course Title:	Drug Delivery System
Pre-requisite:	Student should have basic knowledge on the area of advances in novel Regulatory affairs
Rationale/Objectives:	Upon completion of the course, student shall be able to understand
	 The criteria for selection of drugs and polymers for the development of delivering system. The formulation and evaluation of Novel drug delivery systems. The various approaches for development of novel drug delivery

Course Out comes:

CO-MPH 102T-1: To understand about the sustained release and controlled release formulation.

CO-MPH 102T-2: To understand about the Rate Controlled Drug Delivery Systems.

systems.

CO-MPH 102T-3: To understand about the Gastro-Retentive Drug Delivery Systems.

CO-MPH 102T-4: Understand about the Occular Drug Delivery Systems.

CO-MPH 102T-5: Understand about the Transdermal Drug Delivery Systems.

CO-MPH 102T-6: To understand about the Protein and Peptide Delivery.

CO-MPH 102T-7: To understand about the Vaccine delivery systems.

Scheme of Studies

			Total Nur		mber of contact hours/Week					
Course code	Title of the course	Program Name	Instruction (A)		Practical	SW	SL	Total Hours (H)	Credit	
couc			Lecture	(P)	create					
MPH 102T	Drug Delivery System	M. Pharmacy	4	-	1	1	6	4		

Legend: CI: Class room Instruction (Includes different instructional strategies i.e. Lecture (L) and Tutorial (T) and others

LI: Laboratory Instruction (Includes Practical performances in laboratory workshop, field or other locations using different instructional strategies)

SW: Sessional Work (includes assignment, seminar, and mini project etc)

SL: Self Learning, Credits

Note: SW& SL has to be planned and performed under the continuous guidance and feedback of teacher to ensure outcome of Learning

Theory Assessment

		Int	ternal Asso	essment (A)	End Semester Exams (B)			Total
Course	~		Session	Sessional Exams				Marks
Code	Course	Continuous Mode	Marks	Duration	Total	Marks	Duration	(A + B)
MPH 102T	Drug Delivery System	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100

Guidelines for the allotment of marks for attendance

Percentage of Attendance	Theory	Practical
95–100	8	10
90–94	6	7.5
85–89	4	5
80–84	2	2.5
Less than 80	0	0

Course-Curriculum Detailing:

This course syllabus illustrates the expected learning achievements, both at the course and session levels, which students are anticipated to accomplish through various modes of instruction including Classroom Instruction (CI), Laboratory Instruction (LI), Sessional Work (SW), and Self Learning (SL). As the course progresses, students should showcase their mastery of Session Outcomes (SOs), culminating in the overall achievement of Course Outcomes (COs) upon the course's conclusion.

Unit I CO-MPH 102T-1: To understand about the Sustained Release (SR) and Controlled Release (CR) formulation.

Item	Approx Hrs
Lecture	10
Practical (P)	0
SW	1
SL	2
Total	13

Session Outcomes (SOs)	Laboratory Instruction (LI)	Class room Instruction (CI)	Self Learnin g(SL)
Theory		1.1: Introduction & basic concepts of	1.1: To learn about
	NA	Sustained Release (SR) and Controlled	Sustained Release(SR)
SO1.1: Sustained Release(SR)		Release (CR) formulations	and Controlled Release
and Controlled Release (CR)		1.2: Advantages/disadvantages of	(CR) formulations
formulations: Introduction &		Sustained Release (SR) and Controlled	1.2: To learn about
basic concepts, advantages/		Release (CR) formulations	Polymers
disadvantages, factors		1.3: Factors influencing of the Sustained	
influencing, Physicochemical		Release (SR) and Controlled Release	
& biological approaches for		(CR) formulations	
SR/CR formulation		1.4: Physicochemical & biological	
SO1.2: Mechanism of Drug		approaches for SR/CR formulation	
Delivery from SR/CR		1.5: Mechanism of Drug Delivery from	
formulation		SR/CR formulation	
SO1.3: Polymers: introduction,		1.6: Introduction, definition and	
definition, classification,		classification of Polymers	
properties and application		1.7: Properties and application Dosage	
Dosage Forms for Personalized		Forms for Personalized Medicine	
Medicine		1.8: Introduction, Definition,	
SO1.4: Introduction,		Pharmacogenetics, Categories of Patients	
Definition, Pharmacogenetics,		for Personalized Medicines	
Categories of Patients for		1.9: Introduction of the Customized drug	
Personalized Medicines		delivery system and Bioelectronics'	
SO1.5: Customized drug		Medicines	
delivery systems,		1.10: 3-D printing of pharmaceuticals	
Bioelectronics' Medicines, 3D		and Telepharmacy	
printing of pharmaceuticals,			
Telepharmacy			

Suggested Assignments:

1. Explain 3D printing of pharmaceuticals and Telepharmacy.

Unit II CO-MPH 102T-2: To understand about the Rate Controlled Drug Delivery Systems.

Item	Approx Hrs
Lecture	10
Practical (P)	0
SW	1
SL	2
Total	13

Session Outcomes (SOs)	Laboratory Instruction (LI)	Class room Instruction (CI)	Self Learning (SL)
Theory	NA	2.1: Analyzed the rate of	2.1: To interpret Modulated
		Controlled Drug Delivery Systems	Drug Delivery Systems
SO2.1: Rate Controlled		2.2: Principles of Modulated Drug	2.2: To learn about the ph
Drug Delivery Systems		Delivery Systems	activated and enzyme
SO2.2: Principles &		2.3: Fundamentals of Controlled	activated of drug delivery
Fundamentals of		Drug Delivery Systems	systems
Modulated Drug		2.4: Types of Modulated Drug	
Delivery Systems		Delivery Systems	
SO2.3: Types and		2.5: Activation of Modulated Drug	
Activation of		Delivery Systems	
Modulated Drug		2.6: Mechanically activated, pH	
Delivery Systems		activated, Enzyme activated	
SO2.4: Mechanically		2.7: Osmotic activated Drug	
activated, pH activated,		Delivery Systems	
Enzyme activated, and		2.8: Principles & Fundamentals	
Osmotic activated Drug		Controlled Drug Delivery System	
Delivery Systems		2.9: Feedback of the regulated	
SO2.5: Feedback		Drug Delivery Systems	
regulated Drug		2.10: Controlled Drug Delivery	
Delivery Systems;		Systems	
Principles &			
Fundamentals			

Suggested Assignments:

1. Given Feedback regulated Drug Delivery Systems.

Unit III

CO-MPH 102T-3: To understand about the Occular Drug Delivery Systems.

Item	Approx Hrs
Lecture	10
Practical (P)	0
SW	2
SL	2
Total	14

Session Outcomes (SOs)	Laboratory Instruction (LI)	Class room Instruction (CI)	Self Learning (SL)
Theory	NA	3.1: Introduction about Gastro-	3.1: To learn about the Gastro-Retentive
SO3.1 Gastro-Retentive Drug Delivery Systems: Principle,	NA	Retentive Drug Delivery Systems3.2: Principle of Gastro-RetentiveDrug Delivery Systems	Drug Delivery Systems
concepts, advantages and disadvantages, Modulation of GI transit time approaches to		3.3: Concepts of Gastro-RetentiveDrug Delivery Systems3.4: Advantages and disadvantages	3.2: analyses of the Buccal Drug Delivery Systems
extend GI transit SO3.2 Buccal Drug Delivery		of Modulation of GI transit time 3.5: Discuss the various Approaches to extend GI transit time	
Systems: Principle of muco- adhesion, advantages and disadvantages, Mechanism of		3.6: Discuss in Buccal Drug Delivery Systems3.7: Given the Principle of muco-	
drug permeation, Methods of formulation and its evaluations		adhesion drugs3.8: Explain the advantages and disadvantages of Buccal Drug	
		Delivery Systems3.9: Mechanism of drug permeation.3.10: Methods of Formulation of Buccal Drug Delivery Systems	
		3.11: Evaluations of muco-adhesive drugs	

Suggested Assignments:

- 1. Write the classification of Gastro-Retentive Drug Delivery Systems.
- 2. Give note on formulation of the mucoadhesive drugs.

Unit IV **CO-MPH 102T-4:** To understand about the Occular Drug Delivery Systems.

Item	Approx Hrs
Lecture	06
Practical (P)	0
SW	1
SL	1
Total	08

Session Outcomes (SOs)	Laboratory Instruction (LI)	Class room Instruction (CI) Self Learnin (SL)		
Theory	NA	4.1: To brief introduction of human eyes	4.1: To learn about eves and Occular	
SO4.1: Occular Drug Delivery Systems		4.2: discuss in detail about internal and external part of ocular system	eyes and Occular Drug Delivery Systems	
SO4.2: Barriers of drug permeation, Methods to overcome barriers		 4.3: explain about ocular drug delivery system (ODDS) 4.4: To evaluate the potential (efficacy) activity of ocular drug delivery system 4.5: given the factor affecting of formulation of ocular drug 4.6: Methods to overcome barriers ocular drug delivery system 		

Suggested Assignments: 1. Preparation of ophthalmic formulation

Unit V **CO-MPH 102T-5**: To understand about the Transdermal Drug Delivery Systems.

Item	Approx Hrs
Lecture	10
Practical (P)	0
SW	1
SL	1
Total	12

Session Outcomes (SOs)	Laboratory Instruction (LI)	Class room Instruction (CI)	Self Learning (SL)
Theory		5.1: To brief introduction of human	5.1: To learn about
	NA	skin structure	Transdermal Drug
SO5.1: Transdermal Drug		5.2: Given introduction	Delivery Systems
Delivery Systems Structure		Transdermal Drug Delivery	
of skin and Barrier,		Systems	
Penetration enhancers		5.3: Explain various route of	
		administration of TDDS	
SO5.2: Transdermal Drug		5.4: Classification of Transdermal	
Delivery Systems,		Drug Delivery Systems	
Formulation and evaluation		5.5: Affecting of barrier of route of	
		administration	
		5.6: Explain the Penetration	
		enhancers techniques	
		5.7: Preparation of Transdermal	
		Drug Delivery Systems	
		5.8: Factor affecting of	
		Transdermal dosage form	
		5.9: Types of Transdermal patches	
		dosage form	
		5.10: Evaluation of Transdermal	
		Drug Delivery Systems	

Suggested Assignments:-1. Preparation of Transdermal Dosage form.

Unit VI CO-MPH 102T-6: To understand about the Protein and Peptide Delivery.

Item	Approx Hrs
Lecture	08
Practical (P)	0
SW	1
SL	2
Total	11

Session Outcomes (SOs)	Laboratory Instruction (LI) Class room Instruction(CI) Self Learn (SL)		Self Learning (SL)
Theory		6.1: To brief introduction of	6.1: To learn about
SO6.1: Protein and Peptide Delivery	NA	Protein and other Biomolecules6.2: Given detail is PeptideDelivery system	the Protein and Peptide drug Delivery system
SO6.2: Barriers for protein delivery		6.3: Affecting of Barriers for protein delivery6.4: Formulation of Protein and	6.2: To understand about the various barriers of dosage
SO6.3: Formulation and Evaluation of delivery systems of		Peptide Delivery system 6.5: Formulations of various macromolecules drugs	form
proteins and Other macromolecules		6.6: Given the various route of administration of Protein and Peptide Delivery	
		6.7: Evaluation of peptide delivery system	
		6.8: Evaluation of Other macromolecules	

Suggested Assignments:1. Preparation of Protein and Peptide drug delivery system.

Unit VII CO-MPH 102T-7: To understand about the Vaccine delivery systems.

Item	Approx Hrs
Lecture	06
Practical (P)	0
SW	1
SL	1
Total	08

Session Outcomes (SOs)	Laboratory Instruction (LI)Class room Instruction (CI)Self Learni 			
Theory	NA		7.1: To understand	
		Vaccine drug delivery systems	about the vaccine	
SO7.1: Vaccine		7.2: Types of vaccines		
drug delivery systems.		7.3: Uptake of antigen		
		7.4: Shot vaccines		
SO7.2: Vaccines, uptake of		7.5: Mucosal and Transdermal		
antigens, single shot		delivery of vaccines		
vaccines, mucosal and		7.6: Given detail about various		
Transdermal delivery of		age of human being.		
vaccines				

Suggested Assignments:

1. Write a note on- How to store is vaccine.

Brief of Hours suggested for the Course Outcome

Course Out comes	Class Lecture (CL)	Laboratory Instructions (LI)	Sessional Work (SW)	Self Learning (SL)	Total Hour (CL+SW+ SL+LI)
CO-MPH 102T-1: To understand about the Sustained Release (SR) and Controlled Release (CR) formulations	10	0	1	2	13
CO-MPH 102T-2: To understand about the Rate Controlled Drug Delivery Systems	10	0	1	2	13
CO-MPH 102T-3: To understand about the Gastro-Retentive Drug Delivery Systems	10	0	2	2	14
CO-MPH 102T-4: To understand about the Occular Drug Delivery Systems	06	0	1	1	08
CO-MPH 102T-5: To understand about the Transdermal Drug Delivery Systems	10	0	1	1	12
CO-MPH 102T-6: To understand about the Protein and Peptide Delivery	08	0	1	2	11
CO-MPH 102T-7: To understand about the Vaccine delivery system	06	0	1	1	08
Total Hours	60	0	08	11	79

Course Outcome		Mar	·ks Distribu	ition	Total
Course Outcome	Unit Titles	Α	C	Е	Marks
СО-МРН 102Т-1:	To understand about the Sustained Release (SR) and Controlled Release (CR) formulations	08	06	01	15
СО-МРН 102Т-2:	To understand about the Rate Controlled Drug Delivery Systems	12	07	01	20
СО-МРН 102Т-3:	To understand about the Gastro- Retentive Drug Delivery Systems	02	06	02	10
СО-МРН 102Т-4:	To understand about the Occular Drug Delivery Systems	10	02	03	15
СО-МРН 102Т-5:	To understand about the Transdermal Drug Delivery Systems	05	07	03	15
СО-МРН 102Т-6:	To understand about the Protein and Peptide Delivery	05	03	03	11
СО-МРН 102Т-7:	To understand about the Vaccine delivery systems	04	05	05	14
Total		46	36	18	100

Suggested Specification Table (For ESA)

Legend: A: Analyze,

C: Create,

E: Evaluate

The end of semester assessment for Drug Delivery Systems will be held with written examination of 75 marks. **Note.** Detailed Assessment rubric need to be prepared by the course wise teachers for above tasks. Teachers can also design different tasks as per requirement, for end semester assessment.

Suggested Instructional/Implementation Strategies:

- 1. Improved Lecture
- 2. Tutorial
- 3. Case Method
- 4. Group Discussion
- 5. Role Play
- 6. Demonstration
- 7. ICT Based Teaching Learning(Video Demonstration/Tutorials CBT, Blog,Face book, Twitter, Whats app, Mobile, Online sources)
- 8. Brainstorming

Suggested Learning Resources:

S. No.	Title	Author	Publisher	Edition & Year
1	Novel Drug Delivery Systems	Y W. Chien Marcel Dekker	Marcel Dekker New York,	2nd edition, revised and expanded 2022
2	Controlled Drug Delivery Systems	Robinson, J. R., Lee V. H. L	Marcel Dekker New York,	2nd edition,2021
3	Encyclopedia of controlled delivery	John Wiley and Sons.	WileyInter science Publication	2nd edition,2009
4	Controlled and Novel Drug Delivery	N.K. Jain	CBS Publishers & Distributors , New Delhi,	First edition 1997 (reprint in 2001)
5	Controlled Drug Delivery - concepts and advances	S.P. Vyas and R.K.Khar,	Vallabh Prakashan, New Delhi	First edition 2002

Journals

- 1. Indian Journal of Pharmaceutical Sciences (IPA)
- 2. Indian drugs (IDMA)
- 3. Journal of controlled release (Elsevier Sciences) desirable
- 4. Drug Development and Industrial Pharmacy (Marcel & Decker) desirable.

Curriculum Development Team:

- 1. Prof. S.P. Gupta, Director, Rajiv Gandhi Institute of Pharmacy, AKS University
- 2. Ms. Neha Goel, Associate Professor, Rajiv Gandhi Institute of Pharmacy, AKS University
- 3. Mrs. Neelam Singh, Assistant Professor, Rajiv Gandhi Institute of Pharmacy, AKS University

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4
Course Outcome	Scientific Knowledge	Technological Application	Modern tool usage	Entrepreneur ship	Practical Skill	Applied Science	Computational and Statistical methodologies	Pharmaceutical Ethics	Environment and sustainability	Life-long learning	Formulation strategies	Emerging science	Computational literacy	Pharmaceutical regulations
CO-MPH 102T-1: Sustained release and controlled release formulation	3	2	3	1	3	2	1	3	2	3	3	2	1	2
CO-MPH 102T-2: Controlled Drug Delivery Systems	2	2	3	2	1	3	2	2	1	3	2	3	2	1
CO-MPH 102T-3: Gastro-Retentive Drug Delivery Systems	1	2	1	3	3	2	3	3	2	2	2	1	3	3
CO-MPH 102T-4: Occular Drug Delivery Systems	2	1	3	2	2	3	2	2	2	3	3	2	1	2
CO-MPH 102T-5: Transdermal Drug Delivery Systems	3	2	2	1	3	2	3	3	1	2	1	2	2	3
CO-MPH 102T-6: Protein and Peptide Delivery	2	1	3	2	1	3	1	3	2	3	3	2	1	2
CO-MPH 102T-7: Vaccine delivery systems	1	3	2	3	2	2	3	2	3	1	2	3	2	1

Course Outcome & Program Outcome Mapping

Legend: 1- Low, 2-Medium, 3-High

Course Curriculum Mapping

y Self	Laboratory	Class Room	SOs No.	COs No. & Title	POs & PSOs No.
ns learning	Instructions	Instructions			
SL-1.1	-	1.1,1.2,1.3,1.4,1.5,1.6	SO1.1	СО-МРН 102Т-1:	Pos:1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10
SL-1.2		,1.7,1.8,1.9,1.10	SO1.2	To understand about the Sustained	PSOs:1,2,3,4
			SO1.3	Release (SR) and Controlled Release	
			SO1.4	(CR) formulations	
			SO1.5		
SL-2.1	-	2.1,2.2,2.3,2.4,2.5,2.6	SO2.1	СО-МРН 102Т-2:	Pos:1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10
SL-2.2		,2.7,2.8,2.9,2.10	SO2.2	To understand about the Rate Controlled	PSOs:1,2,3,4
			SO2.3	Drug Delivery Systems	
			SO2.4		
			SO2.5		
SL-3.1	-	3.1,3.2,3.3,3.4,3.5,3.6	SO3.1	СО-МРН 102Т -3:	Pos:1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10
SL-3.2		,3.7,3.8,3.9,3.10,3.11	SO3.2	To understand about the Gastro-	PSOs:1,2,3,4
				Retentive Drug Delivery Systems	
SL-4.1	-	4.1,4.2,4.3,4.4,4.5,4.6	SO4.1	СО-МРН 102Т-4:	Pos:1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10
		,4.7	SO4.2	To understand about the Occular Drug	PSOs:1,2,3,4
				Delivery Systems	
SL-5.1	-	5.1,5.2,5.3,5.4,5.5,5.6	SO5.1	СО-МРН 102Т-5:	Pos:1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10
		,5.7,5.8,5.9,5.10	SO5.2	To understand about the Transdermal	PSOs:1,2,3,4
				Drug Delivery Systems	
SL-6.1	-	6.1,6.2,6.3,6.4,6.5,6.6	SO6.1	СО-МРН 102Т-6:	Pos:1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10
SL-6.2		,6.7,6.8	SO6.2	To understand about the Protein and	PSOs:1,2,3,4
			SO6.3	Peptide Delivery	
SL-7.1		717273747576		СО-МРН 102Т-7:	Pos:12345678910
		1.1,1.2,1.3,1.4,1.3,1.0			
			507.2	delivery systems	т 505.1,2,3,т
	-	,6.7,6.8 7.1,7.2,7.3,7.4,7.5,7.6		Peptide Delivery CO-MPH 102T-7: To understand about the Vaccine	PSOs:1,2,3,4 Pos:1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10 PSOs:1,2,3,4



AKS University

Faculty of Pharmaceutical Science & Technology Rajiv Gandhi Institute of Pharmacy Curriculum of M. Pharmacy (Pharmaceutics-MPH) Program (Revised as on 01 August 2023)

Semester-I

Course Code:	MPH 103T
Course Title:	Modern Pharmaceutics
Pre-requisite:	Student should have basic knowledge of modern pharmaceutics and skills required to learn various aspects and concepts at pharmaceutical industries.

Rationale/Objective s:

Upon completion of the course, student shall be able to understand

- The elements of Preformation studies.
- The Active Pharmaceutical Ingredients and Generic drug Product Development.
- Industrial Management and GMP Considerations.
- Optimization Techniques & Pilot Plant Scale Up Techniques.
- Stability Testing, sterilization process & packaging of dosage forms.

Course Outcomes:

CO-MPH 103T-1: To understand about the Preformation concept of pharmaceutical products. **CO-MPH 103T-2:** To understand about the validation and calibration of master plan, ICH & WHO guidelines of equipment and dosage form.

CO-MPH 103T-3: To understand about the c-GMP & Industrial Management for layout of buildings, services, equipments and their Production.

CO-MPH 103T-4: To understand the Compression and compaction of tablets.

CO-MPH 103T-5: To understand about the consolidation parameters like Diffusion, Dissolution and Pharmacokinetic parameters of pharmaceutical products.

Scheme of Studies

			Total Number of	contact he	ours/W	/eek		
Course code	Title of the course	Program Name	Classroom Instruction (A)	Practical		CI	Total Hours	Credit
			Lecture	(P)	SW	SL	(H)	
MPH 103T	Modern Pharmaceutics	M. Pharmacy	4	0	1	1	6	4

Legend: CI: Classroom Instruction (Includes different instructional strategies i.e. Lecture (L) and Tutorial (T) and other

LI: Laboratory Instruction (Includes Practical performances in laboratory workshop, field or other locations using different instructional strategies)

SW: Sessional Work (includes assignment, seminar, mini project etc.)

SL: Self Learning, Credits

Note: SW & SL has to be planned and performed under the continuous guidance and feedback of teacher to ensure outcome of Learning

Theory Assessment

Course Code	Course	Inter	nal Assess	sment (A)		End Semes	ster Exams B)	Total Marks
		Continuous	Session	al Exams	Total	Marks	Duration	(A + B)
		Mode	Marks	Duration				
MPH 103T	Modern Pharmaceutics	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100

Guidelines for the allotment of marks for attendance

Percentage of Attendance	Theory	Practical
95–100	8	10
90–94	6	7.5
85–89	4	5
80–84	2	2.5
Less than 80	0	0

Course-Curriculum Detailing:

This course syllabus illustrates the expected learning achievements, both at the course and session levels, which students are anticipated to accomplish through various modes of instruction including Classroom Instruction (CI), Laboratory Instruction (LI), Sessional Work (SW), and Self Learning (SL). As the course progresses, students should showcase their mastery of Session Outcomes (SOs), culminating in the overall achievement of Course Outcomes (COs) upon the course's conclusion.

Unit I CO-MPH 103T-1: To understand about the Pre-formulation concept of pharmaceutical products.

Item	Approx Hrs
Lecture	20
Practical (P)	0
SW	2
SL	2
Total	24

Session Outcomes (SOs)	Laboratory Instruction (LI)	Class room Instruction (CI)	Self Learning (SL)
Theory	NA		
(SOs) Theory SO1.1:Pre-formulation Concepts – Drug Excipients interactions - different methods, kinetics of stability, Stability testing SO1.2: Theories of dispersion and pharmaceutical Dispersion (Emulsion and Suspension, SMEDDS) SO1.3: preparation and stability Large and small volume parental – physiological and formulation consideration, Manufacturing and evaluation SO1.4: Optimization techniques in Pharmaceutical Formulation Concept and parameters of optimization SO1.5: Optimization techniques in pharmaceutical formulation and processing SO1.6: Statistical design,	Instruction	(CI) 1.1: To brief introduction of Pre- formulation Concepts 1.2: Drug Excipients interactions. 1.3: Different methods of drug Excipients 1.4: Kinetics of stability and Stability testing of drug-Excipients 1.5: Theories of pharmaceutical Dispersion system (Emulsion) 1.6: Theories of pharmaceutical Dispersion system (Suspension) 1.7: Theories of pharmaceutical Dispersion system SMEDDS (self micro emulsifying drug delivery system) 1.8: Preparation and stability of Large volume parenteral 1.9: Preparation and stability of small volume parental 1.10: Physiological and formulation consideration of large volume parenteral 1.11: Physiological and formulation consideration of small volume parenteral 1.12: Manufacturing procedure and evaluation parameter of small volume parenteral 1.13: Manufacturing procedure and	(SL)
Response surface method, Contour designs, Factorial designs and application in formulation		 evaluation parameter of large volume parenteral 1.14: Optimization techniques in Pharmaceutical Formulation 1.15: Concept and parameters of optimization technique 1.16: Optimization techniques in pharmaceutical formulation 1.17: Optimization techniques in pharmaceutical processing 1.18: Explain Statistical design and Response surface method 1.19: Explain Contour designs and Factorial designs 1.20: Application in pharmaceutical formulation. 	

- Suggested Assignments:1. Concept and parameters of optimization techniques in pharmaceutical formulation.2. Preformulation Concepts of Drug Excipients interactions.

Unit II

CO-MPH 103T-2: Tounderstand about the validation and calibration of master plan, ICH & WHO guidelines of equipment and dosage form.

Item	Approx Hrs
Lecture	10
Practical (P)	0
SW	1
SL	2
Total	13

Session Outcomes (SOs)	Laboratory Instruction (LI)	Class room Instruction (CI)	Self Learning (SL)
Theory	NA	2.1: To brief introduction	2.1: Validation and
		pharmaceutical Validation	calibration of Master
SO2.1: Introduction to		2.2: Scope & merits of	plan
Pharmaceutical Validation		Validation	
		2.3: Validation and calibration	2.2: ICH & WHO
SO2.2: Scope & merits of		of Master plan	guidelines for
Validation, Validation and		2.4: ICH & WHO guidelines	calibration and
calibration of Master plan		for calibration and validation	validation of equipments
		of equipments	
SO2.3: ICH & WHO		2.5: Validation of specific	
guidelines for calibration and		dosage form	
validation of equipments		2.6: Types of validation	
		2.7: Manufacturing Process	
SO2.4: Validation of specific		Model- URS and DQ	
dosage form and Types of		2.8: Manufacturing Process	
validation		Model- IQ and OQ	
		2.9: Manufacturing Process	
SO2.5: Government		Model- P.Q.	
regulation, Manufacturing		2.10: Manufacturing Process	
Process Model, URS, DQ, IQ,		Model of facilities	
OQ & P.Q. of facilities			

Suggested Assignments:

1. Define and types of validation and calibration. Write about Validation of specific dosage form.

Unit III

CO-MPH 103T-3: To understand about the cGMP & Industrial Management for layout of buildings, services, equipments and their Production.

Item	Approx Hrs
Lecture	10
Practical (P)	0
SW	2
SL	2
Total	13

Session Outcomes (SOs)	Laboratory Instruction (LI)	Class room Instruction (CI)	Self Learning (SL)					
Theory SO3.1 Explain cGMP & Industrial Management SO3.2 Concept of Total Quality Management (TQM)	NA	 3.1: To brief introduction of cGMP 3.2: Objectives and policies of current good manufacturing practices 3.3: Layout of buildings, and services of equipments and their maintenance 3.4: Explain Production management and organization and material management 3.5: Discuss handling and transportation 3.6: Inventory management and control 3.7: Production and planning control 3.8: Sales forecasting, budget and cost control 3.9: Industrial and personal relationship 3.10: Concept of Total Quality Management 	 3.1: layout of buildings, services, equipments and their maintenance production Management 3.2: inventory management and control production and planning control 					

Suggested Assignments:

- 1. Discuss in detail about cGMP and industrial management.
- 2. Explain the industrial and personal relationship of current good manufacturing practices.

Unit IV CO-MPH 103T-4: To understand the Compression and compaction of tablets.

Item	Approx Hrs
Lecture	10
Practical (P)	0
SW	2
SL	2
Total	14

Session Outcomes (SOs)	Laboratory Instruction (LI)	Class room Instruction (CI)	Self Learning (SL)
Theory SO4.1: Compression and compaction of solid dosage form	NA	 4.1: Introduction of Compression and compaction 4.2: Explain Compression of tablets. 4.3: Discuss the Compaction of tablets 4.5: Physics of tablet compression 4.6: Discuss the compression of solid dosage form 4.7: Consolidation parameter of pharmaceutical product 4.8: Effect of friction of drug 4.9: Distribution of Forces Compaction profiles 4.10: Solubility of pharmaceutical product 	4.1: Compression and compaction of tablets4.2: Solubility parameter of tablets

Suggested Assignments:

- 1. Explain the consolidation parameter of pharmaceutical product.
- 2. Solubility parameter of pharmaceutical product.

Unit V

CO-MPH 103T-5: To understand about the consolidation parameters like Diffusion, Dissolution and Pharmacokinetic parameters of pharmaceutical products.

Item	Approx Hrs
Lecture	10
Practical (P)	0
SW	1
SL	2
Total	13

Session Outcomes (SOs)	Laboratory Instruction (LI)	Class room Instruction (CI)	Self Learning (SL)		
Theory	NA	5.1: To brief introduction of	5.1: Explain		
		consolidation parameters	Similarity factors –		
SO5.1: Study of		5.2: Explain Diffusion	f2 and f1		
consolidation parameters		parameters			
		5.3: Discuss Dissolution	5.2: Chi square test,		
SO5.2: explain these are		parameters and	students T-test		
test like- chi square test,		Pharmacokinetic parameters			
students T-test, ANOVA		5.4: To brief Heckel plots			
test		5.5: Explain Similarity factors			
		– f2 and f1			
		5.6: Discuss Higuchi and			
		Pappas plot			
		5.7: Linearity Concept of			
		significance			
		5.8: Standard deviation			
		5.9: Chi square test			
		5.10: Students T-test and			
		ANOVA test			

Suggested Assignments:-

1. Explain Chi square test, students T-test & ANOVA test.

Brief of Hours suggested for the Course Outcome

Course Out comes	Class Lecture (Cl)	(LI)	Sessional Work (SW)	Self Learning (SL)	Total Hour (Cl+SW+ Sl+LI)
CO-MPH 103T-1 : To understand about the Preformation concept of pharmaceutical products.	20	0	2	2	24
CO-MPH 103T-2: To understand about the validation and calibration of master plan, ICH & WHO guidelines of equipment and dosage form.	10	0	1	2	13
CO-MPH 103T-3: To understand about the c-GMP & Industrial Management for layout of buildings, services, equipments and their Production.	10	0	2	2	14
CO-MPH 103T-4: To understand the Compression and compaction of tablets.	10	0	2	2	14
CO-MPH 103T-5 : To understand about the consolidation parameters like Diffusion, Dissolution and Pharmacokinetic parameters of pharmaceutical products.	10	0	1	2	13
Total Hours	60	0	08	10	78

Course Outcome		Marks	Marks Distribution				
Course Outonie	Unit Titles	А	С	Ε	Mark s		
СО-МРН 103Т-1:	To understand about the Preformation concept of pharmaceutical products.	08	07	03	18		
СО-МРН 103Т-2:	To understand about the validation and calibration of master plan, ICH & WHO guidelines of equipment and dosage form.	12	07	03	22		
СО-МРН 103Т-3:	To understand about the c-GMP & Industrial Management for layout of buildings, services, equipments and their Production.	12	07	03	22		
СО-МРН 103Т-4:	To understand the Compression and compaction of tablets.	10	07	03	20		
СО-МРН 103Т-5:	To understand about the consolidation parameters like Diffusion, Dissolution and Pharmacokinetic parameters of pharmaceutical products.	08	07	03	18		
	Total	50	35	15	100		

Suggested Specification Table (For ESA)

Legend:	A: Analyze,	C: create,	E: Evaluate
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The end of semester assessment for Modern Pharmaceutics will be held with written examination of 75 marks. **Note**. Detailed Assessment rubric need to be prepared by the course wise teachers for above tasks. Teachers can also design different tasks as per requirement, for end semester assessment.

Suggested Instructional/Implementation Strategies:

- 1. Improved Lecture
- 2. Tutorial
- 3. Case Method
- 4. Group Discussion
- 5. Role Play
- 6. Demonstration
- 7. ICT Based Teaching Learning(Video Demonstration/Tutorials CBT, Blog,Face book, Twitter, Whats app, Mobile, Online sources)
- 8. Brainstorming

Suggested Learning Resources:

S. No.	Title Author		Publisher	Edition & Year
1	Theory and Practice of Industrial Pharmacy	Lachmann and Libermann	CBS	Edition -2009
2	Pharmaceutical dosage forms: Tablets	Leon Lachmann.	CBS	2020 Vol. 1-3
3	C Leon Lachmann		Marcel Dekker Inc	26 aug 2020 Vol, 1-2;
4	Pharmaceutical Dosage forms: I Parenteral medications Leon Lachmann.		Published April 1, 1993 by CRC Press	2018 Vol. 1-2
5	Modern Pharmaceutics Gillbert and S. Banker Pr		PharmaMed Press / BSP Books.	1 January 2023
6	Pharmaceutical Sciences	Remington's	Elsevier exclusive	23 rd edition 2021
7	Advances in Pharmaceutical Sciences	H.S. Bean & A.H. Beckett.	Amidon and Roy	Vol. 1-5 13 June 2022.
8	Physical Pharmacy Alfred martin		Lippincott Williams and wilkins	8 th edition 2023
9	Good manufacturing practices for Pharmaceuticals- A plan for total quality control	Sidney H. Willig	WHO	22 March 2023
10	Drug formulation manual	D.P.S. Kohli and D.H.Shah	Eastern publishers, New Delh	1 January 2023

Curriculum Development Team:

- 1. Prof. S.P. Gupta, Director, Rajiv Gandhi Institute of Pharmacy, AKS University
- 2. Ms. Neha Goel, Associate Professor, Rajiv Gandhi Institute of Pharmacy, AKS University
- 3. Mrs. Neelam Singh, Assistant Professor, Rajiv Gandhi Institute of Pharmacy, AKS University

Course Outcome & Program Outcom	me Mapping
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Course Outcome	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4
	Scientific Knowledge	Technological Application	Modern tool usage	Entrepreneur ship	Practical Skill	Applied Science	Computational and Statistical methodologies	Pharmaceutical Ethics	Environment and sustainability	Life-long learning	Formulation strategies	Emerging science	Computational literacy	Pharmaceutical regulations
CO-MPH 103T-1: Preformation concept of pharmaceutical products	3	2	3	1	3	2	1	3	2	3	3	2	1	2
CO-MPH 103T-2: ICH & WHO guidelines	2	2	3	2	1	3	2	2	1	3	2	3	2	1
CO-MPH 103T-3: c-GMP & Industrial Management	1	2	1	3	3	2	3	3	2	2	2	1	3	3
CO-MPH 103T-4: Compression and compaction of tablets	2	1	3	2	2	3	2	2	2	3	3	2	1	2
CO-MPH 103T-5: Diffusion & Dissolution	3	2	2	1	3	2	3	3	1	2	1	2	2	3

Legend: 1- Low, 2-Medium, 3-High

Course Curriculum Mapping

POs & PSOs No.	COs No. & Title	SOs No.	Class Room	Laboratory	Self learning
			Instructions	Instructions	
POs:1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10	СО-МРН 103Т-1:	SO1.1	1.1,1.2,1.3,1.4,1.5,1.6,1	-	SL-1.1
	To understand about the	SO1.2	.7,1.8,1.9,1.10,1.11,1.1		SL-1.2
PSOs:1,2,3,4	Preformation concept of	SO1.3	2,1.13,1.14,1.15,1.16,1.		
	pharmaceutical products	SO1.4	17,1.18,1.19,1.20		
	r	SO1.5			
		SO1.6			
POs:1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10	СО-МРН 103Т-2:	SO2.1	2.1,2.2,2.3,2.4,2.5,2.6,2	-	SL-2.1
	To understand about the	SO2.2	.7,2.8,2.9,2.10		SL2.2
PSOs:1,2,3,4	validation and calibration of	SO2.3			
	master plan, ICH & WHO	SO2.4			
	guidelines of equipment and	SO2.5			
	dosage form				
POs:1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10	СО-МРН 103Т -3:	SO3.1	3.1,3.2,3.3,3.4,3.5,3.6,3	-	SL-3.1
	To understand about the c-GMP	SO3.2	.7,3.8,3.9,3.10		SL-3.2
PSOs:1,2,3,4	& Industrial Management for				
	layout of buildings, services,				
	equipments and their Production				
POs:1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10	СО-МРН 103Т-4:	SO4.1	4.1,4.2,4.3,4.4,4.5,4.6,4	-	SL-4.1
	To understand the Compression		.7,4.8,4.9,4.10		SL-4.2
PSOs:1,2,3,4	and compaction of tablets				
POs:1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10	СО-МРН 103Т-5:	SO5.1	5.1,5.2,5.3,5.4,5.5,5.6,5	-	SL-5.1
	To understand about the	SO5.2	.7,5.8,5.9,5.10		SL-5.2
	consolidation parameters like				
PSOs:1,2,3,4	Diffusion, Dissolution and				
	Pharmacokinetic parameters of				
	pharmaceutical products				



AKS University

Faculty of Pharmaceutical Science & Technology Rajiv Gandhi Institute of Pharmacy Curriculum of M. Pharmacy (Pharmaceutics-MPH) Program (Revised as on 01 August 2023)

Semester-I

Course Code:	MPH 104T
Course Title:	Regulatory Affair
Pre-requisite:	Student should have basic a knowledge and skills required to learn the concept of generic drug and their development, various regulatory filings in different countries, different phases of clinical trials and submitting regulatory documents: filing process of IND, NDA and ANDA.
Rationale/Objective s:	 Upon completion of the course, student shall be able to understand To know the chemistry, manufacturing controls and their regulatory importance.

- To learn the documentation requirements for Regulatory affairs.
- To learn the importance and objectives.

Course Out comes:

CO-MPH 104T-1: To understand about the Concepts of innovator and generic drugs and drug development process Regulatory guidance's and guidelines for filing and approval process.

CO-MPH 104T-2: To understand about the Submission of global documents in CTD/ e CTD formats and Post approval regulatory requirements for actives and drug products.

CO-MPH 104T-3: To understand about the Preparation of Dossiers and their submission to regulatory agencies in different countries.

CO-MPH 104T-4: To understand about the Pharmacovigilance and process of monitoring in clinical trials.

Scheme of Studies

			Total Number of contact hours/Week					
Course code	Title of the	Program Name	Classroom Instruction (A)	Practical	CW	GT	Total Hours	Credit
couc	course		Lecture	(P)	SW	SL	(H)	
MPH 104T	Regulatory Affairs	M. Pharmacy	4	0	1	1	6	4

Legend: CI: Classroom Instruction (Includes different instructional strategies i.e. Lecture (L) and Tutorial (T) and other

LI: Laboratory Instruction (Includes Practical performances in laboratory workshop, field or other locations using different instructional strategies)

SW: Sessional Work (includes assignment, seminar, mini project etc.)

SL: Self Learning, Credits

Note: SW & SL has to be planned and performed under the continuous guidance and feedback of teacher to ensure outcome f Learning

Theory Assessment

Course Code	Course	Int	ternal Assessment (A)				emester ns (B)	Total Marks
		Continuous Mode	Sessional Exams		Total	Marks	Duration	(A+B)
			Marks	Duration				
)		
MPH 104T	Regulatory							
	Affairs	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100

Guidelines for the allotment of marks for attendance

Percentage of Attendance	Theory	Practical
95–100	8	10
90–94	6	7.5
85–89	4	5
80–84	2	2.5
Less than 80	0	0

Course-Curriculum Detailing:

This course syllabus illustrates the expected learning achievements, both at the course and session levels, which students are anticipated to accomplish through various modes of instruction including Classroom Instruction (CI), Laboratory Instruction (LI), Sessional Work (SW), and Self Learning (SL). As the course progresses, students should showcase their mastery of Session Outcomes (SOs), culminating in the overall achievement of Course Outcomes (COs) upon the course's conclusion.

Unit I

CO-MPH 104T-1: To understand about the concepts of innovator and generic drugs and drug development process regulatory guidance's and guidelines for filing and approval process.

Item	Approx Hrs
Lecture	12
Practical (P)	0
SW	1
SL	3
Total	16

Session Outcomes (SOs)	Laboratory Instruction (LI)	Class room Instruction (CI)	Self Learning (SL)
Theory	NA	1.1: To brief introduction of	1.1: To learn about
SO1.1: Documentation in		Documentation in Pharmaceutical	Master formula
Pharmaceutical industry:		industry	record (MFR) and
Master formula record,		1.2: Master formula record, DMF (Drug	drug master file
DMF (Drug Master File),		Master File) and distribution records	(DMF)
distribution records.		1.3: Generic drugs product development	
Generic drugs product		1.4: Introduction to the Hatch- Waxman	1.2: To learn about
development		act and amendments	CFR (code of federal
SO1.2: Introduction to		1.5: CFR (code of federal regulation)	regulation) and drug
Hatch- Waxman act and		and drug product performance	product performance
amendments, CFR (code of		1.6: In-vitro, ANDA regulatory	
federal regulation), drug		approval process and NDA approval	1.3: To learn about
product performance		process	BA and BE to CRO
SO1.3: In-vitro, ANDA		1.7: BE and drug product assessment.	
regulatory approval process,		1.8: In –vivo, scale up process approval	
NDA approval process, BE		changes	
and drug product		1.9: Post marketing surveillance and	
assessment, in -vivo, scale		Outsourcing BA and BE to CRO	
up process approval		1.10: Regulatory requirement for	
changes, post marketing		product approval- API and biologics	
surveillance, outsourcing		1.11: Regulatory requirement for	
BA and BE to CRO		product approval and novel	
SO1.4: Regulatory		1.12: Therapies obtaining NDA, ANDA	
requirement for product		for generic drugs ways and means of US	
approval: API, biologics,		registration for foreign drugs	
novel, therapies obtaining			
NDA, ANDA for generic			
drugs ways and means of			
US registration for foreign			
drugs			

Suggested Assignments:

1. To create post marketing surveillance, outsourcing BA and BE to CRO.

Unit II

CO-MPH 104T-2: To understand about the Submission of global documents in CTD/ e CTD formats and Post approval regulatory requirements for actives and drug products.

Item	Approx Hrs
Lecture	12
Practical (P)	0
SW	1
SL	3
Total:	16

Session Outcomes (SOs)	Laboratory Instruction (LI)	Class room Instruction (CI)	Self Learning (SL)
Theory	NA	2.1: To brief introduction chemistry,	2.1: To learn
		manufacturing and control (CMC)	about ICH -
SO2.1: CMC, post		2.2: Post approval regulatory affair.	Guidelines of
approval regulatory		2.3: Regulation for combination	ICH- QSEM
affairs. Regulation for		products	
combination products and		2.4: Regulation for combination	2.2: To learn
medical devices		medical devices	about CTD and
		2.5: Common technical document	E-CTD format in
SO2.2: CTD and E-CTD		(CTD) and electrical common technical	pharma industry
format, industry and FDA		document (E-CTD) format	
liaison		2.6: Industry and FDA liaison	2.3: To learn
		2.7: ICH - Guidelines of regulatory	about MHRA
SO2.3: ICH - Guidelines		affairs	countries
of ICH-Q, S E, M.		2.8: ICH- guideline for Q series QSEM	
Regulatory requirements		2.9: Regulatory requirements of EU	
of EU, MHRA, TGA and		countries	
ROW countries		2.10: Regulatory requirements of	
		MHRA countries	
		2.11: Regulatory requirements of TGA	
		countries	
		2.12: Regulatory requirements of ROW	
		countries	

Suggested Assignments:

1. Given regulation for combination products and medical devices.

Unit III

CO- MPH 104T-3: To understand about the preparation of dossiers and their submission to regulatory agencies in different countries.

Item	Approx Hrs
Lecture	12
Practical (P)	0
SW	1
SL	4
Total	17

Session Outcomes (SOs)	Laboratory Instruction (LI)		Self Learning (SL)
Theory SO3.1: Non clinical drug development: Global submission of IND, NDA, ANDA SO3.2: Investigation of medicinal products dossier, dossier (IMPD) and investigator brochure (IB)	NA	 3.1: To brief introduction of Non clinical drug development 3.2: Importance of Non clinical drug development 3.3: Advantage and disadvantage of Non clinical drug development 3.4: Give the introduction of Global submission of IND, NDA, and ANDA 3.5: Importance of Global submission of IND, NDA and ANDA 3.6: Advantage and disadvantage of Global submission of IND, NDA, ANDA 3.7: Global submission of IND 3.8: Global submission of NDA 3.9: Global submission of ANDA 3.10: Investigation dossier (IMPD) 3.12: Investigator brochure (IB) 	the Investigation

Suggested Assignments:

1. Write the notes on Non clinical drug development

Unit IV

CO-MPH 104T-4: To understand about the Pharmacovigilance and process of monitoring in clinical trials.

Item	Approx Hrs
Lecture	12
Practical (P)	0
SW	1
SL	4
Total	17

Session Outcomes (SOs)	Laboratory Instruction (LI)	Class room Instruction (CI)	Self Learning (SL)
 Theory SO4.1: Clinical trials: Developing clinical trial protocols SO4.2: Institutional review board/ independent ethics committee Formulation and working procedures SO4.3: Informed Consent process and procedures SO4.4: HIPAA- new, requirement to clinical study process, Pharmacovigilence safety monitoring in clinical trials 	NA	 4.1: To give the introduction of clinical trials 4.2: Importance of clinical trials 4.3: Discuss in detail Developing clinical trial protocols 4.4: General discussions about Institutional review board 4.5: Independent ethics committee 4.6: Describe Formulation and working procedures 4.7: Informed Consent process and procedures 4.8: Give the information of HIPAA- new 4.9: General Requirement to clinical study process 4.10: Discuss in detail about pharmacovigilance safety 4.11: Pharmacovigilance safety 4.12: Discuss in detail in clinical study process 	 4.1: To learn about the Developing clinical trial protocols 4.2: To learn about the formulation and working procedures 4.3: To learn about the safety monitoring in clinical trials 4.4: To learn about the clinical study

Suggested Assignments:

1. To evaluate Formulation and working procedures of clinical studies.

Course Out comes	Class Lecture (Cl)	(LI)	Sessional Work (SW)	Self Learning (Sl)	Total Hour (Cl+SW+ Sl+LI)
CO-MPH 104T-1 : To understand about the Concepts of innovator and generic drugs and drug development process Regulatory guidance's and guidelines for filing and approval process.	12	0	1	3	16
CO-MPH 104T-2: To understand about the Submission of global documents in CTD/ e CTD formats and Post approval regulatory requirements for actives and drug products.	12	0	1	3	16
CO-MPH 104T-3: To understand about the Preparation of Dossiers and their submission to regulatory agencies in different countries.	12	0	1	4	17
CO-MPH 104T-4: To understand about the Pharmacovigilence and process of monitoring in clinical trials.	12	0	1	4	17
Total Hours	48	0	4	14	66

Suggestion for End Semester Assessment

Course Outcome	Course Outcome Unit Titles			oution	Total
Course Outcome				Е	Marks
CO-MPH 104T-1:	To understand about the Concepts of innovator and generic drugs and drug development process Regulatory guidance's and guidelines for filing and approval process.	15	06	07	28
СО-МРН 104Т-2:	To understand about the Submission of global documents in CTD/ e CTD formats and Post approval regulatory requirements for actives and drug products.	12	07	05	24
СО-МРН 104Т-3:	To understand about the Preparation of Dossiers and their submission to regulatory agencies in different countries.	15	06	03	24
CO-MPH 104T-4:	To understand about the Pharmacovigilence and process of monitoring in clinical trials.	10	08	06	24
	Total	52	27	21	100

Suggested Specification Table (For ESA)

Legend:

A: Analyze,

C: Create,

E: Evaluate

The end of semester assessment for Regulatory Affair will be held with written examination of 75 marks. **Note.** Detailed Assessment rubric need to be prepared by the course wise teachers for above tasks. Teachers can also design different tasks as per requirement, for end semester assessment.

Suggested Instructional/Implementation Strategies:

- 1. Improved Lecture
- 2. Tutorial
- 3. Case Method
- 4. Group Discussion
- 5. Role Play
- 6. Demonstration
- ICT Based Teaching Learning(Video Demonstration/Tutorials CBT, Blog,Face book, Twitter, Whats app, Mobile, Online sources)
- 8. Brainstorming

Suggested Learning Resources:

S. No.	Title	Author	Publisher	Edition & Year
1.	Generic Drug Product Development and Solid Oral Dosage forms	Leon Shargel and Isader Kaufer,	Publisher by Marcel Dekker series,	Vol.143 2ed Vol 212 (2020)
2.	The Pharmaceutical Regulatory Process, (Drugs and the Pharmaceutical Science)	Ira R. Berry and Robert P.Martin	Publisher by Informa Health care Publishers	2nd Edition - 2 December 2008 - Vol.185
3.	New Drug Approval Process: Accelerating Global Registrations	Richard A Guarino, MD	Publisher By Accelerating Global Registrations	7th edition Year: 2017.
4.	Guidebook for drug regulatory submissions / Sandy Weinberg	Weinberg, Sandy	Publisher By John Wiley & Sons.Inc	2009. Edition
5.	FDA regulatory affairs: a guide for prescription drugs, medical devices, and biologics	DOUGLAS J. PISANO	Publisher By Douglas J. Pisano, David Mantus.	11 Jan 2024
6.	Clinical Trials and Human Research: A Practical Guide to Regulatory Compliance	Rodney K. Adams	Published by Jossey- Bass	1st Edition (2023).

Journals

- 1. www.ich.org/
- 2. www.fda.gov/
- 3. europa.eu/index_en.htm
- 4. https://www.tga.gov.au/tga-basics

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Course Outcome	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4
	Scientific Knowledge	Technological Application	Modern tool usage	Entrepreneur ship	Practical Skill	Applied Science	Computational and Statistical methodologies	Pharmaceutical Ethics	Environment and sustainability	Life-long learning	Formulation strategies	Emerging science	Computational literacy	Pharmaceutical regulations
CO-MPH 104T-1: Generic drugs and drug development process Regulatory guidance's	2	1	3	2	3	2	1	3	2	3	3	2	1	2
CO-MPH 104T-2: Global documents in CTD/ e CTD formats	3	2	3	2	1	3	2	1	1	3	2	3	2	1
CO-MPH 104T-3: Preparation of Dossiers	3	2	1	3	3	2	3	3	3	2	2	1	3	3
CO-MPH 104T-4: Pharmacovigilance and process of monitoring	1	1	3	2	2	3	2	2	2	3	3	2	1	2

Course Outcome & Program Outcome Mapping

Legend: 1- Low, 2-Medium, 3-High

POs & PSOs No.	COs No. & Title	SOs No.	Class Room Instructions	Laboratory Instructions	Self learning
POs:1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10	СО-МРН 104Т-1:	SO1.1	1.1,1.2,1.3,1.4,1.5,1.6,1.7	-	SL-1.1
	To understand about the concepts of	SO1.2	,1.8,1.9,1.10,1.11,1.12		SL-1.2
PSOs:1,2,3,4	innovator and generic drugs and drug	SO1.3			SL-1.3
	development process Regulatory	SO1.4			
	guidance's and guidelines for filing				
	and approval process				
POs:1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10	СО-МРН 104Т-2:	SO2.1	2.1,2.2,2.3,2.4,2.5,2.6,2.7	-	SL-2.1
	To understand about the submission	SO2.2	,2.8,2.9,2.10,2.11,2.12		SL-2.2
PSOs:1,2,3,4	of global documents in CTD/ e CTD	SO2.3			SL-2.3
	formats and Post approval regulatory				
	requirements for actives and drug				
	products				
POs:1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10	СО-МРН 104Т-3:	SO3.1	3.1,3.2,3.3,3.4,3.5,3.6,3.7	-	SL-3.1
	To understand about the Preparation	SO3.2	,3.8,3.9,3.10,3.11,3.12		SL-3.2
PSOs:1,2,3,4	of Dossiers and their submission to				SL-3.3
	regulatory agencies in different				SL-3.4
	countries				
POs:1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10	СО-МРН 104Т-4:	SO4.1	4.1,4.2,4.3,4.4,4.5,4.6,4.7	-	SL-4.1
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	To understand about the	SO4.2	,4.8,4.9,4.10,4.11,4.12		SL-4.2
PSOs:1,2,3,4	Pharmacovigilence and process of	SO4.3			SL-4.3
	monitoring in clinical trials	SO4.4			SL-4.4
	č				

Course Curriculum Mapping



A K S University Faculty of Pharmaceutical Science & Technology Rajiv Gandhi Institute of Pharmacy Curriculum of M. Pharmacy (Pharmaceutics-MPH) Program (Revised as on 01 August 2023) Semester-I

Course Code:	MPH 105P
Course Title:	Pharmaceutics Practical - I

Practical Assessment

Course Code	Course	Inter	ssment (A)		emester ms (B)	Total Marks		
		Continuous Mode	Session	nal Exams	Total	Marks	Duration	(A+B)
			Marks	Duration				
MPH 105P	Pharmaceutics Practical - I	20	30 6 Hrs		50	100	6 Hrs	150

S. No.	List of Practicals
1.	Analysis of pharmacopoeial compounds and their formulations by UV Vis spectrophotometer.
2.	Simultaneous estimation of multi component containing formulations by UV spectrophotometry.
3.	Experiments based on HPLC.
4.	Experiments based on Gas Chromatography.
5.	Estimation of riboflavin/quinine sulphate by fluorimetry.
6.	Estimation of sodium/potassium by flame photometry.
7.	To perform In-vitro dissolution profile of CR/ SR marketed formulation.
8.	Formulation and evaluation of sustained release matrix tablets.
9.	Formulation and evaluation osmotically controlled DDS.
10.	Preparation and evaluation of Floating DDS- hydro dynamically balanced DDS
11.	Formulation and evaluation of Muco adhesive tablets.
12.	Formulation and evaluation of trans dermal patches.
13.	To carry out preformulation studies of tablets.
14.	To study the effect of compressional force on tablets disintegration time.
15.	To study Micromeritic properties of powders and granulation.
16.	To study the effect of particle size on dissolution of a tablet.
17.	To study the effect of binders on dissolution of a tablet.
18.	To plot Heckal plot, Higuchi and peppas plot and determine similarity factors.



AKS University

Faculty of Pharmaceutical Science & Technology Rajiv Gandhi Institute of Pharmacy Curriculum of M. Pharmacy (Pharmaceutics-MPH) Program (Revised as on 01 August 2023) Semester-II

Course Code: Course Title:	MPH 201T Molecular Pharmaceutics (Nano Technology & Targeted DDS) (NTDS)
Pre-requisite:	This course is designed to impart knowledge on the area of advances in novel drug delivery systems.
Rationale/Objectives:	 Upon completion of this course it is expected that students will be able to understand The various approaches for development of novel drug delivery system. The criteria for selection of drugs and polymers for the development of NTDS. The formulation and evaluation of novel drug delivery systems.

Course Outcomes:

CO-MPH 201T-1: To understand the target Drug Delivery System.

CO-MPH 201T-2: To understand targeting method.

CO-MPH 201T-3: To understand the micro capsule /micro sphere.

CO-MPH 201T-4: To understand the pulmonary Drug Delivery System.

CO-MPH 201T-5: To understand nucleic acid based therapeutic delivery system.

Scheme of Studies

			Total Numb	er of conta	of contact hours/Week				
Course code	Title of the course	Program Name	Class room Instruction (A)	Practical	SW	SL	Total Hours	Credit	
			Lecture	(P)	5 **	SL	(H)		
MPH 201T	Molecular Pharmaceutics (Nano Technology & Targeted DDS) (NTDS)	M. Pharmacy	4	-	1	1	6	4	

Legend: CI: Classroom Instruction (Includes different instructional strategies i.e. Lecture (L) and Tutorial (T) and other

LI: Laboratory Instruction (Includes Practical performances in laboratory workshop, field or other locations using different instructional strategies)

SW: Sessional Work (includes assignment, seminar, mini project etc.)

SL: Self Learning, Credits

Note: SW & SL has to be planned and performed under the continuous guidance and feedback of teacher to ensure outcome of Learning

Theory Assessment

		Internal Assessment (A)				Semester ms (B)	Total	
Course Code	Course	Continuous Mode			Total	Marks	Duration	Marks (A+B)
Coue		moue	Marks	Duration	ivtai	11101 13	Duration	
MPH 201T	Molecular Pharmaceutics (Nano Technology & Targeted DDS) (NTDS)	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3Hrs.	100

Guidelines for the allotment of marks for attendance

Percentage of Attendance	Theory	Practical
95–100	8	10
90–94	6	7.5
85–89	4	5
80–84	2	2.5
Less than 80	0	0

Course-Curriculum Detailing:

This course syllabus illustrates the expected learning achievements, both at the course and session levels, which students are anticipated to accomplish through various modes of instruction including Classroom Instruction (CI), Laboratory Instruction (LI), Sessional Work (SW), and Self Learning (SL). As the course progresses, students should showcase their mastery of Session Outcomes (SOs), culminating in the overall achievement of Course Outcomes (COs) upon the course's conclusion.

Unit I CO-MPH 201T-1: To understand the Target Drug Delivery System.

Item	Approx Hrs
Lecture	12
Practical (P)	0
SW	4
SL	4
Total	20

Session Outcomes (SOs)	Laboratory Instruction (LI)	Classroom Instruction (CI)	Self Learning (SL)		
Theory	NA	1.1: Introduction to TDDS			
		1.2: Objectives of TDDS	1.1: Study of		
SO1.1: Targeted		1.3: Ideal characteristics of TDDS	Targeted Drug		
Drug Delivery		1.4: Advantages of TDDS	Delivery Systems		
Systems: Concepts,		1.5: Disadvantages of TDDS	1.2: Concepts,		
Events		1.6: Concepts of TDDS	Events and		
SO1.2: Biological		1.7: Types of TDDS	biological process		
process involved in		1.8: Strategies of drug targeting	involved in drug		
drug targeting		1.9: Targeted Drug Delivery	targeting		
		Systems events	1.3: Tumor		
		1.10: Biological process involved	targeting.		
		in drug targeting	1.4: Brain specific		
		1.11: Tumor targeting	delivery		
		1.12: Brain specific delivery			

- 1. Explain targeted Drug Delivery Systems
- 2. Given targeted Drug Delivery Systems events.
- 3. Discuss about biological process involved in drug targeting.
- 4. Write brain specific delivery.

Unit II CO-MPH 201T-2: To understand targeting method.

Item	Approx Hrs
Lecture	12
Practical (P)	0
SW	4
SL	4
Total	20

Session Outcomes (SOs)	Laboratory Instruction (LI)	Classroom Instruction (CI)	Self Learning (SL)	
Theory	NA	2.1: Targeting Methods	2.1: Study of	
		2.2: Targeting Methods: Introduction	Targeting Methods:	
SO2.1: Targeting		2.3: Targeting Methods: Preparation	introduction	
Methods		2.4: Targeting Methods: Evaluation	2.2: Nano Particle	
		2.5: Nano Particle	2.3: Liposome	
		2.6: Liposome	2.4: Liposomes:	
		2.7: Liposomes: Types	preparation	
		2.8: Liposomes: preparation		
		2.9: Liposomes: evaluation		
		2.10: Strategies of drug targeting		
		2.11: Ideal Properties of Nano		
		particles		
		2.12: Advantages & disadvantages		
		of Nano particles		

- 1. Explain targeting Methods: introduction.
- 2. Given targeting Methods: Preparation.
- 3. Write nano particle.
- 4. Given types & evaluation of liposomes.

Unit III CO-MPH 201T-3: To understand the micro capsule /micro sphere.

Item	Approx Hrs
Lecture	12
Practical (P)	0
SW	1
SL	1
Total	14

Session Outcomes (SOs)	Laboratory Instruction (LI)	Classroom Instruction (CI) Self Learning (SL)			
Theory	NA	3.1: Micro Capsules			
		3.2: Micro Spheres	3.1: Study of		
SO3.1: Micro Capsules		3.3: Micro Capsules: Types,	Monoclonal Antibodies		
		preparation			
		3.4: Micro Capsules:			
		evaluation			
		3.5: Micro Spheres: Types			
		3.6: Micro Spheres:			
		preparation, evaluation			
		3.7: Monoclonal Antibodies			
		3.8: Monoclonal Antibodies			
		3.9: Monoclonal Antibodies			
		3.10: Applications,			
		preparation			
		3.11: Applications of			
		Niosomes, Aquasomes			
		3.12: Applications of			
		Phytosomes, Electrosomes			

Suggested Assignments:

1. Explain Micro Capsules / Micro Spheres: Types, preparation and evaluation.

Unit IV CO-MPH 201T-4: To understand the pulmonary drug delivery system.

Item	Approx Hrs
Lecture	12
Practical (P)	0
SW	3
SL	3
Total	18

Session Outcomes (SOs)	Laboratory Instruction (LI) Classroom Instruction (CI)		Self Learning (SL)	
Theory	NA	4.1: Pulmonary Drug Delivery	4.1: Study of	
SO4.1: Pulmonary		Systems	pulmonary drug	
Drug Delivery		4.2: Advantages & disadvantages	delivery systems	
Systems		of PDDS	4.1: Study of Intra	
SO4.2: Aerosols,		4.3: Applications of PDDS	Nasal Route Delivery	
propellents,		4.4: Aerosols	systems; Types,	
Containers Types.		4.5: Propellants	preparation and	
SO4.3: Preparation		4.6: Containers Types	evaluation	
and evaluation,		4.7: Preparation	4.3: Study of	
Intra Nasal Route		4.8: Evaluation	Containers Types,	
Delivery		4.9: Intra Nasal Route Delivery	preparation	
		systems		
		4.10: Intra Nasal Route Delivery		
		systems: Types		
		4.11: Intra Nasal Route Delivery		
		systems: preparation		
		4.12: Intra Nasal Route Delivery		
		systems: evaluation		

- 1. Explain Pulmonary Drug Delivery Systems.
- 2. Discuss about aerosols.
- 3. Write intra Nasal Route Delivery systems; Types, preparation and evaluation.

Unit V CO-MPH 201T-5: To understand nucleic acid based therapeutic delivery system.

Item	Approx Hrs
Lecture	12
Practical (P)	0
SW	3
SL	3
Total	18

Session Outcomes (SOs)	Laboratory Instruction (LI)	Classroom Instruction (CI)	Self Learning (SL)		
Theory	NA	5.1: Nucleic acid based therapeutic	5.1: Study of Nucleic		
		delivery system	acid based therapeutic		
SO5.1: Nucleic		5.2: Differentiations of types of	delivery system		
acid based		gene therapy	5.2: Study of Gene		
therapeutic		5.3: Gene therapy	therapy, introduction		
delivery system		5.4: Introduction (ex-vivo & in-	(ex-vivo & in-vivo		
		vivo gene therapy)	gene therapy)		
		5.5: Types of somatic cell gene	5.3: Study of Gene		
		therapy	expression systems		
		5.6: Potential target diseases for	(viral and non-viral		
		gene therapy (inherited disorder	gene)		
		and cancer).			
		5.7: Gene expression systems (viral			
		and non-viral gene transfer)			
		5.8: Liposomal gene delivery			
		systems.			
		5.9: Bio-distribution and			
		Pharmacokinetics			
		5.10: Knowledge of therapeutic			
		antisense			
		5.11: Molecules as drugs of future			
		5.12: Aptamers as drugs of future			

- 1. Explain Potential target diseases for gene therapy (inherited disorder and cancer).
- 2. Discuss about Gene expression systems (viral and non-viral gene transfer).
- 3. Write Liposomal gene delivery systems. Bio-distribution and Pharmacokinetics.

Brief of Hours suggested for the Course Outcome

Course Outcomes	Class Lecture (Cl)	(LI)	Sessional Work (SW)	Self Learning (Sl)	Total Hour (Cl+SW+ Sl+LI)
CO-MPH 201T-1: To understand the target Drug Delivery System.	12	0	4	4	20
CO-MPH 201T-2: To understand targeting method.	12	0	4	4	20
CO-MPH 201T-3: To understand the micro capsule /micro sphere.	12	0	1	1	14
CO-MPH 201T-4: To understand the pulmonary Drug Delivery System	12	0	3	3	18
CO-MPH 201T-5: To understand nucleic acid based therapeutic delivery system.	12	0	3	3	18
Total Hours	60	0	15	15	90

Suggestion for End Semester Assessment

Course Outcome	Unit Title	Ma	Marks Distribution			
	Omt Title	Α	С	Ε	Marks	
СО-МРН 201Т-1:	To understand the target Drug Delivery System	08	06	01	15	
CO-MPH 201T-2:	To understand targeting method	12	07	01	20	
СО-МРН 201Т-3:	To understand the micro capsule/micro sphere	08	06	02	16	
СО-МРН 201Т-4:	To understand the pulmonary Drug Delivery System	10	02	03	15	
СО-МРН 201Т-5:	Γ-5: To understand nucleic acid based therapeutic delivery system		09	05	34	
	Total	58	30	12	100	

Suggested Specification Table (For ESA)

Legend: A: Analyze, C: Create, E: Evaluate

The end of semester assessment for Molecular Pharmaceutics (Nano Technology & Targeted DDS) (NTDS) will be held with written examination of 75 marks.

Note. Detailed Assessment rubric need to be prepared by the course wise teachers for above tasks.

Teachers can also design different tasks as per requirement, for end semester assessment.

Suggested Instructional/Implementation Strategies:

- 1. Improved Lecture
- 2. Tutorial
- 3. Case Method
- 4. Group Discussion
- 5. Role Play
- 6. Demonstration
- ICTBasedTeachingLearning(Video Demonstration/TutorialsCBT,Blog,Facebook,Twitter,Whatsapp,Mobile, Onlinesources)
- 8. Brainstorming

Suggested Learning Resources:

S. No.	Title	Author	Publisher	Edition & Year
1	Novel Drug Delivery Systems	Y W. Chien	revised and expanded, Marcel Dekker, Inc., New York,	2nd edition/1992.
2	Controlled Drug Delivery	S.P.Vyas and R.K.Khar,	Ballabh PrakashanNew Delhi,	First edition 2002.
3	Controlled and Novel Drug Delivery	N.K. Jain	CBS Publishers & Distributors, NewDelhi,	First edition 1997 (reprint in 2001).

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- 3. Ms. Shikha Singh, Assistant Professor, Rajiv Gandhi Institute of Pharmacy, AKS University

Course Outcome & Program Outcome Mapping

Course Outcome	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4
	Scientific Knowledge	Technological Application	Modern tool usage	Entrepreneur ship	Practical Skill	Applied Science	Computational and Statistical methodologies	Pharmaceutical Ethics	Environment and sustainability	Life-long learning	Formulation strategies	Emerging science	Computational literacy	Pharmaceutical regulations
CO-MPH 201T-1: Target Drug Delivery System	3	2	3	1	3	2	1	3	2	3	3	2	3	1
CO-MPH 201T-2: Targeting method	2	2	3	2	1	3	2	2	1	3	2	3	2	2
CO-MPH 201T-3: Micro capsule/Micro sphere	1	2	1	3	3	2	3	3	2	2	2	3	3	1
CO-MPH 201T-4: Pulmonary Drug Delivery System	2	1	3	2	2	3	2	2	2	3	1	2	3	2
CO-MPH 201T-5: Nucleic acid based therapeutic delivery system	3	2	2	1	3	2	3	3	1	2	2	2	3	3

Legend: 1- Low, 2-Medium, 3-High

Course Curriculum Mapping

POs & PSOs No.	COs No. & Title	SOs No.	Class Room Instructions	Laboratory Instructions	Self learning
POs:1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10	СО-МРН 201Т-1:	SO1.1	1.1,1.2,1.3,1.4,1.5,1.6		SL-1.1
	To understand the target Drug	SO1.2		_	SL-1.2
PSOs:1,2,3,4	Delivery System.				SL-1.3
					SL-1.4
POs:1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10	СО-МРН 201Т-2:	SO-2.1	2.1,2.2,2.3,2.4,2.5,2.6,		SL-2.1
	To understand targeting method.		2.7,2.8,2.9		SL-2.2
PSOs:1,2,3,4					SL-2.3
					SL-2.4
POs:1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10	СО-МРН 201Т-3:	SO-3.1	3.1,3.2,3.3,3.4,3.5,3.6,		SL-3.1
	To understand the micro capsule		3.7,3.8,3.9,3.10,3.11,3		SL-5.1
PSOs:1,2,3,4	/micro sphere.		.12		
POs:1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10	СО-МРН 201Т-4:	SO-4.1	4.1,4.2,4.3,4.4,4.5,4.6,		SL-4.1
		SO-4.2	4.7,4.8,4.9,4.10		SL-4.2
PSOs:1,2,3,4	To understand the pulmonary Drug Delivery System.	SO-4.3			SL-4.3
POs:1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10	СО-МРН 201Т-5:	SO-5.1	5.1,5.2,5.3,5.4,5.5,5.6,		SL-5.1
	To understand nucleic acid based		5.7,5.8,5.9,5.10		SL-5.2
PSOs:1,2,3,4	therapeutic delivery system.				SL-5.3



AKS University

Faculty of Pharmaceutical Science & Technology Rajiv Gandhi Institute of Pharmacy Curriculum of M. Pharmacy (Pharmaceutics-MPH) Program (Revised as on 01 August 2023) Semester-II

Course Code: MPH 202T

Course Title: Advanced Biopharmaceutics & Pharmacokinetics

Pre-requisite: This course is designed to impart knowledge on the area of advances in

Novel drug delivery systems.

Rationale/Objectives: Upon completion of this course it is expected that students will be able understand,

- The basic concepts in biopharmaceutics and pharmacokinetics.
- The use raw data and derive the pharmacokinetic models and parameters the best describe the process of drug absorption, distribution, metabolism and elimination.
- The critical evaluation of biopharmaceutic studies involving drug product equivalency.
- The design and evaluation of dosage regimens of the drugs using pharmacokinetic and biopharmaceutic parameters.
- The potential clinical pharmacokinetic problems and application of basics of pharmacokinetic.

Course Outcomes:

CO-MPH 202T-1: The basic concepts in biopharmaceutics and pharmacokinetics.

CO-MPH 202T-2: The use raw data and derive the pharmacokinetic models and parameters the best describe the process of drug absorption, distribution, metabolism and elimination.

CO-MPH 202T-3: The critical evaluation of biopharmaceutic studies involving drug product equivalency.

CO-MPH 202T-4: The design and evaluation of dosage regimens of the drugs using pharmacokinetic and biopharmaceutic parameters.

CO-MPH 202T-5: The potential clinical pharmacokinetic problems and application of basics of pharmacokinetic.

Scheme of Studies

Commo	Title of the	Due que un	Total Number of contact hours/Week					
Course code	Title of the course	Program Name	Class room Instruction (A)	Practical		SL	Total Hours	Credit
		Lecture		(P)	SW	SL	(H)	
MPH 202T	Advanced Biopharmaceutics & Pharmacokinetics	M. Pharmacy	4	-	1	1	6	4

Legend: CI: Class room Instruction (Includes different instructional strategies i.e. Lecture (L) and Tutorial (T) and others

LI: Laboratory Instruction (Includes Practical performances in laboratory workshop, field or other locations

using different instructional strategies)

SW: Sessional Work (includes assignment, seminar, and mini project etc.)

SL: Self Learning, Credits

Note: SW& SL has to be planned and performed under the continuous guidance and feedback of teacher to ensure outcome of Learning

Theory Assessmen

		Inter	End S Exa	Total				
Course Code	Course	Continuous Sessional Exams Mode		Total	Marks	Duration	Marks (A+B)	
Coue		Widde	Marks	Duration	Total	1111115	Duration	(11)
MPH 202T	Advanced Biopharmaceutics & Pharmacokinetics	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3Hrs.	100

Guidelines for the allotment of marks for attendance

Percentage of Attendance	Theory	Practical
95–100	8	10
90–94	6	7.5
85–89	4	5
80-84	2	2.5
Less than 80	0	0

Course-Curriculum Detailing:

This course syllabus illustrates the expected learning achievements, both at the course and session levels, which students are anticipated to accomplish through various modes of instruction including Classroom Instruction (CI), Laboratory Instruction (LI), Sessional Work (SW), and Self Learning (SL). As the course progresses, students should showcase their mastery of Session Outcomes (SOs), culminating in the overall achievement of Course Outcomes (COs) upon the course's conclusion.

Unit I CO-MPH 202T-1: The basic concepts in biopharmaceutics and pharmacokinetics.

Item	Approx Hrs
Lecture	12
Practical (P)	0
SW	2
SL	4
Total	18

Session Outcomes (SOs)	Laboratory Instruction (LI)	Classroom Instruction (CI)	Self Learning (SL)
Theory	NA	1.1: Gastrointestinal tract, Mechanism	1.1: Study of drug
		of drug absorption	absorption from the
SO1.1: Drug		1.2: Factors affecting drug absorption	Gastrointestinal
absorption from the		pH– partition theory of drug absorption.	Tract
Gastrointestinal Tract		1.3: Dissolution rate	1.2: Study of
		1.4: Dissolution process, Noyes–	formulation and
SO1.2: Formulation		Whitney equation and drug dissolution	physicochemical
and physicochemical		1.5: Role of the dosage form: Solution	factors
factors		(elixir, syrup and solution) as a dosage	1.3: Study of
		form, Suspension as a dosage form	Gastrointestinal
SO1.3:		1.6: Capsule as a dosage form, Tablet as	Absorption
Gastrointestinal		a dosage form, Dissolution methods	1.4: Study of
Absorption		1.7: Formulation and processing factors	Transport model
		1.8: Correlation of in vivo data with in	
SO1.4: Transport		vitro dissolution data	
model		1.9: Transport model	
		1.10: Permeability-Solubility-Charge	
		State and the pH Partition Hypothesis	
		1.11: Properties of the Gastrointestinal	
		Tract (GIT), pH Microclimate	
		Intracellular pH Environment	
		1.12: Tight-Junction Complex	

- 1. Explain drug absorption from the gastrointestinal tract.
- 2. Discuss about role of dosage form.

Unit II

CO-MPH 202T-2: The use raw data and derive the pharmacokinetic models and parameters the best describe the process of drug absorption, distribution, metabolism and elimination.

Item	Approx Hrs
Lecture	12
Practical (P)	0
SW	2
SL	2
Total	16

Session Outcomes (SOs)	Laboratory Instruction (LI)	Classroom Instruction (CI)	Self Learning (SL)
Theory	NA	2.1: Introduction of	2.1: Study of
		Biopharmaceutics	Biopharmaceutic
SO2.1:		2.2: Scope of Biopharmaceutics	considerations in drug
Biopharmaceutic		2.3: Biopharmaceutic factors	product design and In
considerations in		affecting drug bioavailability	Vitro Drug Product
drug product design		2.4: Rate-limiting steps in drug	Performance
and In Vitro Drug		absorption	Introduction
Product Performance		2.5: Physicochemical nature of the	2.2: Biopharmaceutic
		drug formulation	factors affecting drug
		2.6: Factors affecting drug product	bioavailability, rate-
		performance	limiting steps in drug
		2.7: In vitro. dissolution and drug	absorption
		release testing	
		2.8: Compendial methods of	
		dissolution	
		2.9: Alternative methods of	
		dissolution testing	
		2.10: Meeting dissolution	
		requirements	
		2.11: Problems of variable control in	
		dissolution testing	
		2.12: Performance of drug products	

- 1. Explain In vitro dissolution and drug release testing.
- 2. Explain dissolution requirements of biopharmaceutic considerations in drug product design.

Unit III

CO-MPH 202T-3: The critical evaluation of biopharmaceutic studies involving drug product equivalency.

Item	Approx Hrs
Lecture	12
Practical (P)	0
SW	2
SL	2
Total	16

Session Outcomes (SOs)	Laboratory Instruction (LI)	Classroom Instruction (CI)	Self Learning (SL)
Theory	NA	3.1: Basic considerations,	3.1: Study of
		pharmacokinetic models	Pharmacokinetics
SO3.1: Pharmacokinetics		3.2: compartment modeling: one compartment model- IV bolus	3.2: Study of Drug interactions
SO3.2: Drug interactions		3.3: IV infusion, extra-vascular	0
C		3.4: Multi compartment model	
		3.5: Two compartment - model in	
		brief, non-linear	
		3.6: Pharmacokinetics: cause of non-	
		linearity	
		3.7: Michaelis - Menten equation,	
		estimation of K_{max} and V_{max}	
		3.8: Drug interactions: introduction	
		3.9: The effect of protein- binding	
		interactions	
		3.10: The effect of tissue-binding	
		interactions	
		3.11: Cytochrome p450-based drug	
		interactions	
		3.12: Drug interactions linked to transporters	

- 1. Define Pharmacokinetics.
- 2. Given note on Drug interactions.

Unit IV

CO-MPH 202T-4: The design and evaluation of dosage regimens of the drugs using pharmacokinetic and biopharmaceutic parameters.

Item	Approx Hrs
Lecture	12
Practical (P)	0
SW	2
SL	1
Total	15

Session Outcomes (SOs)	Laboratory Instruction (LI)	Classroom Instruction (CI)	Self Learning (SL)
Theory	NA	4.1: Drug product performance	4.1: Study of Drug
		4.2: Purpose of bioavailability studies	Product Performance,
SO4.1: Drug		4.3: Relative and absolute availability	InVivo Bioavailability
Product Performance,		4.4: Methods for assessing	and Bioequivalence
InVivo: Bioavailability		bioavailability, bioequivalence	
and Bioequivalence		studies	
		4.5: Design and evaluation of	
		bioequivalence studies	
		4.6: Study designs	
		4.7: Crossover study designs,	
		evaluation of the data	
		4.8: Bioequivalence example, study	
		submission and drug review process	
		4.9: Biopharmaceutics classification	
		system, methods	
		4.10: Permeability: In-vitro, in-situ	
		and In-vivo methods generic	
		biologics (biosimilar drug products)	
		4.11: Clinical significance of	
		bioequivalence studies	
		4.12: Special concerns in	
		bioavailability and bioequivalence	
		studies, generic substitution	

- 1. Explain biopharmaceutics classification system (BCS) & its methods.
- 2. Discuss about clinical significance of bioequivalence studies.

Unit V

CO-MPH 202T-5: The potential clinical pharmacokinetic problems and application of basics of pharmacokinetic.

Item	Approx Hrs
Lecture	12
Practical (P)	0
SW	1
SL	1
Total	17

Session Outcomes (SOs)	Laboratory Instruction (LI)	Self Learning (SL)	
Theory	NA	5.1: Modified-Release Drug Products	5.1: Study of
		5.2: Targeted Drug Delivery Systems	Introduction to
SO5.1: Applications		5.3: Biotechnological Products	Pharmacokinetics,
of Pharmacokinetics		5.4: Introduction to Pharmacokinetics	pharmacodynamic &
		5.5: Introduction to pharmacodynamic	drug interactions
		5.6: Drug interactions	
		 5.7: Pharmacokinetics and pharmacodynamics of biotechnology drugs 5.8: Introduction, Proteins and peptides 5.9: Monoclonal antibodies 5.10: Oligonucleotides 5.11: Vaccines (immunotherapy) 5.12: Gene therapies 	

Suggested Assignments:

1. Explain application of pharmacokinetics.

Brief of Hours suggested for the Course Outcome

Course Outcomes	Class Lecture (Cl)	(LI)	Sessional Work (SW)	Self Learning (Sl)	Total Hour (Cl+SW+ Sl+LI)
CO-MPH 202T-1: The basic concepts					
in biopharmaceutics and pharmacokinetics.	12	0	2	4	18
CO-MPH 202T-2: The use raw data and derive the pharmacokinetic models and parameters the best describe the process of drug absorption, distribution, metabolism and elimination.	12	0	2	2	16
CO-MPH 202T-3: The critical evaluation of biopharmaceutic studies involving drug product equivalency.	12	0	2	2	16
CO-MPH 202T-4: The design and evaluation of dosage regimens of the drugs using pharmacokinetic and biopharmaceutic parameters.	12	0	2	1	15
CO-MPH 202T-5: The potential clinical pharmacokinetic problems and application of basics of pharmacokinetic.	12	0	1	1	14
Total Hours	60	0	9	10	79

Course Outcome	Unit Title	Mark	s Distrib	ution	Total
		Α	С	Ε	Marks
CO-MPH 202T-1:	The basic concepts in				
	biopharmaceutics and	08	06	01	15
	pharmacokinetics.				
СО-МРН 202Т-2:	The use raw data and derive the pharmacokinetic models and parameters the best describe the process of drug absorption, distribution, metabolism and elimination.	12	07	01	20
СО-МРН 202Т-3:	The critical evaluation of biopharmaceutic studies involving drug product equivalency.	08	06	02	16
СО-МРН 202Т-4:	The design and evaluation of dosage regimens of the drugs using pharmacokinetic and biopharmaceutic parameters.	12	02	03	17
СО-МРН 202Т-5:	The potential clinical pharmacokinetic problems and application of basics of pharmacokinetic.	20	09	03	32
	Total				100

Suggested Specification Table (For ESA)

Legend: A: Analyze, C: Create, E: Evaluate

The end of semester assessment for Advanced Biopharmaceutics & Pharmacokinetics will be held with written examination of 75 marks.

Note. Detailed Assessment rubric need to be prepared by the course wise teachers for above tasks. Teachers can also design different tasks as per requirement, for end semester assessment.

Suggested Instructional/Implementation Strategies:

- 1. Improved Lecture
- 2. Tutorial
- 3. CaseMethod
- 4. GroupDiscussion
- 5. RolePlay
- 6. Demonstration
- 7. ICTBasedTeachingLearning(VideoDemonstration/TutorialsCBT,Blog, Facebook,Twitter,Whatsapp,Mobile,Onlinesources)
- 8. Brainstorming

Suggested Learning Resources:

S. No.	Title	Author	Publisher	Edition & Year
1	Biopharmaceutics and Clinical Pharmacokinetics.	Milo Gibald	Philadelphia : Lea & Febiger	4th volume, 2020
2	Biopharmaceutics and Pharmacokinetics,	DM Brahmankar & Sunil B.Jaiswal	vallabh prakashan	3rd edi,2019
3	Applied Biopharmaceutics & Pharmacokinetics,	Leon Shargel, Andrew B.C.	Yu McGraw-Hill Education	Seventh Edition, Aug 28, 2015
4	Textbook of Biopharmaceutics and Pharmacokinetics.	Dr.Shaik Harun Rasheed	As Per the Latest Syllabus of Pharmacy Council of India (PCI)	2020 Edition,1 January 2020
5	Handbook of Basic Pharmacokinetics	Milo Gibaldi and D. Perrier	Marcel Dekker Inc.,New York	7th Edition Published: January 2009
6	Clinical Pharmacokinetics, Concepts and Applications	Malcolm Rowland, Thomas N. Tozer	Lippincott Williams and Wilkins	4th edition (5 February 2010)
7	Dissolution, Bioavailability and Bioequivalence,	Hamed M. Abdou.	Mack Publishing Company: Easton, PA,	1989

Curriculum Development Team:

- 1. Prof. S.P. Gupta, Director, Rajiv Gandhi Institute of Pharmacy, AKS University
- 2. Ms. Neha Goel, Associate Professor, Rajiv Gandhi Institute of Pharmacy, AKS University
- 3. Ms. Shikha Singh, Assistant Professor, Rajiv Gandhi Institute of Pharmacy, AKS University

Course Outcome	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4
	Scientific Knowledge	Technological Application	Modern tool usage	Entrepreneur ship	Practical Skill	Applied Science	Computational and Statistical methodologies	Pharmaceutical Ethics	Environment and sustainability	Life-long learning	Formulation strategies	Emerging science	Computational literacy	Pharmaceutical regulations
CO-MPH 202T-1: Biopharmaceutics and pharmacokinetics	3	2	3	1	3	2	1	3	2	3	3	2	3	1
CO-MPH 202T-2: Pharmacokinetic models	2	2	3	2	1	3	2	2	1	3	2	3	2	2
CO-MPH 202T-3: Evaluation of biopharmaceutic studies	1	2	1	3	3	2	3	3	2	2	2	3	3	1
CO-MPH 202T-4: Evaluation of dosage regimens	2	1	3	2	2	3	2	2	2	3	1	2	3	2
CO-MPH 202T-5: Clinical Pharmacokinetic	3	2	2	1	3	2	3	3	1	2	2	2	3	3

Legend: 1- Low, 2-Medium, 3-High

POs & PSOs No.	POs & PSOs No. Cos No. & Title		Class Room	Laboratory	Self learning
			Instructions	Instructions	
POs:1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10	СО-МРН 202Т-1:	SO1.1	1.1,1.2,1.3,1.4,1.		SL-1.1
	The basic concepts in	SO1.2	5,1.6,1.7,1.8,1.9,		SL-1.2
PSOs:1,2,3,4	biopharmaceutics and	SO1.3	1.10,1.11,1.12		SL-1.3
	pharmacokinetics.	SO1.4			SL-1.4
POs:1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10	СО-МРН 202Т-2:	SO2.1	2.1,2.2,2.3,2.4,2.		SL-2.1
	The use raw data and derive the		5,2.6,2.7,2.8,2.9		SL-2.2
PSOs:1,2,3,4	pharmacokinetic models and				
	parameters the best describe the				
	process of drug absorption,				
	distribution, metabolism and				
	elimination.				
POs:1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10	СО-МРН 202Т-3:	SO3.1	3.1,3.2,3.3,3.4,3.		SL-3.1
	The critical evaluation of	SO3.2	5,3.6,3.7,3.8,3.9,		SL-3.2
PSOs:1,2,3,4	biopharmaceutic studies		3.10,3.11		
	involving drug product				
	equivalency.				
POs:1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10	СО-МРН 202Т-4:	SO4.1	4.1,4.2,4.3,4.4,4.		SL-4.1
	The design and evaluation of		5,4.6,4.7,4.8,4.9,		
PSOs:1,2,3,4	dosage regimens of the drugs		4.10,4.11,4.12		
	using pharmacokinetic and				
	biopharmaceutic parameters.				
POs:1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10	СО-МРН 202Т-5:	SO5.1	5.1,5.2,5.3,5.4,5.		SL-5.1
	The potential clinical		5,5.6,5.7,5.8,5.9,		
PSOs:1,2,3,4	pharmacokinetic problems and		5.10,5.11,5.12		
	application of basics of				
	pharmacokinetic.				

Course Curriculum Mapping



AKS University

Faculty of Pharmaceutical Science & Technology Rajiv Gandhi Institute of Pharmacy Curriculum of M. Pharmacy (Pharmaceutics-MPH) Program (Revised as on 01 August 2023) Semester-II

Course Code: Course Title:	MPH 203T Computer Aided Drug Delivery System					
Pre-requisite:	This course is designed to impart knowledge on the area of advances in novel drug delivery systems.					
Rationale/Objectives:	 Upon completion of this course it is expected that students will be able to understand History of Computers in Pharmaceutical Research and Development. Computational Modeling of Drug Disposition. Computers in Preclinical Development. Optimization Techniques in Pharmaceutical Formulation. Computers in Market Analysis. Computers in Clinical Development. Artificial Intelligence (AI) and Robotics. 					

• Computational fluid dynamics (CFD).

Course Outcomes:

CO-MPH 203T-1: History of Computers in Pharmaceutical Research and Development and Computational Modeling of Drug Disposition.

CO-MPH 203T-2: Computers in Preclinical Development.

CO-MPH 203T-3: Optimization Techniques in Pharmaceutical Formulation Computers in Market Analysis.

CO-MPH 203T-4: Computers in Clinical Development Artificial Intelligence (AI) and Robotics. **CO-MPH 203T-5:** Computational fluid dynamics (CFD).

Scheme of Studies

			Total Number of contact hours/Week						
Course code	Title of the course	course Name Instruction (A) Practical		Practical	SW	SL	Total Hours (H)	Credit	
			Lecture	(P)	511	5L			
MPH 203T	Computer Aided Drug Delivery System	M. Pharmacy	4	-	1	1	6	4	

Legend: CI: Class room Instruction (Includes different instructional strategies i.e. Lecture (L) and Tutorial (T) and others,

LI: Laboratory Instruction (Includes Practical performances in laboratory workshop, field or other locations using different instructional strategies)

SW: Sessional Work (includes assignment, seminar, and mini project etc.),

SL: Self Learning, Credits.

Note: SW& SL has to be planned and performed under the continuous guidance and feedback of teacher to ensure outcome of Learning

Theory Assessment

		Inter	Total					
Course Code	Course	Continuous Sessional Exams Mode		Total	Marks	Duration	Marks (A+B)	
Couc		Wout	Marks	Duration	Iotai	Will Kö	Duration	
MPH 203T	Computer Aided Drug Delivery System	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3Hrs.	100

Guidelines for the allotment of marks for attendance

Percentage of Attendance	Theory	Practical
95–100	8	10
90–94	6	7.5
85–89	4	5
80-84	2	2.5
Less than 80	0	0

Course-Curriculum Detailing:

This course syllabus illustrates the expected learning achievements, both at the course and session levels, which students are anticipated to accomplish through various modes of instruction including Classroom Instruction (CI), Laboratory Instruction (LI), Sessional Work (SW), and Self Learning (SL). As the course progresses, students should showcase their mastery of Session Outcomes (SOs), culminating in the overall achievement of Course Outcomes (COs) upon the course's conclusion.

Unit I

CO-MPH 203T-1: History of Computers in Pharmaceutical Research and Development and Computational Modeling of Drug Disposition.

Item	Approx Hrs
Lecture	12
Practical (P)	0
SW	2
SL	2
Total	16

Session Outcomes (SOs)	Laboratory Instruction (LI)	Classroom Instruction (CI)	Self Learning (SL)
Theory	NA	1.1: A General Overview: History	1.1: Study of
		of Computers in Pharmaceutical	Computers in
SO1.1: Computers		Research and Development	Pharmaceutical
in Pharmaceutical		1.2: Statistical modeling in	Research and
Research and Development		Pharmaceutical research and	Development
Development		development	1.2: Descriptive
SO1.2: Quality-by-		1.3: Descriptive versus	versus Mechanistic
Design In		Mechanistic Modeling	Modeling
Pharmaceutical		1.4: Statistical Parameters	
Development		1.5: Estimation	
		1.6: Confidence Regions	
		1.7: Nonlinearity at the Optimum,	
		Sensitivity Analysis	
		1.8: Optimal Design, Population	
		Modeling	
		1.9: Quality-by-Design In	
		Pharmaceutical Development:	
		Introduction	
		1.10: ICH Q8 guideline	
		1.11: Regulatory and industry	
		views on QbD	
		1.12: Scientifically based QbD -	
		examples of applications	

Suggested Assignments:

Explain statistical modeling in pharmaceutical research and development.
 Write descriptive versus mechanistic Modeling.

Unit II CO-MPH 203T-2: Computers in Preclinical Development.

Item	Approx Hrs
Lecture	12
Practical (P)	0
SW	2
SL	2
Total	16

Session Outcomes (SOs)	Laboratory Instruction (LI)	Classroom Instruction (CI)	Self Learning (SL)
Theory	NA	2.1: Drug Absorption	2.1: Study of Active
		2.2: Solubility	Transport; P-gp, BCRP,
SO2.1: Computational		2.3: Intestinal Permeation	Nucleoside Transporters.
Modeling Of Drug		2.4: Drug Distribution	2.2: hPEPT1, ASBT,
Disposition: Introduction,		2.5: Drug Excretion	OCT, OATP, BBB-
Modeling Techniques		2.6: Active Transport	Choline Transporter.
		2.7: P-gp	
		2.8: BCRP	
		2.9: Nucleoside Transporters	
		2.10: hPEPT1	
		2.11: ASBT, OCT, OATP	
		2.12: BBB-Choline	
		Transporter	

- 1. Explain Drug Absorption, Solubility, Intestinal Permeation, and Drug Distribution.
- 2. Write the following terms-hPEPT1, ASBT, OCT, OATP, BBB-Choline Transporter.

Unit III CO-MPH 203T-3: Optimization Techniques in Pharmaceutical Formulation Computers in Market Analysis.

Item	Approx Hrs
Lecture	12
Practical (P)	0
SW	2
SL	3
Total	17

Session Outcomes (SOs)	Laboratory Instruction (LI)	Classroom Instruction (CI)	Self Learning (SL)
Theory	NA	3.1: Computer-aided formulation	3.1: Study of
		development	Computer-aided
SO3.1:		3.2: Concept of optimization	formulation
Computer-aided		3.3: Optimization parameters	development
formulation		3.4: Factorial design,	3.2: Factorial design,
development		3.5: Optimization technology	Optimization
		3.6: Screening design	technology &
		3.7: Computers in Pharmaceutical	Screening design
		Formulation	3.3: Computers in
		3.8: Development of pharmaceutical emulsions	Market analysis
		3.9: Micro emulsion drug carriers Legal	
		Protection of Innovative Uses of	
		Computers in R&D	
		3.10: The Ethics of Computing in	
		Pharmaceutical Research	
		3.11: Computers in Market analysis	
		3.12: Computer-aided drug	
		development with different technoques	

Suggested Assignments:

1. Write note on factorial design, optimization technology & screening design.

2. Give note on computers in market analysis.

Unit IV

CO-MPH 203T-4: Computers in Clinical Development Artificial Intelligence (AI) and Robotics.

Item	Approx Hrs
Lecture	12
Practical (P)	0
SW	2
SL	2
Total	16

Session Outcomes (SOs)	Laboratory Instruction (LI)	Classroom Instruction (CI)	Self Learning (SL)		
Theory	NA	4.1: Gastrointestinal absorption	4.1: Study of Computer		
		simulation	Simulations in		
SO4.1: Computer-		4.2: Introduction	Pharmacokinetics and		
aided		4.3: Theoretical background	Pharmacodynamics:		
biopharmaceutical		4.4: Model construction	Introduction, Computer		
characterization		4.5: Parameter sensitivity analysis,	4.2: Simulation: Whole		
		Virtual trial, Fed	Organism, Isolated		
SO4.2: Computer		4.6: Fasted state, In vitro	Tissues, Organs, Cell,		
Simulations in		dissolution and in vitro in vivo	Proteins and Genes		
Pharmacokinetics and		correlation, Biowaiver			
Pharmacodynamics:		considerations			
Introduction,		4.7: Computer Simulations in			
Computer Simulation		Pharmacokinetics and			
		Pharmacodynamics: Introduction			
SO4.3: Computers in		4.8: Computer Simulation: Whole			
Clinical Development		Organism, Isolated Tissues			
		4.9: Organs, Cell, Proteins and			
		Genes			
		4.10: Computers in Clinical			
		Development			
		4.11: Clinical Data Collection and			
		Management			
		4.12: Regulation of Computer			
		Systems			

- 1. Explain gastrointestinal absorption simulation.
- 2. Write note on computer simulation: whole organism, isolated tissues.

Unit V CO-MPH 203T-5: Computational fluid dynamics (CFD).

Item	Approx Hrs
Lecture	12
Practical (P)	0
SW	2
SL	3
Total	17

Session Outcomes (SOs)	Laboratory Instruction (LI)	Classroom Instruction (CI)	Self Learning (SL)	
Theory	NA	5.1: Introduction to Artificial	5.1: Study of General	
		Intelligence	overview of	
SO5.1: Artificial		5.2: Brief history of AI	Pharmaceutical	
Intelligence (AI),		5.3: Goal & techniques of AI	Automation &	
Robotics and		5.4: Applications of AI in	Pharmaceutical	
Computational fluid		pharmaceuticals	applications	
dynamics		5.5: Programming without &	5.2: Advantages and	
		with AI in pharmaceuticals	Disadvantages	
		5.6: General overview	5.3: Current Challenges	
		5.7: Pharmaceutical Automation	and Future Directions	
		5.8: Pharmaceutical applications		
		5.9: Pharmaceutical Advantages		
		5.10: Pharmaceutical		
		Disadvantages		
		5.11: Current Challenges		
		5.12: Future Directions		

- 1. Explain pharmaceutical applications.
- 2. Write current challenges and future directions.

Brief of Hours suggested for the Course Outcome

Course Outcomes	Class Lecture (Cl)	(LI)	Sessional Work (SW)	Self Learning (Sl)	Total Hour (Cl+SW+ Sl+LI)
CO-MPH 203T-1: History of Computers in Pharmaceutical Research and Development and Computational Modeling of Drug Disposition.	12	0	2	2	16
CO-MPH 203T-2: Computers in Preclinical Development.	12	0	2	2	16
CO-MPH203T-3:OptimizationTechniquesinPharmaceuticalFormulationComputersinMarketAnalysis.Analysis.AnalysisAnalysis	12	0	2	3	17
CO-MPH203T-4:Computers inClinicalDevelopmentArtificialIntelligence (AI) and Robotics.	12	0	2	2	16
CO-MPH 203T-5: Computational fluid dynamics (CFD).	12	0	2	3	17
Total Hours	60	0	10	12	82

Suggestion for End Semester Assessment

Course Outcome	Unit Title	Mar	ks Distri	bution	Total			
Course Outcome	Onit Title	Α	С	Ε	Marks			
CO-MPH 203T-1:	History of Computers in Pharmaceutical Research and Development and Computational Modeling of Drug Disposition.	08	06	01	15			
СО-МРН 203Т-2:	Computers in Preclinical Development	12	07	01	20			
СО-МРН 203Т-3:	Optimization Techniques in Pharmaceutical Formulation Computers in Market Analysis.	08	06	02	16			
СО-МРН 203Т-4:	ComputersinClinicalDevelopmentArtificialIntelligence (AI) and Robotics	10	02	03	15			
СО-МРН 203Т-5:	Computational fluid dynamics (CFD)	20	09	05	34			
Total 58 30 12								
Le	Legend: A: Analyze, C: Create, E: Evaluate							

Suggested Specification Table (For ESA)

The end of semester assessment for Computer Aided Drug Delivery System will be held with written examination of 75 marks.

Note. Detailed Assessment rubric need to be prepared by the course wise teachers for above tasks. Teachers can also design different tasks as per requirement, for end semester assessment.

Suggested Instructional/Implementation Strategies:

- 1. Improved Lecture
- 2. Tutorial
- 3. Case Method
- 4. Group Discussion
- 5. Role Play
- 6. Demonstration
- 7. ICTBasedTeachingLearning(VideoDemonstration/TutorialsCBT,Blog, Facebook,Twitter,Whatsapp,Mobile,Onlinesources)
- 8. Brainstorming.

Suggested Learning Resources:

S. No.	Title	Author	Publisher	Edition & Year
1	Computer Applications in Pharmaceutical Research and Development.	John Wiley & Sons	Sean Ekins	2006
2	Computer-Aided Applications in Pharmaceutical Technology.	Jelena Djuris	Woodhead Publishing	1st Edition
3	Encyclopedia of Pharmaceutical Technology.	James Swarbrick, James.	G.Boylan, Marcel Dekker Inc, New York.	Vol 13, 1996.

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Course Outcome & Program Outcome Mapping

Course Outcome	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4
	Scientific Knowledge	Technological Application	Modern tool usage	Entrepreneur ship	Practical Skill	Applied Science	Computational and Statistical methodologies	Pharmaceutical Ethics	Environment and sustainability	Life-long learning	Formulation strategies	Emerging science	Computational literacy	Pharmaceutical regulations
CO-MPH 203T-1:PharmaceuticalResearchandDevelopment	3	2	3	1	3	2	1	3	2	3	3	2	3	1
CO-MPH 203T-2: Preclinical Development	2	2	3	2	1	3	2	2	1	3	2	3	2	2
CO-MPH 203T-3: Pharmaceutical Formulation	1	2	1	3	3	2	3	3	2	2	2	3	3	1
CO-MPH 203T-4: Clinical Development	2	1	3	2	2	3	2	2	2	3	1	2	3	2
CO-MPH 203T-5: Computational fluid dynamics	3	2	2	1	3	2	3	3	1	2	2	2	3	3

Legend: 1- Low, 2-Medium, 3-High

Course Curriculum Mapping

POs & PSOs No.	Cos No. & Title	SOs No.	Class Room Instructions	Laboratory Instructions	Self learning
POs:1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10 PSOs:1,2,3,4	CO-MPH 203T-1: History of Computers in Pharmaceutical Research	SO1.1 SO1.2	1.1,1.2,1.3,1.4,1.5,1.6,1.7 ,1.8,1.9,1.10,1.11,1.12	-	SL-1.1 SL-1.2
	and Development and Computational Modeling of Drug Disposition.				
POs:1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10	CO-MPH 203T-2: Computers in Preclinical	SO2.1	2.1,2.2,2.3,2.4,2.5,2.6,2.7 ,2.8,2.9,2.10,2.11,2.12		SL-2.1 SL-2.2
PSOs:1,2,3,4	Development.				
POs:1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10	CO-MPH 203T-3:		3.1,3.2,3.3,3.4,3.5,3.6,3.7		SL-3.1
	Optimization Techniques in	SO3.1	,3.8		SL-3.2
PSOs:1,2,3,4	Pharmaceutical	505.1			SL-3.3
	Formulation Computers in				
	Market Analysis.				
POs:1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10	CO-MPH 203T-4:	SO4.1	4.1,4.2,4.3,4.4,4.5,4.6,4.7		SL-4.1
	Computers in Clinical	SO4.2	,4.8,4.9,4.10,4.11,4.12		SL-4.2
PSOs:1,2,3,4	Development Artificial	SO4.3			
	Intelligence (AI) and				
	Robotics.				GL 5 1
POs:1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10	СО-МРН 203Т-5:	SO5.1	5.1,5.2,5.3,5.4,5.5,5.6,5.7		SL-5.1
DC0-1224	Computational fluid	505.1			SL-5.2
PSOs:1,2,3,4	dynamics (CFD).				SL-5.3



AKS University

Faculty of Pharmaceutical Science & Technology Rajiv Gandhi Institute of Pharmacy Curriculum of M. Pharmacy (Pharmaceutics-MPH) Program (Revised as on 01 August 2023) Semester-II

Course Code: Course Title:	MPH 204T Cosmetics and Cosmeceuticals						
Pre-requisite:	This course is designed to impart knowledge on the area of advances in novel drug delivery systems.						
Rationale/Objectives:	 Upon completion of the course, the students shall be able to understand Key ingredients used in cosmetics and cosmeceuticals. Key building blocks for various formulations. Current technologies in the market Various key ingredients and basic science to develop cosmetics and cosmeceuticals. Scientific knowledge to develop cosmetics and cosmeceuticals with desired safety, stability and efficacy. 						

Course Outcomes:

CO-MPH 204T-1: Key ingredients used in cosmetics and cosmeceuticals.

CO-MPH 204T-2: Key building blocks for various formulations.

CO-MPH 204T-3: Current technologies in the market.

CO-MPH 204T-4: Various key ingredients and basic science to develop cosmetics and cosmeceuticals.

CO-MPH 204T-5: Scientific knowledge to develop cosmetics and cosmeceuticals with desired safety, stability and efficacy.

Scheme of Studies

		Total Number of contact hours/Week						
Course	Title of the	Program	Classroom Instruction (A)	Ducation		GT	Total	
code	course	Name	Lecture	Practical (P)	SW	SL	Hours (H)	Credit
MPH 204T	Cosmetics and Cosmeceuticals	M. Pharmacy	4	0	1	1	6	4

Legend: CI: Class room Instruction (Includes different instructional strategies i.e. Lecture (L) and Tutorial (T) and others

LI: Laboratory Instruction (Includes Practical performances in laboratory workshop, field or other locations using different instructional strategies)

SW: Sessional Work (includes assignment, seminar, and mini project etc.)

SL: Self Learning, Credits

Note: SW & SL has to be planned and performed under the continuous guidance and feedback of teacher to ensure outcome of Learning

Theory Assessment

Course		Inte	ernal Asses	sment (A)	End S Exa	Total		
Code	Course	Continuous	Sessional Exams		Total	Marks	Duration	Marks (A+B)
		Mode	Marks	Duration				(A+D)
MPH 204T	Cosmetics and Cosmeceuticals	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100

Guidelines for the allotment of marks for attendance

Percentage of Attendance	Theory	Practical
95–100	8	10
90–94	6	7.5
85–89	4	5
80–84	2	2.5
Less than 80	0	0

Course-Curriculum Detailing:

This course syllabus illustrates the expected learning achievements, both at the course and session levels, which students are anticipated to accomplish through various modes of instruction including Classroom Instruction (CI), Laboratory Instruction (LI), Sessional Work (SW), and Self Learning (SL). As the course progresses, students should showcase their mastery of Session Outcomes (SOs), culminating in the over all achievement of Course Outcomes (COs) upon the course's conclusion.

Unit I CO-MPH 204T-1: Key ingredients used in cosmetics and cosmeceuticals.

Item	Approx Hrs
Lecture	12
Practical (P)	0
SW	2
SL	2
Total	16

Session Outcomes (SOs)	Laboratory Instruction (LI)	Classroom Instruction (CI)	Self Learning (SL)
Theory	NA	1.1: Introduction to Cosmetics	1.1: Study of
		1.2: Cosmetics – Regulatory:	Cosmetics – Regulatory
SO1.1: Cosmetics –		Definition of cosmetic products	: Definition of cosmetic
Regulatory		as per Indian regulation	products as per Indian
		1.3: Indian regulatory	regulation
		requirements for labeling of	1.2: Regulatory
		cosmetics	provisions
		1.4: Regulatory provisions	relating to manufacture
		relating to import of cosmetics	of cosmetics
		1.5: Misbranded and spurious	
		cosmetics	
		1.6: Regulatory provisions	
		relating to manufacture of	
		cosmetics	
		1.7: Conditions for obtaining	
		license.	
		1.8: loan license	
		1.9: Offences and penalties	
		1.10: Prohibition of	
		manufacture	
		1.11: Sale of certain cosmetics	
		1.12: loan license, offences and	
		penalties	

- 1. Give note on prohibition of manufacture and sale of certain cosmetics, loan license, offences and penalties.
- 2. Explain regulatory provisions relating to manufacture of cosmetics.

Unit II CO-MPH 204T-2: Key building blocks for various formulations.

Item	Approx Hrs
Lecture	12
Practical (P)	0
SW	2
SL	2
Total	16

Session Outcomes (SOs)	Laboratory Instruction (LI)	Classroom Instruction (CI) Self Learnin (SL)		
Theory	NA	2.1: Cosmetics - Biological aspects	2.1: Study of	
		2.2: Structure of skin relating to	Cosmetics-	
SO2.1: Cosmetics –		problems like dry skin	Biological aspects	
Biological aspects		2.3: Acne	2.2: Structure of	
		2.4: Pigmentation & Prickly heat	hair and hair	
		2.5: Wrinkles, and body odor	growth cycle.	
		2.6: Structure of hair and hair growth	Common problems	
		cycle	associated with oral	
		2.7: Common problems associated	cavity	
		with oral cavity		
		2.8: Cleansing and care needs for face		
		2.9: Eye lids, lips		
		2.10: Hands, feet		
		2.11: Nail, scalp		
		2.12: Neck, body and under-arm		

- 1. Explain common problems associated with oral cavity.
- 2. Explain structure of hair and hair growth cycle. Common problems associated with oral cavity.

Unit III **CO-MPH 204T-3**: Current technologies in the market.

Item	Approx Hrs
Lecture	12
Practical (P)	0
SW	2
SL	2
Total	16

Session Outcomes (SOs)	Laboratory Instruction (LI)	Classroom Instruction (CI)	Self Learning (SL)
Theory	NA	3.1: Formulation Building blocks:	3.1: Study of
		Building blocks for different product	Building blocks for
SO3.1: Formulation		formulations of	different product
building blocks		cosmetics/cosmeceuticals	formulations of
		3.2: Surfactants – Classification and	cosmetics/
		application	cosmeceuticals
		3.3: Emollients	3.2: Emollients,
		3.4: Rheological additives	rheological additives
		3.5: Classification and application	
		3.6: Antimicrobial used as	
		preservatives	
		3.7: Their merits and demerits	
		3.8: Factors affecting microbial	
		preservative efficacy	
		3.9: Building blocks for formulation	
		of a moisturizing cream	
		3.10: Vanishing cream, cold cream,	
		shampoo and toothpaste. Soaps and	
		syndetbars	
		3.11: Perfumes; Classification of	
		perfumes. Perfume ingredients listed	
		as allergens in EU regulation	
		3.12: Controversial ingredients:	
		Parabens, formaldehyde liberators,	
		dioxane	

- Suggested Assignments:1. Write the factors affecting microbial preservative efficacy.2. Give note on emollients & rheological additives.

Unit IV

CO-MPH 204T-4: Various key ingredients and basic science to develop cosmetics and cosmeceuticals.

Item	Approx Hrs
Lecture	12
Practical (P)	0
SW	2
SL	2
Total	16

Session Outcomes (SOs)	Laboratory Instruction (LI)	Classroom Instruction (CI)	Self Learning (SL)
Theory	NA	4.1: Design of cosmeceuticals	4.1: Study of Design
		products: Sun protection	of cosmeceuticals
SO4.1: Design of		4.2: Sunscreens classification	products: Sun
cosmeceuticals		4.3: Regulatory aspects of	protection
products		cosmeceutical products	4.2: Sunscreens
		4.4: Addressing dry skin, acne	classification and
		4.5: Sun-protection	regulatory aspects
		4.6: Pigmentation	
		4.7: Prickly heat	
		4.8: Wrinkles, body odor	
		4.9: Dandruff, dental cavities	
		4.10: Bleeding gums	
		4.11: Mouth odor	
		4.12: Sensitive teeth through	
		cosmeceuticals formulations	

- 1. Given short description on sunscreens classification and regulatory aspects.
- 2. Explain gums, mouth odor and sensitive teeth through cosmeceuticals formulations.

Unit V

CO-MPH 204T-5: Scientific knowledge to develop cosmetics and cosmeceuticals with desired safety, stability and efficacy.

Item	Approx Hrs
Lecture	12
Practical (P)	0
SW	2
SL	2
Total	16

Session Outcomes (SOs)	Laboratory Instruction (LI)	Classroom Instruction (CI)	Self Learning (SL)
Theory	NA	5.1: Introduction to Herbal Cosmetics	5.1: Study of Herbal
SO5.1: Herbal		5.2: Types according to site of	cosmetics5.2: Study of Review of
cosmetics		applications 5.3: Guidelines for using herbs 5.4: Herbal ingredients used in Hair care 5.5: Skin care	guidelines for herbal cosmetics by private bodies like cosmos with respect to preservatives
		5.6: Oral care5.7: Review of guidelines for herbal cosmetics by private bodies like cosmos with respect to preservatives	
		 5.8: Emollients 5.9: Foaming agents 5.10: Emulsifiers and rheology modifiers 5.11: Challenges in formulating 	
		herbal cosmetics 5.12: Evaluation of finished product	

- 1. Explain emulsifiers and rheology modifiers.
- 2. Write challenges in formulating herbal cosmetics.

Brief of Hours suggested for the Course Outcome

Course Outcomes	Class Lecture (Cl)	(LI)	Sessional Work (SW)	Self Learning (Sl)	Total Hour (Cl+SW+ Sl+LI)
CO-MPH 204T-1: Key				· ·	
ingredients used in cosmetics and cosmeceuticals.	12	0	2	2	16
CO-MPH 204T-2: Key building					
blocks for various formulations.	12	0	2	2	16
CO-MPH 204T-3: Current					
technologies in the market.	12	0	2	2	16
CO-MPH 204T-4:Various keyingredients and basic science todevelopcosmeticsand	12	0	2	2	16
cosmeceuticals.					
CO-MPH 204T-5: Scientific knowledge to develop cosmetics and cosmeceuticals with desired Safety, stability, and efficacy.	12	0	2	2	16
Total Hours	60	0	10	10	80

Suggestion for End Semester Assessment

Course Outcome	Unit Title	Marks Distribution			Total
Course Outcome	Omt Hue	Α	С	Е	Marks
СО-МРН 204Т-1:	Key ingredients used in cosmetics and cosmeceuticals.	08	06	01	15
СО-МРН 204Т-2:	Key building blocks for various formulations.	12	07	01	20
СО-МРН 204Т-3:	Current technologies in the market.	08	06	02	16
СО-МРН 204Т-4:	Various key ingredients and basic science to develop cosmetics and cosmeceuticals.	10	02	03	15
СО-МРН 204Т-5:	Scientific knowledge to develop cosmetics and cosmeceuticals with desired Safety, stability, and efficacy.	20	09	05	34
	Total	58	30	12	100

Suggested Specification Table (For ESA)

Legend: A: Analyze, C: Create, E: Evaluate

The end of semester assessment for Cosmetics and Cosmeceuticals will be held with written examination of 75 marks.

Note: Detailed Assessment rubric need to be prepared by the course wise teachers for above tasks. Teachers can also design different tasks as per requirement, for end semester assessment.

Suggested Instructional/Implementation Strategies:

- 1. Improved Lecture
- 2. Tutorial
- 3. Case Method
- 4. Group Discussion
- 5. Role Play
- 6. Demonstration
- 7. ICTBasedTeachingLearning(VideoDemonstration/TutorialsCBT, Blog,Facebook,Twitter,Whatsapp,Mobile,Onlinesources)
- 8. Brainstorming.

Suggested Learning Resources:

S. No.	Title	Author	Publisher	Edition & Year
1	Harry's Cosmeticology	Meyer R. Rosen,	Editor-in-Chief President, Interactive Consulting Inc.	Ninth Edition The three-volume Friday, July 5, 2019
2	Poucher'sperfume cosmetics and Soaps	W.A. Poucher.	Join thousands of researchers worldwide that have published their work in one of our 3,000+ Springer Nature journals.	January 2022 was the 10th edition.
3	Handbook of cosmetic science and Technology	A.O.Barel, M.Paye and H.I. Maibach	Boca Raton	3 rd edition 6 December 1984

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Course Outcome & Program Outcome Mapping

Course Outcome	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4
	Scientific Knowledge	Technological Application	Modern tool usage	Entrepreneur ship	Practical Skill	Applied Science	Computational and Statistical methodologies	Pharmaceutical Ethics	Environment and sustainability	Life-long learning	Formulation strategies	Emerging science	Computational literacy	Pharmaceutical regulations
CO-MPH 204T-1: Cosmetics and Cosmeceuticals	3	2	3	1	3	2	1	3	2	3	3	2	3	1
CO-MPH 204T-2: Various formulations	2	2	3	2	1	3	2	2	1	3	2	3	2	2
CO-MPH 204T-3: Current technologies	1	2	1	3	3	2	3	3	2	2	2	3	3	1
CO-MPH 204T-4: Ingredients and basic science	2	1	3	2	2	3	2	2	2	3	1	2	3	2
CO-MPH 204T-5: Safety, stability and efficacy	3	2	2	1	3	2	3	3	1	2	2	2	3	3

Legend: 1- Low, 2-Medium, 3-High

Course Curriculum Mapping

POs & PSOs No.	COs No. & Title	SOs No.	Class Room Instructions	Laboratory Instructions	Self learning
POs:1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10	СО-МРН 204Т-1:	SO1.1	1.1,1.2,1.3,1.4,1.5,1.6,		SI-1.1
PSOs:1,2,3,4	Key ingredients used in cosmetics and cosmeceuticals.		1.7,1.8,1.9,1.10		SI-1.2
POs:1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10	СО-МРН 204Т-2:	SO2.1	2.1,2.2,2.3,2.4,2.5,2.6,		SL-2.1
PSOs:1,2,3,4	Key building blocks for various formulations.		2.7,2.8,2.9,2.10,2.11,2 .12,2.13		SL-2.2
POs:1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10	СО-МРН 204Т-3:	SO3.1	3.1,3.2,3.3,3.4,3.5,3.6,		SL-3.1
PSOs:1,2,3,4	Current technologies in the market.		3.7,3.8,3.9,3.10,3.11,3 .12		SL-3.2
POs:1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10	СО-МРН 204Т-4:	SO4.1	4.1,4.2,4.3,4.4,4.5,4.6,		SL-4.1
PSOs:1,2,3,4	Various key ingredients and basic science to develop cosmetics and cosmeceuticals.		4.7,4.8,4.9,4.10,4.11		SL-4.2
POs:1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10	CO-MPH 204T-5:	SO5.1	5.1,5.2,5.3,5.4,5.5,5.6,		SL-5.1
	Scientific knowledge to		5.7,5.8,5.9		SL-5.2
PSOs:1,2,3,4	develop cosmetics and cosmeceuticals with desired Safety, stability, and efficacy.				



A K S University Faculty of Pharmaceutical Science & Technology Rajiv Gandhi Institute of Pharmacy Curriculum of M. Pharmacy (Pharmaceutics-MPH) Program (Revised as on 01 August 2023)

Semester-II

Course Code:	MPH 205P
Course Title:	Pharmaceutics Practical - II

Practical Assessment

Course Code	Course	Internal Assessment (A)				emester ms (B)	Total Marks	
		Continuous Mode	Sessional Exams		Total	Marks	Duration	(A+B)
			Marks	Duration				
MPH 205P	Pharmaceutics Practical - II	20	30	6 Hrs	50	100	6 Hrs	150

S. No.	List of Practicals
1.	To study the effect of temperature change, non solvent addition, incompatible polymer addition in
	microcapsules preparation.
2.	Preparation and evaluation of Alginate beads.
3.	Formulation and evaluation of gelatin /albumin microspheres.
4.	Formulation and evaluation of liposomes/niosomes.
5.	Formulation and evaluation of spherules.
6.	Improvement of dissolution characteristics of slightly soluble drug by Solid dispersion technique.
7.	Comparison of dissolution of two different marketed products /brands.
8.	Protein binding studies of a highly protein bound drug & poorly protein bound drug.
9.	Bioavailability studies of Paracetamol in animals.
10.	Pharmacokinetic and IVIVC data analysis by Winnoline ^R software.
11.	In vitro cell studies for permeability and metabolism.
12.	DoE Using Design Expert® Software.
13.	Formulation data analysis Using Design Expert® Software.
14.	Quality-by-Design in Pharmaceutical Development.
15.	Computer Simulations in Pharmacokinetics and Pharmacodynamics.
16.	Computational Modeling Of Drug Disposition.
17.	To develop Clinical Data Collection manual.
18.	To carry out Sensitivity Analysis, and Population Modeling.
19.	Development and evaluation of Creams.
20.	Development and evaluation of Shampoo and Toothpaste base.
21.	To incorporate herbal and chemical actives to develop products.
22.	To address Dry skin, acne, blemish, Wrinkles, bleeding gums and dandruff.



AKS University

Faculty of Pharmaceutical Science & Technology Rajiv Gandhi Institute of Pharmacy Curriculum of M. Pharmacy (Pharmaceutics-MPH) Program (Revised as on 01 August 2023) Semester-III

Course Code:	MRM 301T
Course Title:	Research Methodology & Biostatistics
Pre-requisite:	Awareness of ethical guidelines related to human and animal research is necessary. Students should know how to search for scientific literature using databases like Pub Med, Scopus, or Google Scholar. Students should have Basic Pharmacology Knowledge.
Rationale/Objectives:	Research methodology equips students with critical skills needed for scientific inquiry. It empowers them to contribute to the field of pharmacology by conducting rigorous studies.
	Career Relevance: Understanding research methods is crucial for future pharmacists, researchers, and academics. It prepares them for evidence-based practice and scholarly work.

Course Outcomes:

CO-MRM 301-1: Understand General Research Methodology.

CO-MRM 301-2: Evaluation of Biostatistics: Definition, application, sample size, importance of sample size, factors influencing sample size, dropouts, (students "t" test, ANOVA, Correlation coefficient, regression), null hypothesis.

CO-MRM 301-3: Analysis of Medical Research: History, values in medical ethics, autonomy, beneficence, non-maleficence, double effect, conflicts between autonomy and beneficence/non-maleficence, euthanasia.

CO-MRM 301-4: Understand CPCSEA guidelines for laboratory animal facility.

CO-MRM 301-5: Understand Declaration of Helsinki: History, introduction, basic principles for all medical research, and additional principles for medical research combined with medical care.

Scheme of Studies

			Total Number of contact hours/Week					
Course code	Title of the course	Program Name	Class room Instruction (A)	Practical	GW	SL	Total Hours	Credit
code			Lecture	(P)	SW		(H)	
MRM 101T	Research Methodology & Biostatistics	M. Pharmacy	4	-	1	1	6	4

Legend: CI: Class room Instruction (Includes different instructional strategies i.e. Lecture (L) and Tutorial (T) and others

LI: Laboratory Instruction (Includes Practical performances in laboratory workshop, field or other locations using different instructional strategies)

SW: Sessional Work (includes assignment, seminar, and mini project etc.)

SL: Self Learning, Credits

Note: SW& SL has to be planned and performed under the continuous guidance and feedback of teacher to ensure outcome of Learning

Theory Assessment

		Inter	End S Exa	Total				
Course Code	Course	Continuous Mode	Session	al Exams	Total	Marks	Duration	Marks (A+B)
		Mode	Marks	Duration	Total	IVIAIKS	Duration	(A+D)
MRM 101T	Research Methodology & Biostatistics	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3Hrs.	100

Guidelines for the allotment of marks for attendance

Percentage of Attendance	Theory	Practical
95–100	8	10
90–94	6	7.5
85–89	4	5
80–84	2	2.5
Less than 80	0	0

Course-Curriculum Detailing:

This course syllabus illustrates the expected learning achievements, both at the course and session levels, which students are anticipated to accomplish through various modes of instruction including Classroom Instruction (CI), Laboratory Instruction (LI), Sessional Work (SW), and Self Learning (SL). As the course progresses, students should showcase their mastery of Session Outcomes (SOs), culminating in the overall achievement of Course Outcomes (COs) upon the course's conclusion.

Unit I

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CO-MRM 301-1: Understand General Research Methodology.

Item	Approx Hrs
Lecture	10
Practical (P)	0
SW	3
SL	3
Total	16

Session Outcomes (SOs)	Laboratory Instruction (LI)	Classroom Instruction (CI)	Self Learning (SL)
TheorySO1.1:UnderstandGeneralResearchMethodology:Research,objective,requirements,practical difficultiesSO1.2:Understandreviewofliterature,studydesign,typesofstudiesSO1.3:ToLearndosagestrategiestoerrors/bias,controls,randomizationSO1.4:Understandscrossoverdesign,placebo,blindingtechniques	NA	 1.1: General Research Methodology: Research 1.2: Objective, requirements 1.3: Practical difficulties 1.4: Review of literature 1.5: Study design, types of studies 1.6: Strategies to eliminate 1.7: Errors/bias, controls 1.8: Randomization 1.9: Crossover design 1.10: Placebo, blinding techniques 	 1.1: Different dosage of animal available in market 1.2: Different types of dosage and calculation 1.3: Types of studies

- 1. Write different animal species and different dose calculation.
- 2.
- What do you know about crossover design? Give note on general research methodology. 3.

Unit II

CO-MRM 301-2: Evaluation of Biostatistics: Definition, application, sample size, importance of sample size, factors influencing sample size.

Item	Approx Hrs
Lecture	09
Practical (P)	0
SW	4
SL	3
Total	16

Session Outcomes (SOs)	Laboratory Instruction (LI)	Classroom Instruction (CI)	Self Learning (SL)
Theory SO2.1: To Understand definition, application Sample size, importance of sample size SO2.2: Understand Factors influencing sample size, dropouts SO2.3: To statistical tests of significance analysis of variance, correlation, chi square test SO2.4: To understand Non-parametric tests (wilcoxan rank tests) SO2.5: To learn about null hypothesis, P values, degree of freedom, interpretation of P values	NA	 2.1: Definition, applications 2.2: Sample size, importance of sample size 2.3: Factors influencing sample size, dropouts 2.4: Statistical tests of significance 2.5: Analysis of variance, correlation, chi square test) 2.6: Non-parametric tests (wilcoxan rank tests) 2.7: Null hypothesis 2.8: P values, degree of freedom 2.9: Interpretation of P values 	2.1: Read research article2.2: Work in different software2.3: Importance of sample size

- 1. Differentiate null hypothesis and alternate hypothesis.
- 2. Write type of significance tests.
- 3. Give note on analysis of variance, correlation, chi square test.
- 4. Write note on importance of sample size.

Unit III

CO-MRM 301-3: Analysis of Medical Research: History, values in medical ethics, autonomy, beneficence, non-maleficence, double effect, conflicts between autonomy.

Item	Approx Hrs
Lecture	09
Practical (P)	0
SW	4
SL	3
Total	16

Session Outcomes	Laboratory	Classroom Instruction	Self Learning
(SOs)	Instruction	(CI)	(SL)
Theory SO3.1: To Understand definition, application Sample size, importance of sample size SO3.2: Understand Factors influencing sample size, dropouts SO3.3: To statistical tests of significance analysis of variance, correlation, chi square test SO3.4: To understand Non- parametric tests (wilcoxan rank tests) SO3.5: To learn about Null hypothesis, P values, degree of freedom, interpretation of P values	(LI)	 3.1: History, values in medical ethics, conflicts 3.2: Autonomy, Beneficence 3.3: Non-maleficence, double effect 3.4: Conflicts between autonomy and beneficence/non-maleficence 3.5: Euthanasia, informed consent, confidentiality 3.6: Criticisms of orthodox medical ethics, importance of communication 3.7: Control resolution, guidelines, ethics committees, cultural concerns 3.8: Truth telling, online business practices, conflicts of interest 3.9: Referral, vendor relationships, fatality 	 3.1: Different examples of conflict of interest 3.2: Learn about duplicate research 3.3: Values in medical ethics

- 1. Discuss the History, values in medical ethics.
- 2. Write conflicts between autonomy and beneficence/non-maleficence.
- 3. Give importance of communication.
- 4. Write different examples of conflict of interest.

Unit IV CO-MRM 301-4: Understand CPCSEA guidelines for laboratory animal facility.

Item	Approx Hrs
Lecture	09
Practical (P)	0
SW	4
SL	2
Total	15

Session Outcomes	Laboratory	Classroom Instruction	Self			
(SOs)	Instruction	(CI) Learnin				
	(LI)	(SL)				
Theory		4.1: Goals, veterinary care	4.1: Knowledge about			
		4.2: Quarantine, surveillance,	animal model			
SO4.1: To learn CPCSEA		diagnosis	4.2: Anatomy of			
guidelines for laboratory		4.3: Treatment and control of	different laboratory			
animal facility.		disease, personal hygiene	animals			
SO4.2: Understand		4.4: location of animal facilities to				
Quarantine, surveillance,		laboratories, anesthesia				
diagnosis, treatment and		4.5: Euthanasia, physical facilities,				
control of disease, personal		environment				
hygiene.		4.6: Animal husbandry, record				
SO4.3: To analyze 5		keeping				
Euthanasia, physical		4.7: SOPs				
facilities, environment.		4.8: Personnel and training				
SO4.4: To Understand SOPs,		4.9: Transport of lab animals				
personnel and training.						
SO4.5: To learn about						
Transport of lab animals.						

- 1. Note on CPCSEA guidelines for laboratory animal facility.
- 2. Write different aspect of transport of lab animal.
- 3. How to learn CPCSEA guidelines for laboratory animal facility.
- 4. Give note on animal husbandry, record keeping.

Unit V

CO-MPH 301-5: Understand Declaration of Helsinki: Basic principles for all medical research and additional principles for medical research combined with medical care.

Item	Approx Hrs
Lecture	04
Practical (P)	0
SW	4
SL	4
Total	12

Session Outcomes	Laboratory	Classroom Instruction	Self
(SOs)	Instruction	(CI)	Learning
	(LI)		(SL)
Theory		5.1: History	5.1: learn about
SO5.1: To learn CPCSEA		5.2: Introduction	biostatics
guidelines for laboratory		5.3: Basic principles for all	5.2: learn MS word
animal facility		medical research	5.3: learn MS office
SO5.2: Understand		5.4: Additional principles for	5.4: learn MS excel
History, introduction, basic		medical research combined	
principles for all medical		with medical care	
research			
SO5.3: To understand			
Additional principles for			
medical research combined			
with medical care			

- 1. Write note on basic principles for all medical research.
- 2. Explain declaration of helsinki.
- 3. Give note on principles for medical research combined with medical care.
- 4. How to learn CPCSEA guidelines for laboratory animal facility.

Brief of Hours suggested for the Course Outcome

Course Outcomes	Class Lecture (Cl)	(LI)	Sessional Work (SW)	Self Learning (Sl)	Total Hour (Cl+SW+ Sl+LI)
CO-MRM 301-1: Understand General Research Methodology.	10	0	3	3	16
CO-MRM301-2:Evaluation of Biostatistics:Definition,application,sample size,importance ofsample size.	09	0	4	3	16
CO-MRM 301-3: Analysis of Medical Research: History, values in medical ethics, autonomy, beneficence, non- maleficence, double effect, conflicts between autonomy.	09	0	4	3	16
CO-MRM301-4:UnderstandCPCSEAguidelinesforlaboratorylaboratoryanimal facility.	09	0	4	2	15
CO-MRM 301-5: Understand declaration of Helsinki: Basic principles for all medical research and additional principles for medical research combined with medical care.	04	0	4	4	12
Total Hours	41	0	19	15	75

Course Outcome	Unit Title	Mar	ks Distri	bution	Total
		Α	С	Ε	Marks
CO-MRM 101T-1:	Understand General Research Methodology.	08	09	03	20
CO-MRM 101T-2:	Evaluation of Biostatistics: Definition, application, sample size, importance of sample size, factors influencing sample size, dropouts, (students "t" test, ANOVA, Correlation coefficient, regression), null hypothesis.	09	08	03	20
CO-MRM 101T-3:	Analysis of Medical Research: History, values in medical ethics, autonomy, beneficence, non- maleficence, double effect, conflicts between autonomy and beneficence/non-maleficence, euthanasia.	08	09	03	20
CO-MRM 101T-4:	Understand CPCSEA guidelines for laboratory animal facility.	09	08	03	20
CO-MRM 101T-5:	Understand Declaration of Helsinki: History, introduction, basic principles for all medical research, and additional principles for medical research combined with medical care.	08	09	03	20
	Total	42	43	15	100

Suggested Specification Table (For ESA)

Legend: A: Analyze, C: create, E: Evaluate

The end of semester assessment for Research Methodology & Biostatistics will be held with written examination of 75 marks.

Note. Detailed Assessment rubric need to be prepared by the course wise teachers for above tasks.

Teachers can also design different tasks as per requirement, for end semester assessment.

Suggested Instructional/Implementation Strategies:

- 1. Improved Lecture
- 2. Tutorial
- 3. Case Method
- 4. Group Discussion
- 5. Role Play
- 6. Demonstration
- 7. ICTBasedTeachingLearning(VideoDemonstration/TutorialsCBT,Blog, Face book,Twitter,Whatsapp,Mobile,Onlinesources)
- 8. Brainstorming

Suggested Learning Resources:

S. No.	Title	Author	Publisher	Edition & Year
1	Research Methodology	C.R KOTHARI	New Age International Publishers	5 TH edition 2023
2	Research Methodology and Strategy: Theory and Practice	Patrick X.W. Zou Xiaoxiao Xu	John Wiley & Sons, Ltd.	First published: 2023

Curriculum Development Team:

- 1. Prof. S.P. Gupta, Director, Rajiv Gandhi Institute of Pharmacy, AKS University
- 2. Ms. Neha Goel, Associate Professor, Rajiv Gandhi Institute of Pharmacy, AKS University
- 3. Mr. Abu Tahir, Assistant professor, Rajiv Gandhi Institute of Pharmacy, AKS University

Course Outcome & Program Outcome Mapping

Course Outcome	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4
	Scientific Knowledge	Technological Application	Modern tool usage	Entrepreneur ship	Practical Skill	Applied Science	Computational and Statistical methodologies	Pharmaceutical Ethics	Environment and sustainability	Life-long learning	Formulation strategies	Emerging science	Computational literacy	Pharmaceutical regulations
CO-MRM 301T-1: Research Methodology	3	2	3	1	3	2	1	3	2	3	3	2	3	1
CO-MRM 301T-2: Evaluation of Biostatistics	2	2	3	2	1	3	2	2	1	3	2	3	2	2
CO-MRM 301T-3: Analysis of Medical Research	1	2	1	3	3	2	3	3	2	2	2	3	3	1
CO-MRM 301T-4: CPCSEA guidelines	2	1	3	2	2	3	2	2	2	3	1	2	3	2
CO-MRM 301T-5: Declaration of Helsinki	3	2	2	1	3	2	3	3	1	2	2	2	3	3

Legend: 1- Low, 2-Medium, 3-High

Course Curriculum Mapping

POs & PSOs No.	COs No. & Title	SOs No.	Class Room	Laboratory	Self
			Instructions	Instructions	learning
Pos:1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10	CO-MRM 301T-1:	SO1.1	1.1,1.2,1.3,1.4,1.5,		SI-1.1
	Understand General Research Methodology.	SO1.2	1.6,1.7,1.8,1.9,1.1		SI-1.2
PSOs:1,2,3,4		SO1.3	0		SI-1.3
		SO1.4			
Pos:1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10	CO-MRM 301T-2:	SO-2.1	2.1,2.2,2.3,2.4,2.5,		SI-2.1
	Evaluation of Biostatistics: Definition,	SO-2.2	2.6,2.7,2.8,2.9		SI-2.2
PSOs:1,2,3,4	application, sample size, importance of	SO-2.3			SI-2.3
	sample size, factors influencing sample	SO-2.4			
	size, dropouts, (students "t" test, ANOVA,	SO-2.5			
	Correlation coefficient, regression), null				
	hypothesis.				
Pos:1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10	CO-MRM 301T-3:	SO-3.1	3.1,3.2,3.3,3.4,3.5,		SI-3.1
	Analysis of Medical Research: History,	SO-3.2	3.6,3.7,3.8,3.9		SI-3.2
PSOs:1,2,3,4	values in medical ethics, autonomy,	SO-3.3			SI-3.3
	beneficence, non-maleficence, double	SO-3.4			
	effect, conflicts between autonomy and	SO-3.5			
	beneficence/non-maleficence, euthanasia.				
Pos:1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10	CO-MRM 301T-4:	SO-4.1	4.1,4.2,4.3,4.4,4.5,		SI-4.1
	Understand CPCSEA guidelines for	SO-4.2	4.6,4.7,4.8,4.9.		SI-4.2
PSOs:1,2,3,4	laboratory animal facility.	SO-4.3			
		SO-4.4			
		SO-4.5			
Pos:1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10	CO-MRM 301T-5:	SO-5.1	5.1,5.2,5.3,5.4.		SI-5.1
	Understand Declaration of Helsinki:	SO-5.2			SI-5.2
PSOs:1,2,3,4	History, introduction, basic principles for	SO-5.3			SI-5.3
	all medical research, and additional				SI-5.4
	principles for medical research combined				
	with medical care.				



AKS University

Faculty of Pharmaceutical Science & Technology Rajiv Gandhi Institute of Pharmacy Curriculum of M. Pharmacy (Pharmaceutics-MPH) Program (Revised as on 01 August 2023) Semester-III

Course Code: MPH302

Course Title: Journal Club

Every journal club presentation can be approached in this general format:

Introduction

Explain the clinical question that prompted you to consult the literature and what drew you to the article.

Who wrote the paper?

Consider the title of the paper, the authors and their affiliated institution(s). Are there any outstanding features, e.g. a first study of its kind, a well-known author or institution? What is the impact factor of the journal? What is the circulation (i.e. regional, national or international) and who is the readership? Try to ignore the abstract initially. Reading the author's stated conclusions before forming your own ideas about the validity of the paper may influence your appraisal.

The hypothesis

What is the research question? Is it well constructed? Does it observe the four basic components (PICO) of a good research question? Population – who was studied? Intervention – what was the intervention tested? Control – what was the alternative that the intervention was compared to? Outcome – what was the nature of the outcome measured?

Appraise the evidence base

Read the key references and related papers. What is already known on the subject? Is this correctly presented? Is the hypothesis correct? Is the question relevant and important in the context of the existing literature? What does the study contribute to the existing literature? The introduction will usually contain a statement validating the content of the article by placing it in the context of the wider literature. For example, 'Intervention 'x' has been shown to show significant reduction in patient group 'y'. However, no studies to date have assessed the effect of 'x' in patients with a history of 'z'.'

Study design

Consider the following: The study type is it appropriate to the research question and the subject under investigation, e.g. randomized controlled trial, case control, meta-analysis, cross-sectional, descriptive? The study population Can the results of the study are translated to the general population? Is the patient group representative of the normal population? If not, is this addressed in the text? Randomization how are the participants allocated into the groups? Bias this refers to a flaw in impartiality that introduces systematic error into the methodology and results of a study. Is the research method exposed to bias? Has randomization been used to reduce experiment bias?

What form of blinding or masking has been used to reduce experimental or observational bias? Inclusion and exclusion criteria are these appropriate and clearly stated? Can you identify any oversights that may affect the validity of the study?

Are the methods thorough?

A flawed methodology will undermine the validity of the results. Consider the following: Was the method and approach to the study appropriately diligent? Were processes consistent? Was follow up complete and consistent in each group? What outcome measures were used and were they appropriate? Are the statistical tools adopted suitable and correctly interpreted by the investigators? Have the authors made a power statement? What significance level has been used (P value)? Has the power of the study been stated, does it exceed 80%? Was a power analysis carried out? Was this before the study or post-Doc? Is the study sufficiently powered to eliminate errors? Do the data exhibit low variability? What is the effect size?

Results

Are the results clearly stated? Is the result statistically significant, i.e. is the P value less than 0.05 (is the null hypothesis rejected)? Remember to review supplementary graphs and tables and consider whether they are accurate and represent the data presented in the text.

Discussion and interpretation

Discuss the strengths and weaknesses of the study. Do the results support the conclusions? Often the conclusions will exceed the scope of the evidence base in the preceding paper. Consider the statistical significance vs. the clinical significance? Does the article acknowledge the relevant literature and other approaches? Before concluding, the authors will often include a discussion of the limitations of the study. Close attention should be paid to this to ensure a fair appraisal of the author's claims. Have the authors declared any conflicts of interest?

Clinical context

End your appraisal by assessing how the paper might change clinical practice. You might refer back to the clinical question that first drew you to the article.

Output

Having critically appraised and presented the article, consider whether your comments would be of interest to the publishing journal in the form of a letter to the editor. Particular points of merit, in addition to inconsistencies or statistical short fallings, are of interest to the journal, its readership and the author. Writing letters to the editor is a useful way to hone writing skills and, if accepted, are often published quickly and enhance Curriculum vitae. Often, the article may suggest areas for further research.

Reference- https://www.uab.edu/medicine/physci/uab-multidisciplinary-research-stewardship/step-by-step-approach-to-presenting-at-journal-club



Semester-III

Course Code: MPH303

Course Title: Discussion Presentation (Proposal Presentation)

Discussion presentation can be approached in this general format:

- Introduction
- Statement of Problem
- Rationale of Study
- Objectives of Study
- Conceptual Framework
- Research questions and Hypothesis
- Methodology
- Ethical Consideration
- Action Plan
- Annexure



Course Code: MPH304

Course Title: Research Work

All the students shall undertake a project under the supervision of a teacher in Semester III and submit a report. 4 copies of the project report shall be submitted (typed & bound copy not less than 75 pages). The internal and external examiner appointed by the University shall evaluate the project at the time of the Practical examinations of other semester(s). The projects shall be evaluated as per the criteria given below-

Evaluation of Dissertation Book:

Objective(s) of the work done	: 50 Marks		
Methodology adopted	: 150 Marks		
Results and Discussions	: 250 Marks		
Conclusions and Outcomes	: 50 Marks		

Total 500 Marks

Evaluation of Presentation:

Presentation of work- Presentation of work Quality of Power Point	Presentation	: 70 Marks : 30 Marks
Communication skills-		
Written		: 25 Marks
Verbal		: 25 Marks
Question and answer sl	cills	
Questions		: 50 Marks
Answers		: 50 Marks
	Total	250 Marks



AKS University

Faculty of Pharmaceutical Science & Technology Rajiv Gandhi Institute of Pharmacy Curriculum of M. Pharmacy (Pharmaceutics-MPH) Program (Revised as on 01 August 2023) Semester-IV

Course Code: MPH401

Course Title: Journal Club

Every journal club presentation can be approached in this general format:

Introduction

Explain the clinical question that prompted you to consult the literature and what drew you to the article.

Who wrote the paper?

Consider the title of the paper, the authors and their affiliated institution(s). Are there any outstanding features, e.g. a first study of its kind, a well-known author or institution? What is the impact factor of the journal? What is the circulation (i.e. regional, national or international) and who is the readership? Try to ignore the abstract initially. Reading the author's stated conclusions before forming your own ideas about the validity of the paper may influence your appraisal.

The hypothesis

What is the research question? Is it well constructed? Does it observe the four basic components (PICO) of a good research question? Population – who was studied? Intervention – what was the intervention tested? Control – what was the alternative that the intervention was compared to? Outcome – what was the nature of the outcome measured?

Appraise the evidence base

Read the key references and related papers. What is already known on the subject? Is this correctly presented? Is the hypothesis correct? Is the question relevant and important in the context of the existing literature? What does the study contribute to the existing literature? The introduction will usually contain a statement validating the content of the article by placing it in the context of the wider literature. For example, 'Intervention 'x' has been shown to show significant reduction in patient group 'y'. However, no studies to date have assessed the effect of 'x' in patients with a history of 'z'.'

Study design

Consider the following: The study type is it appropriate to the research question and the subject under investigation, e.g. randomized controlled trial, case control, meta-analysis, cross-sectional, descriptive? The study population Can the results of the study are translated to the general population? Is the patient group representative of the normal population? If not, is this addressed in the text? Randomization how are the participants allocated into the groups? Bias this refers to a flaw in impartiality that introduces systematic error into the methodology and results of a study. Is the research method exposed to bias? Has randomization been used to reduce experiment bias?

What form of blinding or masking has been used to reduce experimental or observational bias? Inclusion and exclusion criteria are these appropriate and clearly stated? Can you identify any oversights that may affect the validity of the study?

Are the methods thorough?

A flawed methodology will undermine the validity of the results. Consider the following: Was the method and approach to the study appropriately diligent? Were processes consistent? Was follow up complete and consistent in each group? What outcome measures were used and were they appropriate? Are the statistical tools adopted suitable and correctly interpreted by the investigators? Have the authors made a power statement? What significance level has been used (P value)? Has the power of the study been stated, does it exceed 80%? Was a power analysis carried out? Was this before the study or post-Doc? Is the study sufficiently powered to eliminate errors? Do the data exhibit low variability? What is the effect size?

Results

Are the results clearly stated? Is the result statistically significant, i.e. is the P value less than 0.05 (is the null hypothesis rejected)? Remember to review supplementary graphs and tables and consider whether they are accurate and represent the data presented in the text.

Discussion and interpretation

Discuss the strengths and weaknesses of the study. Do the results support the conclusions? Often the conclusions will exceed the scope of the evidence base in the preceding paper. Consider the statistical significance vs. the clinical significance? Does the article acknowledge the relevant literature and other approaches? Before concluding, the authors will often include a discussion of the limitations of the study. Close attention should be paid to this to ensure a fair appraisal of the author's claims. Have the authors declared any conflicts of interest?

Clinical context

End your appraisal by assessing how the paper might change clinical practice. You might refer back to the clinical question that first drew you to the article.

Output

Having critically appraised and presented the article, consider whether your comments would be of interest to the publishing journal in the form of a letter to the editor. Particular points of merit, in addition to inconsistencies or statistical short fallings, are of interest to the journal, its readership and the author. Writing letters to the editor is a useful way to hone writing skills and, if accepted, are often published quickly and enhance Curriculum vitae. Often, the article may suggest areas for further research.

Reference- https://www.uab.edu/medicine/physci/uab-multidisciplinary-research-stewardship/step-by-step-approach-to-presenting-at-journal-club



AKS University

Faculty of Pharmaceutical Science & Technology Rajiv Gandhi Institute of Pharmacy Curriculum of M. Pharmacy (Pharmaceutics-MPH) Program (Revised as on 01 August 2023) Semester-IV

Course Code: MPH402

Course Title: Research Work

All the students shall undertake a project under the supervision of a teacher in Semester IV and submit a report. 4 copies of the project report shall be submitted (typed & bound copy not less than 75 pages). The internal and external examiner appointed by the University shall evaluate the project at the time of the Practical examinations of other semester(s). The projects shall be evaluated as per the criteria given below-

Evaluation of Dissertation Book:

Objective(s) of the work done	: 50 Marks	
Methodology adopted	: 150 Marks	
Results and Discussions	: 250 Marks	
Conclusions and Outcomes	: 50 Marks	

Total 500 Marks

Evaluation of Presentation:

Presentation of work-		
Presentation of work		: 70 Marks
Quality of Power Point Presentation		: 30 Marks
Communication skills-		
Written		: 25 Marks
Verbal		: 25 Marks
Question and answer sk	cills-	
Questions		: 50 Marks
Answers		: 50 Marks
	Total	250 Marks



AKS University

Faculty of Pharmaceutical Science & Technology Rajiv Gandhi Institute of Pharmacy Curriculum of M. Pharmacy (Pharmaceutics-MPH) Program (Revised as on 01 August 2023) Semester-IV

Course Code: MPH403

Course Title: Discussion/ Final Presentation

Discussion presentation can be approached in this general format:

- Introduction
- Statement of Problem
- Rationale of Study
- Objectives of Study
- Conceptual Framework
- Research questions and Hypothesis
- Methodology
- Ethical Consideration
- Action Plan
- Annexures